Hamilton DIVISION OF UNITED AIRCRAFT CORPORATION Standard A®



FINAL REPORT

for the

VELOCITY CONTROL PROPULSION SUBSYSTEM

of the

RADIO ASTRONOMY EXPLORER SATELLITE

for

GODDARD SPACE FLIGHT CENTER

under

CONTRACT NO. NAS 5-11463

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NATIONAL TECHNICAL
INFORMATION SERVICE

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE SPRINGFIELD, VA. 22161

NASA-CR-132905) VELOCITY CONTACT PROPULSION SUESYSTEM OF THE RADIC ASTRONOMY EXPLORER SATELLITA FOR GODDARD SPACE FLIGHT CENTER Final (Hamilton Standard Div.) 317 p CSCL 21H

N74-15463

Unclas G3/23 27001

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

The Velocity Control Propulsion Subsystem (VCPS) was designed, manufactured and tested by Hamilton Standard under contract to Goddard Space Flight Center for use on the Radio Astronomical Explorer (RAE-B). The purpose of the VCPS is to provide the propulsion required for trajectory and lunar orbit corrections of the spacecraft. A GFE clamp assembly physically attaches the VCPS to the spacecraft and the unit is ejected after completing the required corrections. The VCPS is physically and functionally separated from the spacecraft except for the electrical and telemetry interfaces.

A GFE transtage provides the superstructure on which the VCPS is assembled. The subsystem consists of two 5 lb_f rocket engine assemblies (REAs), 4 propellant tanks, 2 latching valves, 2 fill and drain valves, a system filter, pressure transducer, gas and propellant manifolds and electrical heaters and thermostats. Figures 1 and 2 provide schematics of the fluid and electrical systems respectively. A series of photographs of the VCPS are presented in Appendix A to provide a visual reference of the unit.

The RAE-B VCPS program covered the design, manufacture and qualification of one subsystem. This subsystem was to be manufactured, subjected to qualification tests; and refurbished, if necessary, prior to flight. The VCPS design and test program precluded the need for refurbishing the subsystem and the unit was delivered to GSFC at the conclusion of the program described herein.

2.0 SUMMARY

The VCPS was acceptance tested per Hamilton Standard Plan of Test SVHS 5618 and met all test requirements. The unit was released for qualification testing on 24 March 1972.

Qualification testing was performed in accordance with Hamilton Standard Plan of Test SVHS 5619. Testing was grouped into structural, environmental and firing performance tests. Appropriate base point and monitoring tests were included before and after each significant test sequence. All testing was conducted at Hamilton Standard with the exception of Mass Properties, Acceleration and Thermal Verification; these tests were performed at GSFC, D. T. Brown and General Electric; respectively.

The qualification testing was completed on 18 August 1972. Two hardware discrepancies were encountered and successfully resolved during qualification program. The first involved an REA heater and was detected during the first electrical test when the REA/tank heater circuit gave an incorrect resistance reading. An analysis of the REA heater malfunction was performed, reference GSFC malfunction report #D02908, and as a result, all flight and flight spare heaters were replaced with new equipment manufactured in accordance with more stringent procedures to prevent a recurrence of the malfunction.

The second anomaly occurred during the thermal verification test conducted at General Electric, Valley Forge, Pennsylvania in its solar simulation chamber. The VCPS thermal control subsystem was unable to maintain the propellant tanks and line temperatures to specification requirements. Hamilton Standard subsequently modified the tank thermal analysis by incorporating the test results and changed the tank coating pattern as required to maintain a 45°F min. fuel temperature. The propellant line insulation was redesigned and the heater power changed to provide the required line temperatures. A thermal vacuum test of the VCPS verified the acceptability of these modifications.

Subsequent to the delivery of the VCPS, a need for modification of the gas manifold was established; a copy of the report on that hardware change is included in Appendix E.

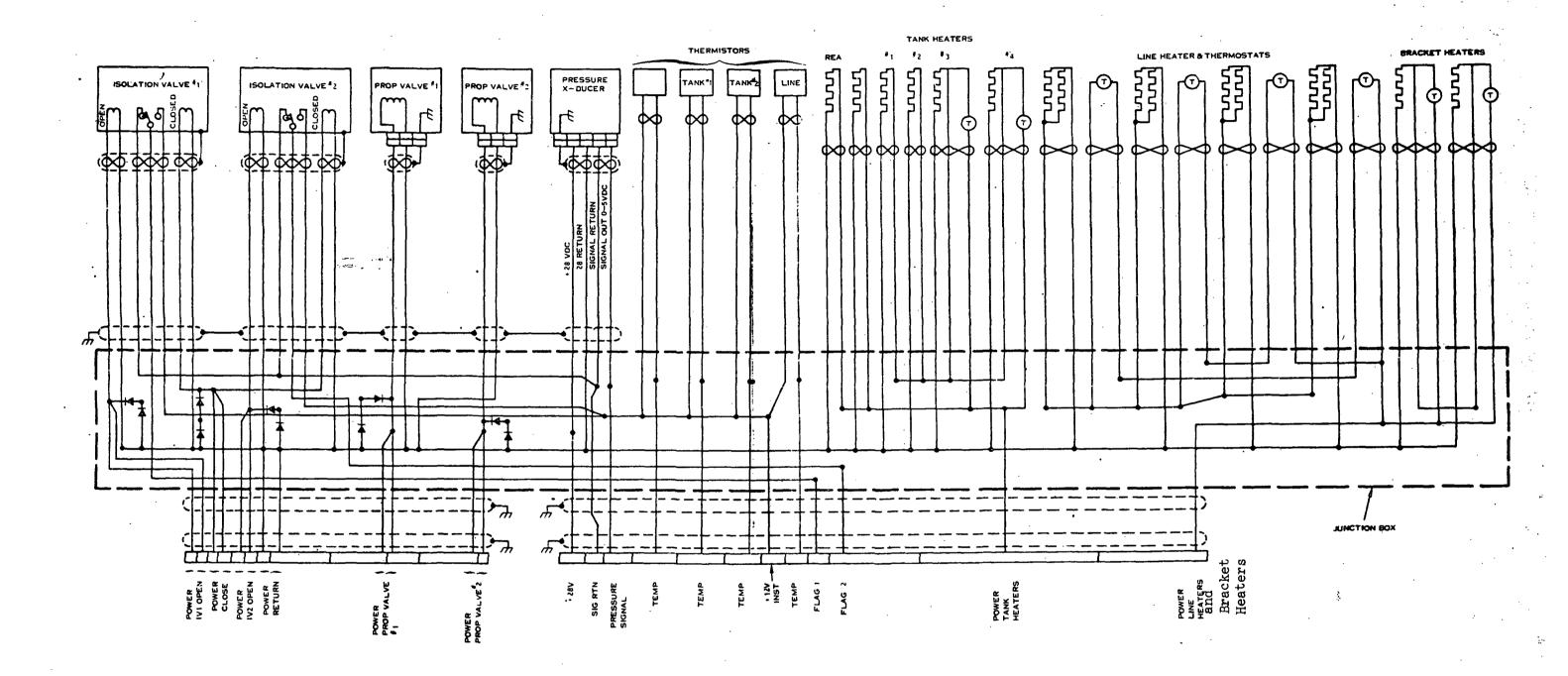


FIGURE 2. SUBSYSTEM ELECTRIC: SCHEMATIC

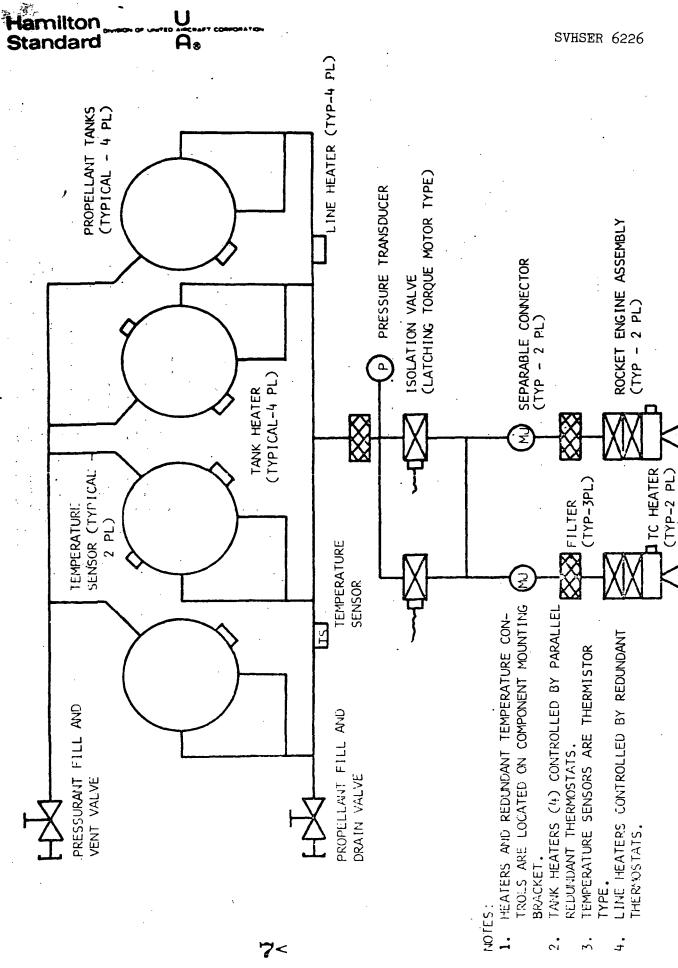


FIGURE 1

SVHSER 6226

3.0 ACCEPTANCE TEST

The VCPS acceptance test was designed to verify the proper assembly of the wiring harness, the operation of the electrical components and the leakage integrity of the manifold and the flow control valves. Testing was performed in accordance with Hamilton Standard Specification SVHS 5618.

After the VCPS was fully assembled and passivated, the acceptance test was started with a visual examination of the unit. The unit met all drawing requirements; some cosmetic defects were noted and repaired. The acceptance test was successfully completed on 3/18/72. Table 1 is a summarization of the Acceptance testing and shows the test sequence and provides a brief description of the test requirements and results.

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TABLE I

RAE-B VCPS ACCEPTANCE TEST SUMMARY

Test No.	Test Name	References SVHS5619 AT She Para. Page		Test Results
ı	Examination of Product	4.5.1 5	Visual Examination. Inspection of installation dimensions.	Unit passed visual examination. All dimensions within drawing requirements.
2	Electrical Check	4.5.2 6 - 27	Verify VCPS electrical interface.	All circuits demonstrated proper continuity and pin usage.
÷			Pressure Transducer PSIA Req'd Output (±.05 VDC) 100 1.61 ± .05 VDC 200 3.12 ± .05 VDC	Pressure Output 100 psia 1.59 VDC 200 psia 3.13 VDC
		·	REA & Latch Valves Determine baselinevalues for resistance, opening response and closing response.	300 psia 4.67 VDC Actual REA REA REA Latch Latch #1 #2 Resistance 41.6 ohms 47.5 ohms Opening 13 ms 15 ms 25 ms 25 ms Closing 38 ms 28 ms 26 ms 24 ms
			Thermistor Calibrate within 10% at ambient temperature.	Actual: Amb. temp. 70.8°F Tank #1 70.1°F Line 70°F Tank #2 70.1°F Bracket 70.1°F
			Heaters Circuit resistance within 5% of:	Actual:
			REA & Tank 20.5 ohms REA 72.0 ohms Bracket 36.0 ohms Line 144.0 ohms	21.0 ohms 74.4 ohms 34.8 ohms 144.2 ohms
3	Proof Pressure	4.5.4 29 - 3	Proof 450 psia min. Collapse 5 mm Hg max.	The VCPS fluid manifold and tanks suffered no permanent deformation after being subjected to 452 psia proof and 1.8 mm Hg collapse pressure.
4	Internal Leakage	4.5.5 32 - 3	8 scc/hr GN for sum of latching valves or thrust control valves.	Latching Valves 1.25 scc/hr Thrust Control Valves 0.4 scc/hr
5	External Leakage	4.5.6 35 - 4	Total VCPS external leakage shall not exceed 1 x 10 ⁻⁴ scc/sec He.	Actual: 4.7 x 10-6 scc/sec He
6	Dry Weight	4.5.3 28	VCPS dry weight less GFE shall not exceed 20.5 lbs	Actual: 19.257 lbs
7	Post Test Inspection	4.5.7 44	Review tests for compliance to specification requirements. Visual Examination	Unit met all acceptance test requirements. Unit passed visual examination.

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4.0 QUALIFICATION TEST

Qualification testing was conducted in accordance with Hamilton Standard specification SVHS5619 and appropriate operation sheets. An additional thermal vacuum test was run after the completion of the original sequence due to the out of specification conditions which occurred in the thermal verification test sequence 19. A sequential tabulation of the qualification test program is given in Table II. Each of the test sequences is summarized in Table III and a more detailed description of each test is provided in the following paragraphs.

TABLE II

RAE-B VCPS QUALIFICATION TEST SEQUENCE

	Test	Completion Date
1.	System Firing Base Point	3/25/72
2.	Decontamination and Contamination Check	3/25/72
3•	Internal Leakage	3/26/72
1.	External Leakage	3/27/72
4.	Electrical Check	3/28/72
5• 6•	Mass Properties	4/6/72
7.	Contamination Check Acceleration	4/6/72 4/11/72
8.		4/11/72
9.	Internal Leakage	4/13/72
9•	External Leakage	4/13/72
10.	Electrical Check	4/14/72
11.	Vibration	4/19/72
12.	Contamination Check	4/19/72
13.		4/20/72
14.		4/20/72
15.	<u> </u>	4/20/72
16.	Electrical	4/21/72
17.	External Leakage	4/22/72
18.	Visual Examination	4/22/72
19.	Thermal Verification	5/9/72
20.	Contamination Check	5/11/72
21.		5/19/72
22.		6/1/72
23.	Internal Leakage	6/1/72
. •	External Leakage	6/2/72
24.	Electrical Check	6/3/72
25.	<u> </u>	6/7/72
26.		6/9/72
27.		6/9/72
28.		6/10/72
29.	Extreme Temperature and Vacuum Firing	6/19/72
30.	Decontamination and Contamination Check	6/20/72
31.	Insulation Verification Contamination Check	7/28/72
32.		7/28/72 8/14/72
33· 34·	Internal Leakage	8/15/72
J++•	External Leakage	8/16/72
35.	Electrical Check	8/18/72
36 .	Post Test Inspection	8/23/72
J = •	7050 Tone 5000 and	0/25/12

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TABLE III

RAE-B VCPS QUALIFICATION TEST SUMMARY

Test Sequence	Test Name	Refer Spec. Para.	ences AT Sheet Pages	Specification Requirement	Test Results
1	System Firing Basepoint	4.3.1	1 - 6	Provide baseline performance impulse vs. time for VCPS.	See Sequence 26.
2	Decontamination and Contamination Check	4.3.2	7 - 11	Cleanliness Verification	
				Particle Size No. Allowable	Actual No.
	•			0 - 5 microns Unlimited 5 - 10 1200 10 - 25 200 25 - 50 50	- 25 4 2
				50 - 100	1 0 0
3	Leakage	4.3.3	12 - 25	Allowable internal leakage Sum of Latch Valves 8 scc/hr GN ₂	Sum of Latch Valves 0.4 scc/Hr GN
	·			Sum of Thrust Control Valves 8 scc/hr GN_2^2 External Leakage 1 x 10^{-4} scc/sec He	Sum of REAs 0.2 scc/hr GN_2^2 Total VCPS External Leakage 2.6 x 10 ⁻⁶ scc/sec He
14	Electrical	4.3.4	26 - 50	Pressure Transducer	
				PSIA Output Req'd	Pressure Output
				1.61 ± .05 VDC 200 3.12 ± .05 VDC 260 4.01 ± .05 VDC	101 psia 1.62 VDC 200 psia 3.12 VDC 258 psia 3.97 VDC
	·			Thermistor Calibrate to within 10% of amb. temp. Ambient 73.5°F	Actual Tank #1 73.5°F Line 74°F Tank #2 71°F Bracket 74°F
				Heaters Circuit resistance shall be:	Actual Resistance
				REA and Tank 20.5 ± 1 ohm REA 72 ± 3.6 ohms Bracket 36 ± 1.8 ohms Line 144 ± 7.2 ohms	20.8 ohms 73.8 ohms 35.0 ohms 143.0 ohms
				<u>Valves</u> Current and voltage traces of the latching and thrust control valves actuation shall exhibit standard characteristics.	Visual examination of valve traces showed no discrepancies.

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TABLE III (continued)

m		Refere		
Test Sequence	Test Name	Spec. Para.	AT Sheet Pages	Specification Requirement
5	Mass Properties	4.3.5	50 - 53	Center of Mass: ± 0.015 of 2 axis Static Balance: 20 oz-in max Dynamic Balance: 250 oz-in ² max
6	Contamination	4.3.2	54	Same as Sequence 2
7	Acceleration	4.3.6	55 - 57	Simultaneous application of 3 g's in the +X and 14.7 g's in the +Z 3 g's in the +Y and 14.7 g's in the +Z
8	Contamination	4.3.2	58 - 60	Same as Sequence 2.
9	Leakage	4.3.3	61 - 73	Same as Sequence 3.
10	Electrical	4.3.4	74 - 91	Same as Sequence 4.

Test Results

Testing performed at GSFC. Reference NASA GSFC Mass Properties Report Appendix E of this report.

Actual No. Particles

Test performed at D. T. Brown Resultant load 15 g's applied at 137.5 in at 62 RPM for 1 minute.

Actual No. Particles

Sum of Latching Valves: 1.4 scc/hr GN₂
Sum of REAs : 0.6 scc/hr GN₂
Total VCPS External : .15 x 10⁻⁴ scc/sec He

Pressure Transducer

Pressure	Output		
105 psia	1.67 VD0		
202 psia	3.16 VD0		
260 psia	3.99 VD0		

Thermistor:

Room Ambient	76°F		
Tank #1	75 ° F	Line	75.5°F
Tank #2	74°F	Bracket	75°F

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TABLE III (continued)

Test Sequence	Test Name	Refere Spec. Para.	AT Sheet Pages	Specification Requirement
11	Vibration	4.3.7	92 - 98	Vibration - See Appendix C for levels required and visual examination for structural damage.
12	Contamination	4.3.2	99 - 100	Same as Sequence 2.
	·			
13	Proof	4.3.8	102	450 ± 10 psia.
14	Internal Leakage	4.3.3	103 - 104	Same as Sequence 3
15	Engine Alignment	4.3.10	117 - 118	Each REA must be within ± 30 minutes of the spacecraft center of gravity location.
16	Electrical	4.3.4	119 - 136	Same as Sequence 4.

Test Results

REA and Tank: 20.8 ohms
REA 73.8 ohms
Bracket 34.75 ohms
Line 143.0 ohms

Visual examination of valve traces showed no discrepancies.

See Appendix C for control accelerometer plots. No structural damage noted.

Actual No. Particles

450 psia, visually examination showed no structural damage.

Sum of latching valves:

l scc/hr GN₂ max. Nil

Sum of REAs:

Actual misalignment:

REA #1 9.0 minutes max. REA #2 7.5 minutes max.

Pressure Transducer

Pressure	Output
101 psia	1.62 VDC
205 psia	3.20 VDC
258.4 psia	3.98 VDC

Thermistors: Ambient temperature 75°F

Tank 1 75°F Bracket 74.5°F

Tank 2 74.5°F Line 75°F

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TABLE III (continued)

		Refere	ences	
Test		Spec.	AT Sheet	
Sequence	<u>Test Name</u>	Para.	Pages	Specification Requirement
17	External Leakage			Total VCPS external leakage shall be 1 x 10 ⁻⁴ scc/sec He max.
18	Visual Examination			Visually examine the VCPS for physical damage.
19	Thermal Verification	4.3.11	137 - 145	No recorded VCPS temperature shall exceed the range of 45°F to 140°F.
			•	The VCPS tank electrical heaters shall not be required to actuate in the 2 hour cold case.
20	Contamination Check	4.3.2	•	Same as Sequence 2.
·			,	
21	Thermal Vacuum	4.3.12	146 - 155	 Temperature cycle the VCPS between 45°F and 140°F; 6 times; a) Thrust Control Valves - power drain shall not exceed 10 watts b) Latch Valve shall actuate as indicated by position switch c) A thermostates shall actuate between 55 ± 5°F and deactuate between 65 ± 5°F.

Test Results

Heater Res	<u>sistan</u>	ces	•
REA and	Tank	20.9	
REA		73.8	ohms
Bracket		34.9	ohms
Line		142.8	ohms

Visual examination of valve traces showed no discrepancies.

Actual .13 x 10^{-4} scc/sec He

No discrepancies were noted.

Propellant line temperatures were below 45°F in the 60° cruise condition.

Propellant line and tank temperatures were below 45°F in both 60° and 0° case.

The tank heater actuated in the 0° cold case.

Corrective action for this malfunction is detailed in the engineering report of Appendix D_{\bullet}

Actual No. Particles

a) Thrust Control Valve's average power:

REA #1		REA #2	
@ 45°F	1.38 watts	@ 45°F	1.38 watts
@ 140°F	1.17 watts	@ 140°F	1.17 watts

b) No discrepancies.

TABLE III (continued)

		Refer	rences				
Test Sequence	Test Name	Spec. Para.	AT Sheet Pages	Specification Require	ement		Test Results
	·						c) NOTE: (*) The recorded line and tank thermostat temperatures during the first three cycles were in error due to the time lag in the VCPS temperature duration.
·				;		l On Off O	2 3 <u>CYCLE</u> 5 6 n Off On Off On Off On Off
		• :	÷	•	Li ne Bracket Tank	(*) (*) (56 (*) 5 52.0 (*) 5	*) (*) 52.5 (*) 53 67.5 51.5 69.0 51.5 68 5.5 65.5 56.0 64.5 55.0 62.0 57.0 65.0 55.0 61.5 2.5 (*) 52.5 (*) 52.7 66.5 52.5 67 52.0 67
	· •						$^{ullet}_{ m F}$
22	Contamination Check	4.3.2	156 - 158	Same as Sequence 2.		to a second	Actual No. Particles
			i				2.0 1.0 0
							0 0 0
23	Leakage	4.3.3	159 - 171	Same as Sequence			Latching Valve - Nil Thrust Control - Nil Total VCPS External Leakage336 x 10 ⁻¹⁴
24	Electrical Check	4.3.4	172 - 189	Same as Sequence 4.			Pressure Transducer
		·	, ·		·	·	Pressure Cutput 100.3 psia 1.60 VDC 201.4 psia 3.14 VDC 261.7 psia 4.02 VDC
		. :		. •			Thermistor - Room Ambient Temp. 74.0°F Tank #1 73.5°F Bracket 73.5°F Tank #2 73°F Line 73.0°F
			<u>``</u>				Heater Circuit Resistance REA and Tank 20.8 Ohms REA 73.8 Ohms Bracket 34.7 Ohms
							Line 142.1 ohms

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TABLE III (continued)

Test .		Refer	ences AT Sheet		
Sequence	Test Name	Para.	Pages	Specification Requirement	Test Results
					Visual examination of valve traces showed no discrepancies.
25	Spin Firing	4.3.16	214 - 219	VCPS shall not exhibit any abnormal firing characteristics such as $P_{\rm c}$ discontinuities or roughness when compared to previous non-spinning firings.	Engine $P_{\rm c}$ and tank pressure traces were visually examined and found to be smooth and continuous.
26	System Firing Basepoint	4.3.1	190 - 195	Impulse delivered shall be within 5% of the Sequence 1 basepoint data.	Impulse delivered by VCPS in 2 minutes.
					Initial Tank Pressure 100 psia 260 psia Sequence #1 667 lb-sec 1413 lb-sec Sequence #26 653 lb-sec 1369 lb-sec Tolerance - 2.1 % - 3.1%
27	Wet Weight	4.3.13	198 - 199	VCPS wet weight shall not exceed 66 lbs. The propellant consumed during the mission profile test shall be determined.	VCPS weight 65.8 lbs. Propellant consumption 42.4 lbs
28	Mission Profile	4.3.14	200 - 205	The VCPS mission average I_{sp} shall be 220 sec. or greater.	Mission Average I _{sp} 225.6 sec.
29	Extreme Temperature and Vacuum Firing	4.3.15	206 - 213	Demonstrate thermal vacuum operation of the REAs at 140,000 ft. altitude min. and 45°F and 120°F.	Reference Figure 3 for impulse delivered by VCPS.
30	Decontamination and Contamination Check	4.3.2	220 - 223	Same as Sequence 2.	Actual No. Particles
					10 2 1 0 0
31	Propellant Line Insulation Verification Test	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Appendix #1 1 - 10	The VCPS propellant lines temperature shall not be less than 45°F.	Actual minimum line bemperature was 51°F. See Appendix B for full thermal report.
32	Contamination Check	e e t	Appendix #1 11 - 13	Same as Sequence 2.	Actual No. Particles
					8 3 1 1

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TABLE III (continued)

m+		Refere		
Test Sequence	Test Name	Spec. Para.	AT Sheet Pages	Specification Requirement
33	Alignment	4.3.10	Appendix #1 45 - 47	Same as Sequence 15.
34	Leakage	4.3.3	Appendix #1 14 - 26	Same as Sequence
35	Electrical Check	4.3.4	Appendix #1 27 - 44	Same as Sequence 4.
		,		Heater Circuit Resistance REA and Tank 20.7 ohms REA 71.6 ohms Bracket 34.6 ohms Line 36.0 ohms
36.	Post Test Inspection		Appendix #1 47	Review data for compliance to specification requirements. Visual inspection of VCPS.

Test Results

Actual	Misalignment
REA #1	12 minutes
REA #2	12 minutes

Internal Leakage Latching Valves

0.4 sec/hr GN₂ 0.7 sec/hr GN₂ Thrust Control Valve

External Leakage

Total VCPS

.5 x 10^{-6} scc/hr GN_2

Pressure Transducer Output 101.7 psia 1.61 VDC

203.0 psia 255.7 psia 3.17 VDC 3.94 VDC

Thermistor: Ambient Temperature 71.5°F Line 71.4°F Tank #2 71.5°F Bracket 71**°**F

Heater Circuit Resistance

REA and Tank	20.7 ohms
REA	71.6 ohms
Bracket	34.6 ohms
Line	35.7 ohms

Visual examination of valve traces showed no discrepancies.

All data conformed to specification requirements or was reviewed and found acceptable via MRA.

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4.1 System Firing Base Point, Sequence 1 and 28

The purpose of this test was to provide a firing base point for comparison of VCPS performance before and after the structural and environmental qualification tests.

Both sequences were performed at identical conditions in the H-5 vacuum test cell. The VCPS was loaded with 12 lbs of hydrazine and pressurized to 260 psia. The unit was fired for 2 minutes with an initial pressure of 260 psia and then refired for 2 minutes after venting the VCPS pressure to 100 psia. No test anomalies were encountered during either test sequence.

The following table shows the impulse delivered by the VCPS and each REA for each firing.

IMPULSE DELIVERED (1bs-sec) Sequence 1 Sequence 26 @ 260 psia @ 100 psia @ 260 psia @ 100 psia 667 1413 653 VCPS Total 1369 REA #1 333 707 330 689 REA #2 334 706 323 680

Impulse delivered by the system was repeated within 3.2% of the initial base point after being subjected to test sequences 2 thru 25. This repeatibility is considered excellent and demonstrates that the VCPS performance capabilities were unaffected by the structural and environmental testing.

4.2 Decontamination and Contamination Check, Sequence 2, 8, 12, 20, 22, 30 and 32

The VCPS was decontaminated after each test sequence in which the unit was loaded with hydrazine or referee fluid. Contamination checks were made after each decontamination check and after major structural and environmental tests and prior to delivery.

The purpose of the decontamination procedure was to assure the complete removal of hydrazine propellant from the system. This was done by gravity draining the residual hydrazine and flushing the VCPS with high purity water. The water is then drained and removed by an IPA flush and vacuum drying of the system.

A contamination check was made during the IPA flushing sequence by withdrawing an effluent sample and performing a particulate count on the sample. Each contamination check made during the qualification test was found to be well within the allowable CE-5 cleanliness level.

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4.2 continued

CE-5 Cleanliness Level							
Part:	icle Size	Allowable	Count				
0 -	5 Micron	Unlimited					
5 =	10	1200					
10 -	25	200					
25 -	50	50					
50 -	100	5					
	100	0					
	50 Met alli c	0					

4.3 Leakage, Sequence 3, 9, 14, 17, 23

Internal leakage test was performed after various environmental tests to verify the leakage rate between the propellant source and the thrust chamber. Four internal leakage measurements were made during each sequence:

- 1. the sum of the latching valve leakage at 300 psia
- 2. the sum of the latching valves leakage at 15 psia
- 3. the REA #1 thrust control valve at 300 psia
- 4. the REA #2 thrust control valve at 300 psia

The internal leakage rates were measured by pressurizing the VCPS, as required, with the appropriate valves closed and collecting the gaseous nitrogen leakage via the water displacement method. The external leakage was measured by the mass spectrometer method with the unit pressurized to 300 psia $\rm GH_{e}$.

The following table shows the allowable leakage rates compared to the maximum values exhibited during any of the test sequences.

Leakage Check	Allowable	Maximum Recorded	Sequence
Internal Sum of Latching Valves Sum of REAs	8 scc/hr GN ₂ 8 scc/hr GN ₂	1.4 scc .6 scc	. 9 9
External Leakage	lx10 ^{-l} scc/	3.4x10 ⁻⁵	23

4.4 Electrical Check, Sequence 4, 10, 16, 24, 35

The purpose of the electrical check was to verify the nominal operation of each electrical component by a functional check at appropriate intervals throughout the qualification test. Included in the test are functional checks of the REA valves, latching valves, pressure transducer, electrical heaters, thermostats and thermistors.

4.4 continued

All the electrical components checked out properly throughout the qualification test except the REA heater. During the first electrical check, sequence 4, an REA heater was found to be defective. The defective unit was removed and replaced with a spare heater. The malfunction analysis of the REA heaters is covered in RDR #02908 in Appendix B. As a result of the investigation, heater manufacturing procedures were revised and all REA heaters were replaced with new units made to the revised procedures.

Test Sequence 35 shows a line heater circuit resistance of 36 ohms compared to 144 in previous tests, this change reflects the line heater wiring change from series to parallel heating elements, required as a result of the propellant line temperature problem.

4.5 Mass Properties

Sequence 5

This test was performed at the NASA facility at GSFC. The NASA provided test report is included in Appendix D. During the mass properties testing it was found that the balance of the VCPS could be varied by the propellant filling rate. The proper fill rate will subsequently be determined by GSFC after delivery of the unit.

4.6 Acceleration

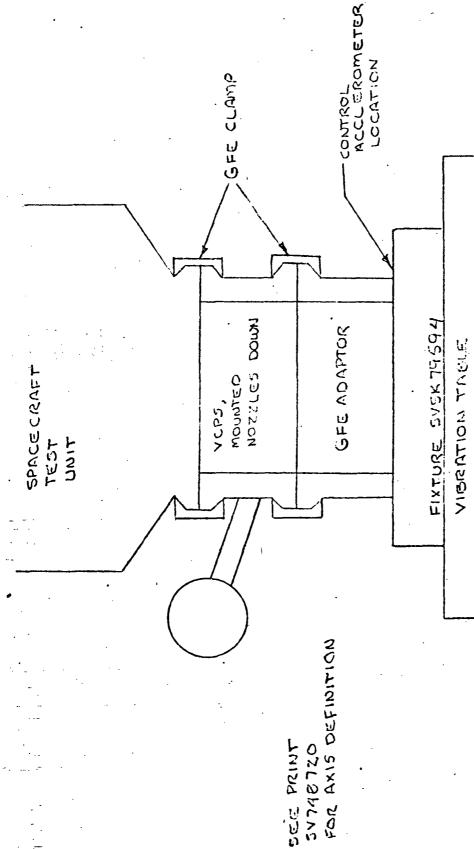
Sequence 7

Acceleration testing was conducted at D. T. Brown test facility. The VCPS contained high purity water and was pressurized to 250 psia. The mounting fixture was designed to provide 3 g's in the X or Y axis while applying 1^{L} .7 g's simultaneously in the Z axis. Two one minute runs were made accelerating the unit in the +X, +Z and +Y +Z axes. The acceleration parameters were: arm length - 137.5 inches, 62 RPM with a resultant load of 15 g's. All test parameters were within specification.

4.7 Vibration

Sequence 11

The purpose of the vibration test was to demonstrate that the VCPS and GFE transtage could structurally withstand and successfully operate after being subjected to the required vibration levels. Since the transtage hub was to be tested at the same time as the VCPS, GSFC provided Hamilton Standard with a mass simulating spacecraft and the personnel to assemble the system. The VCPS/spacecraft assembly was tested as a unit during the sinusoidal vibration below 200 Hz and for the entire random input. The spacecraft was removed for sinusoidal inputs above 200 Hz. The VCPS was fully loaded with high purity water and pressurized to 245 psia. Figure 3 shows the test set up and Table 4 provides a listing of the recording accelerometers used. The test engineering report including the control input level plots are provided in Appendix C.



VIBRATION TEST SETUP

FIGURE 3

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TABLE 4

Table:	ΓΛ	VIBRATION INPUT AXIS	VIBRATION INPUT AXIS
ACCELEROMETER LOCATIONS	X	7	2
Fixture (Control)	X, Y, Z	х, х, х	X, Y, Z
Spacecraft C.G.	Х, У	Х, У	х, х
REA Mount	×	**	2
Tank Mount	×	X	. Z
Latch Valve Mount			2
Junction Box Mount			2
Pressure Transducer		,	2
<pre>Hub (Inside, near arm bracket mount)</pre>	×	¥	7



4.8 Proof Pressure

Sequence 13

The purpose of the proof pressure test was to verify the integrity of the VCPS tanks and manifold after the structural qualification test sequences. The VCPS was pressurized to 450 psia for 2 minutes. No visual damage was incurred by the VCPS and the unit passed all subsequent leakage tests.

4.9 Engine Alignment

Sequence 15 & 33

The REAs were initially aligned during the VCPS assembly. The alignment tests were performed after the structural qualification test and after the firing test prior to shipment. Auto collimators and optical targets were used to initially align and subsequently check the alignment of the REAs to within ± 30' from the theoretical VCPS C.G. The test values in all cases fell between 7.5 and 13 minutes from the C.G.

4.10 <u>Visual Examination</u>

Sequence 18

At the completion of the structural qualification tests the VCPS was thoroughly examined by Hamilton Inspection personnel for any damage which may have been incurred. No damage was noted.

4.11 Thermal Verification

Sequence 19

The purpose of the thermal verification test was to demonstrate the capability of the VCPS thermal design to maintain the propellant system within the temperature range of 45°F to 140°F, under solar simulated flight conditions. Testing was performed at General Electric's test facility in Valley Forge, Pennsylvania.

The VCPS was instrumented throughout with non-flight thermocouples, loaded with 6 lbs of referee fluid and pressurized to 100 psia. Figure 4 shows the spacecraft/VCPS sun angle relationship. The spacecraft/VCPS was mounted on a spin fixutre which was capable of rotating the system to achieve sun angles of 120° (warm cruise) and 60° (cold cruise), while spinning at 55 rpm. The zero degree sun angle was achieved by turning of the solar simulator. Although the problems associated with the use of thermocouples readout through a slip ring greatly reduced the amount of useful data achieved, it was evident that the VCPS was unable to maintain propellant lines and tanks pressure above freezing during the 60° and 0° sun angle modes. The following table briefly summarizes and compares the test results to the expected temperatures.

4.11 continued

	Sun Angle						
Thermocouple	120°		.6	0°	0°		
Location	Predicted	Actual	Predicted	Actual	Predicted	Actual	
Propellant Tank Outlet	82°F	84°F	112°F	72°F	67°F	10°F	
Bracket Area	ALL READ	INGS WER	E WITHIN SP	ECIFICAT	CION		
Propellant Line	N/A	101°F	55°F	42°F	48°F	10°F	

This problem and the subsequent corrective action, as agreed to by Hamilton Standard and GSFC is documented in GSFC Malfunction Report D02909 ref. Appendix B. A detailed description of the subsequent thermal analysis and verification test is provided in the engineering report included as Appendix

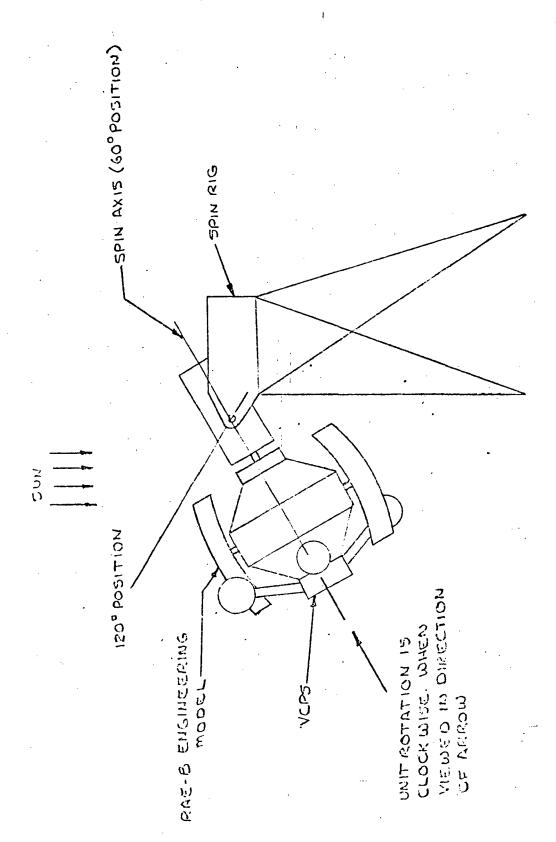
4.12 Thermal Vacuum

Sequence 21

The purpose of this thermal vacuum test was to demonstrate the operation of the VCPS components, except engine firing, at the specified temperature extremes of $45^{\circ}F$ and $140^{\circ}F$. This testing was performed in Hamilton Standard's 10 ft. x 10 ft. thermal vacuum chamber. The VCPS was loaded with referee fluid and pressurized to 250 psia for the testing.

The unit was subjected to six (6) temperature cycles between the temperature limits with a 2 hour hold period at each extreme. The operation of each component was checked during each temperature hold and the electrical heaters and thermostats operation was tested on each cycle. All components demonstrated satisfactory operation.

Two test conditioning problems were encountered during the thermal vacuum testing. First, some difficulty in maintaining the required 1×10^{-5} torr pressure was encountered. The chamber pressure slipped up to 1.5×10^{-5} torr for two short periods during the 48 hour test. The second problem involved the rate of temperature cycling. The rate of temperature change during the first three cycles was too fast causing a temperature distribution within the VCPS because of what appeared to be improper thermostat activation. During the last three temperature cycles the cycling rate was sufficiently slow to allow the proper recording of the thermostat temperatures.



4.13 Spin Firing

Sequence 25

The spin firing test was conducted to demonstrate that the engine thrust and tank blowdown characteristics are not affected by the vehicle spin rate.

Testing was performed in the H-4 firing cell at ambient temperature and pressure. The VCPS was loaded with 45 lbs of hydrazine and pressurized to 245 psia. REA chamber pressure and the VCPS pressure transducer were recorded via a slip ring during each firing. Two firings of 2 minutes each were conducted at 55 \pm 5 rpm and 12 \pm 2 rpm for a total of 8 minutes firing time. Visual examination and comparison of the REA $P_{\rm C}$ and tank pressure traces show the traces to be smooth, continuous and typical of non-spin firing traces.

4.14 Wet Weight

Sequence 27

The purpose of the wet weight test was to determine the mass of propellant consumed during the mission profile test. In order to achieve the accuracy required to provide significant data, a balance scale was built into the firing cell for this test.

Dry Weight	45.65 lbs
Propellant Loaded	+45.20
Gas	+ .42
Total Wet Weight	91.27

Less Weight of VCPS after Mission Profile

48.87

Propellant Consumed

42.4 lbs.

4.15 Mission Profile

Sequence 28

The purpose of the mission profile test was to subject the VCPS to a typical mission firing sequence and verify the average specific impulse for that mission. The system was initially loaded with 45.2 lbs of $N_2H_{\mbox{\sc h}}$ pressurized to 245.5 psia. Testing was conducted in the H-5 firing cell with the initial chamber pressure at 100,000 ft. minimum. Four (4) firings were performed with firing time based on the engine performance required to provide impulse of 7253, 770, 1377 and 151 lbs/second respectively. No test anomalies were encountered. The test result for the mission profile are summarized in the following table.

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4.15 continued

	Initial Con	ditions						
	Tank Press.	REA Temp.	Firing Time		Delivered Impulse	Mission I _{sp}		
1 2 3 4	245.5 psia 123 psia 112 psia 100 psia	68°F 87°F 93°F 94°F	870 sec 114 sec 222 sec 24 sec		7356 lb-sec 726 lb-sec 1312 lb-sec 125 lb-sec			
TC	LATC		1230 sec	:	9519 lb-sec	225.6 secs		

4.16 Extreme Temperature and Vacuum Firing Sequence 29

The purpose of this testing was to provide firing data for temperature performance prediction and to demonstrate the operation of the REA in thermal vacuum environment. Testing was conducted in the H-5 firing cell with the chamber initially evacuated to 140,000 feet min. prior to each firing. The VCPS was installed loaded with 45 lbs. of propellant and pressurized to 245 psia.

Temperature conditioning was accomplished by preconditioning the VCPS and propellant prior to loading the system and evacuating the cell. The VCPS was then loaded with conditioned fuel and the VCPS temperature was maintained by conditioning the transtage mounting block while slowly evacuating the test cell. For the 40° firing, the firing cell had to be backfilled with dry GN₂ to prevent condensed moisture from freezing on the unit as the cell was evacuated.

The following table outlines the test conditions and results of the thermal vacuum firing test.

Run	VCPS Bracket Temp.	Propellant/Tank Temp.	REA Temp.	Initial Tank Pressure	Run Time (mins.)	Impulse REA #1	Delivere REA #2	d (lb-sec) Total
1	145°F	136°F	125°F	242 psia	2	624	630	1254
2	70°F	80°F	60°F	180 psia	2	502	507	1009
3	42°F	45°F	50°F	143 psia	2	428	431	859
4	143°F	125°F	136°F	163 psia	2	471	476	947
5	60°F	75°F	60°F	132 psia	2	402	405	807
6	40°F	45°F	40°F	ll2 psia	2	365	364	729

4.17 Propellant Line Insulation Verification Test

Sequence 31

The testing was performed in addition to the original qualification test program as a result of the malfunction of the VCPS during the thermal verification test, sequence 19. The purpose of the testing was to verify the selection of the proper insulation thermal characteristics, demonstrate the acceptability of the insulation assembly procedure, and to provide the data necessary for the thermal model to generate the space/flight temperatures.

The test was conducted at Hamilton Standard in the 10 ft. x 10 ft. thermal vacuum chamber. Test conditions were set to simulate worst case conditions by having zero sun input and controlling the line interfaces, hub and tanks, to minimum expected temperatures. Three thermal modes were tested. First, the VCPS was allowed to reach steady state with 12 VDC input to the line heaters. Secondly, heater input was then increased to 13.8 VDC until steady state was achieved. Finally, the heaters were deactivated and the VCPS temperatures were monitored during a 2 hour cool down.

The test results showed that the propellant line temperatures were maintained above freezing even in this worst case test and that the minimum expected line temperature under flight conditions is 51°F. A detailed description of this testing and the results of the subsequent thermal analysis is provided in the engineering report in Appendix E of this report.

4.18 Post Test Inspection

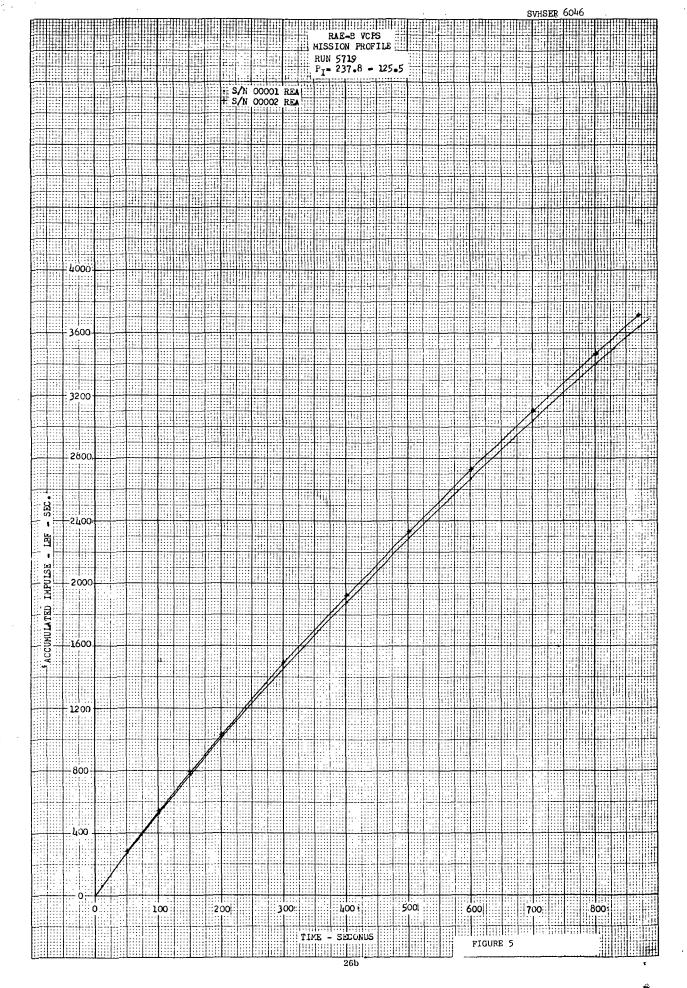
Sequence 36

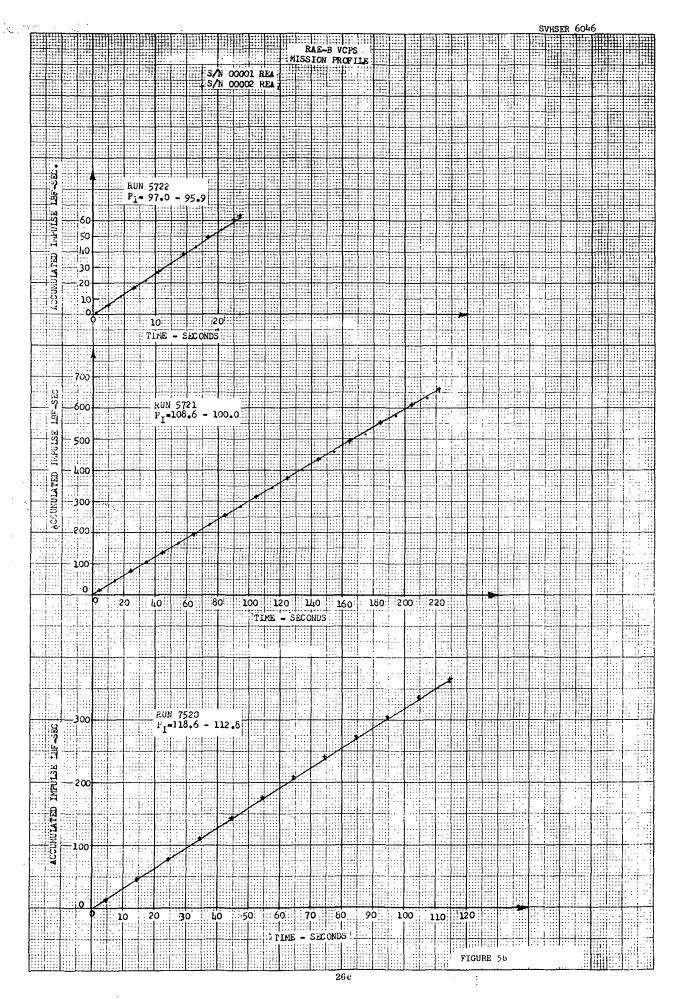
This test sequence included a final visual examination of the VCPS by HS Inspection and DCASO personnel and a complete review of the test data for compliance to the specified requirements.

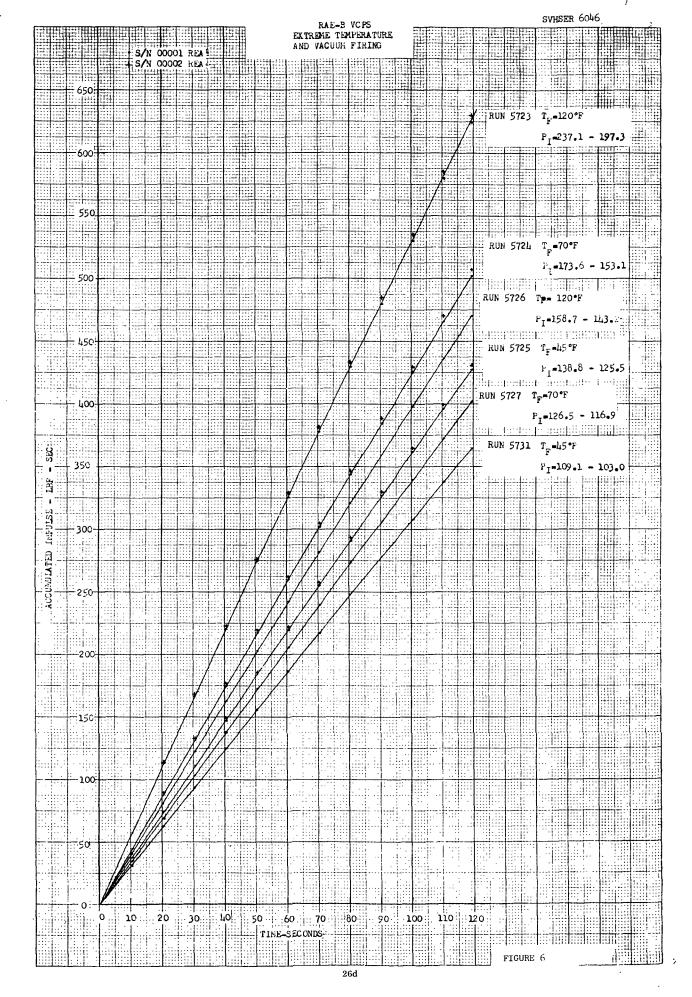
The visual examination revealed no major discrepancies although some minor cosmetic flaws were noted. These were repaired by simple cleaning or in the case of the gold surfaces, the flaws were covered by vapor deposited gold kapton tape. The test data was reviewed and found to be compliant with the specified requirements.



5.0 TANK THERMAL ANALYSIS AND PROPELLANT LINE THERMAL ANALYSIS







Hamilton U UNITED AIRCHAFT CORPORATION A Standard A &

RAE-B VCPS

TANK THERMAL ANALYSIS REPORT

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

The intent of this report is to document the thermal analysis effort relative to the VCPS tanks conducted since the thermal verification test of May 1972. The pretest analysis and test results are included along with subsequent analyses which served to correlate the thermal model and provide definition of the tank coating changes required for operation within specification limits.

2.0 SUMMARY

The solar thermal verification test showed a large discrepancy between the pre-test tank temperature predictions and the actual test results. A large predicted thermal gradient across the tank failed to materialize and the cooldown rate during the 2 hour transient dark period exceeded the predicted rate by a large amount resulting in temperatures far below the specification minimum. Subsequent analyses have produced a thermal model which duplicates the test results. The original discrepancy has been found to be a combination of oversimplified thermal modeling together with factors unique to the test setup and solar lamps. The mission thermal analysis has been redone using the improved thermal model with the result that 56% of the Black Paint stripe on each tank must be taped over with vapor deposited gold to insure satisfactory operation in space.

3.0 DISCUSSION

3.1 Requirements

The VCPS specification S-723-P-19 requires that tank propellant temperatures remain between 45°F and 140°F with the additional requirement that the tank heaters not turn on; implying that the minimum tank temperature allowable is 50°F at the tank outlet. These criteria must be met over environmental variations characterized by two extremes, hereafter referred to as "HOT CASE" and "COLD CASE" defined as follows:

HOT CASE

Steady state cruise at 120° spin axis inclination (to the solar vector) followed by a 2 hour transient period at 180° inclination with minimum fuel load in the tanks of 6 lbs N_2H_4 , total.

COLD CASE

Steady state cruise at 60° spin axis inclination followed by a 2 hour transient period at 0° inclination with minimum fuel load of 6 lbs NoN4, total.

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3.2 Thermal Design Philosophy

The principal thermal design objective was to establish a passive thermal control coating system which would minimize the difference in propellant temperature between the hot case and cold case cruise conditions so that the subsequent full sun and dark transients would not yield out of spec temperature excursions. This required that the effective solar absorbtance of the tank be higher for the cold case than for the hot case to compensate for the difference in solar projected area (incident solar flux) between the 1200 and 600 spin axis angles. Another requirement was to provide a low overall emittance to minimize the OO spin axis cooldown rate while maintaining the proper % ratio for cruise operation. The coating arrangement selected was vapor deposited gold (Vacuum Metallizing Corp.) with a stripe of black paint applied to the upper (+Z) half of the tank to reduce the overall \(\frac{1}{2} \) to the desired value (2.2) and simultaneously, by its placement, effect a higher absorptance in the 60° spin axis attitude. Figure 1 shows the tank stripe orientation relative to the solar vector at the 60° and 120° spin angle. Vapor deposited aluminum would have been a more desireable coating, since worried about a possible corrosion problem involving aluminum and the tank material. Figure 2 shows the solar projected area of the black paint stripe in its original configuration as a function of spin angle inclination. The effective solar absorbtance of the tank with this stripe configuration is .412 at the 60° spin angle and .30 at the 1200 spin angle.

3.3 Thermal Design Analysis

The original thermal design analysis was accomplished using the VCPS system thermal model which contains three tank nodes with associated vehicle and VCPS connectors. This model, the tank portion of which is shown in Figure 3, was input to HSD's general heat transfer computer program and run on the IBM 370-165 computer. A significant portion of the information required to set up this model was supplied by NASA/GSFC early in the design. These data, Table I, included the solar projected area of the tanks, arms and transtage, the view factors from the tanks to space and nearby vehicle surfaces, the temperatures of nearby spacecraft surfaces, and the emittance and solar absorbtance of all system external surfaces. Since the tank model has three nodes, it was necessary to aportion the NASA/GSFC supplied solar inputs amont the three equal surface area nodes. This was accomplished approximately through the use of the GSFC shadow photographs and hand calculations. The resulting solar projected area of the three nodes for the hot and cold cases is shown below:



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3.3 (continued)

Solar Projected Area (4 tanks) \sim FT²

	HOT CASE			ASE
Spin Angle Solar Ap	120°	1800	60°	oo
Nodes 1	.5076	•633	•547	0
2	.4804 .384	•916	·394	0
3	• 504	. 633	.122	0

It should be noted that the solar input is much more evenly distributed in the 120° spin axis case than in the 60° spin axis case where the input to the outboard tank node is considerably higher than that to the other nodes. The increase shadowing corresponding to the 60° spin angle intercepts the inboard areas of the tanks.

3.3.1 Pre-Test Predictions

Hot case and cold case temperature predictions were made after the VCPS had received the vapor deposited gold coating and the black tank stripe had been applied. The analysis was performed for space operation (as opposed to test chamber conditions which were not known at the time) with the intent of adjusting the model after the test to interpret the data at test conditions. Since the test was planned not to include the hot transient condition (180° spin angle) the predictions presented below omit this case. The predictions are based on a solar constant of 442 BTU/FT2-HR, 0°R radiation sink and the spec minimum fuel load of 6 lbs NoH4 (1.5 lbs per tank).

PREDICTED TEMPERATURES OF

		NODE	
Case	Tank 1	Tank 2	Tank 3
Cold Case Cruise (60° spin angle)	112	88	32
Cold Case Transient (0° spin angle, 2 hrs)	67	-4	-13
Hot Case Cruise (120° spin angle)	82	85	79

The most significant aspect of these predictions was the large temperature gradient between the outlet (fuel) end of the tank (NODE "Tank 1") and the opposite end ("Tank 3") for cold case cruise. The clarity afforded by hindsight would suggest that transport mechanisms within the tank tending to relax this favorable temperature gradient should have been added to the model at that point since the absence of the gradient at the design "/s would have resulted in excessively low fuel temperatures during the transient (0° spin angle) condition. This was not apparent at the time.

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3.4 Test Conditions and Operation

The test was conducted in the General Electric Co. solar simulator at Valley Forge Space Center, King of Prussia, Pa. The VCPS was mounted to a GSFC supplied engineering model of the spacecraft, which was in turn coupled at the $\pm Z$ end of the spin fixture. The combination was rotated at 55 RPM during the test and was processed from the initial 120° spin axis inclination (hot case), after equilibrium was achieved, to the 60° attitude (cold case cruise). At the latter spin angle, the spacecraft Z axis was at 30° to the horizontal (the solar source is reflected from ceiling mounted mirrors). The tanks contained 5.3 lbs of isopropyl alcohol which was added to the 1 lb of water already in the system (but probably not in the tanks). The intent was that the tanks contain 6.3 lbs of alcohol-water mixture to match the thermal mass of 6 lbs of N_2H_4 . After equilibrium was achieved at the 60° spin angle, the solar source was turned off for 2 hours to simulate the transient condition at 0° spin angle.

A considerable amount of difficulty was encountered with thermoccuple data errors generated by the slip ring temperature gradients. Fortunately the flight thermistors were utilized in the test providing very accurate tank temperatures at the outlet end and the means for correcting thermocouple data taken elsewhere on the tanks. The tank meridian thermocouple (NODE "Tank 2") failed early in the test.

The test conditions are summarized below:

Cold Wall Temperature Tank Pressure	118 w/ft ² -270°F 100 psia 5.3 lbm isopropyl alcohol
Vacuum	9.5 x 10-7 torr 55

3.5 <u>Test Results</u>

Table II shows the tank temperatures from the various test conditions compared to the pre-test predictions. The data shows two significant discrepancies when compared to the predictions:

The predicted temperature gradient was absent (the test data temperatures are roughly equal to the average value of the three predicted temperatures).

The cooldown rate during the 2 hour dark transient was far greater than predicted.



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3.5 (continued)

Both discrepancies suggest the presence of some type of transport phenomena "shorting" the three tank nodes together, evening out the gradient and increasing the heat loss during the transient by distributing the stored heat of the liquid in NODE "Tank 1" over the entire tank surface.

3.6 Data Analysis

The post test analysis had the following major objectives:

- 1) Review the thermal model for errors and oversimplifications which may have contributed to inaccurate predictions.
- 2) Investigate the test conditions for phenomena peculiar to the test which will not occur in space.
- 3) Produce a thermal model which duplicates test results.
- 4) Replace "test conditions" with "space conditions" in the model and determine coating changes required for satisfactory thermal performance in space.

Prior to going into the details of converting the model to the G.E. test conditions, some runs were made using the space model with the following changes:

Run "A" - All 3 tank nodes were thermally shorted together and the cold case rerun. The results (Table III) agree far better with respect to cooldown rate and cold case temperature distribution than do the original predictions. A re-evaluation of the model calculations failed to reveal any errors other than failure to predict the thermal coupling of the 3 tank nodes. At this point, the various possible internal transport mechanisms where listed, evaluated, and added to the model if found significant:

1. Internal Radiation Among Tank Nodes and Fuel Puddle - A radiation network linking the 3 tank nodes (the fuel puddle is lumped into "Tank 1") and the tank attachment (NODE "ARM") was set up using 0.8 for the internal emittance. The effect of tank radiation alone is significant (Run B, Table III) and the conclusion must be drawn that it should have been in the model from the beginning. The coupling afforded by radiation alone, however, is insufficient to explain the test results.

3.6 (continued)

- 2. Natural Convection in the Pressurant Gas The presence of a large radial acceleration in the tanks (2.3 g's at 55 RPM) and a high pressurant density (100 psi N₂) produces significant convective coefficients between the warm end (NODE Tank 1) and colder tank areas. Convective coefficients were estimated treating the internal geometry as parallel plates with appropriate separation. Both horizontal and vertical plates were calculated reasoning that the tank geometry would produce convective coefficients somewhere between those two extremes. Figure 4 is a plot of the convective coefficients vs. tank delta T. These were added to the model along with the radiation (Run "C" Table III). These results show further improvement in the direction of matching the test data, but not to the degree of Run "A" (complete thermal short of the 3 tank nodes).
- 3. Mass Transfer (Diffusion) Diffusion rates for alcohol through nitrogen were calculated to assess the relative importance of evaporation from the fuel puddle and subsequent condensation on colder areas of the tank. Calculated mass transfer rates were found to be negligible.
- 4. Fuel Sloshing During the test, the orientation of the tanks was such that a ±1.0 g oscillatory side loading was applied to the fuel puddle along with the constant 2.3 g radial acceleration normal to the puddle surface. An estimate of slosh natural frequency gave a value of 2 hz. Since the system was spinning at 1 hz, and the unamplified response of the puddle to the ±1.0g would include an angle of 30° about the normal axis of the puddle, the proximity of the slosh exitation to the natural frequency suggests that the fuel was probably sloshing all over the inside of the tank during the test. This has been modeled as run "A" Table III.

The conclusion drawn from these preliminary runs, "A" through "C", is that sloshing probably isothermalized the tank during the test although as run "C" suggests, the data would have been nearly the same without sloshing due to radiation and convection. Sloshing will be precluded in space, but the radiation and convection effects were left in the model for later predictions of space temperatures with new tank coating distributions in the cold case. If the natural convection values utilized in the model are excessive, this will tend to make the resulting design conservative. The natural convection was not added to subsequent hot case runs because leaving it out is conservative.

At this stage in the analysis, the G.E. test conditions were added to the model. These changes consisted of the following:

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3.6 (continued)

- 1. Changing the radiation sink temperature to -270°F, the measured cold wall temperature plus 30°C to provide a realistic effective value of -215°F.
- 2. Changing solar flux from 129 w/ft² to 118 w/ft² with 3% added to account for chamber reflections.
- 3. Adjusting absorbtance of the vapor deposited gold tank coating to account for the deviation of the G.E. solar lamp spectrum from the solar spectrum. The data below was generated by GSFC from tank coating samples provided by HSD and the G.E. lamp spectrum:

Tank Sample #	GE	Solar
s/n 002	.172	.219
s/n 011	.200	.258

4. Altering the paddle and spacecraft skin cooldown rate to correspond to cutting off the solar source during the 2 hour transient dark period from the GSFC provided cooldown rates which reflected a precession to a OO spin angle.

COLD CASE COOLDOWN RATES

60° CRUISE	TEMP OF	TEMP. AT END OF 2 HR TRANSIENT
Space	Paddle = 32°F, Skin = 50°F	Paddle = 23° F, Skin = -60° F
Solar Sim Test		Paddle = -200° F, Skin = -200° F

With these changes, the model was run for both the hot and cold test conditions. The results showed computed cruise temperatures, especially in the hot case, to be significantly below the test results when using the higher of the two sets of absorbtance values in item 3 above. In order to force correlation of the model with the test results, the solar projected area of the tanks was increased by 5% in the cold case and 15% in the hot case. The original and final solar projected areas for the 3 tank nodes are given below:

Node		120°	Tanl 600	120 ⁰	Tank 60 ⁰	3 120 ⁰
Orig Ap	•547	.5076	•394	.4804	.122	.384
Final Ap	•573	.582	•413	.551	.128	.440

3.6 (continued)

This adjustment can be justified physically in terms of including in the model the additional solar input of reflected sunlight from the spacecraft and paddles. The reflected solar flux was not included in the tank model input originally. A comparison of the adjusted model output with test temperatures is given by Run D, Table III.

3.7 <u>Coating Modification Analysis</u>

Having matched the test data with the adjusted model, the inputs were changed to space conditions:

- 1) Solar constant = 430 ETU/ft² hr (125) w/ft²
- 2) Sink temp. = -460° F
- 3) Tank gold absorbtance from .200 to .258
- 4) Slosh connectors removed
- 5) Natural convection connectors removed for hot case runs (left in for cold case)
- 6) Fuel load thermal mass was changed to 6 lbs of NoHL

A nodal diagram of this model configuration is given by Figure 5. A cold case run was made to determine what would happen if the mission were flown with the tanks "as is". The results, Run E, Table III, show that although the propellant (Tank 1) does not fall to as low a temperature in space as in the test, it does fall far below the spec minimum of 45°F and, in fact, would freeze. An obvious solution to this problem would be to eliminate enough of the black paint stripe to raise the cruise temperature and reduce the cooldown rate in the dark transient with the overall constraint of not exceeding specification maximum temperatures during the hot case transient (180° spin angle) condition.

Since physical removal of the black paint stripe is not possible nondestructively, a mystic vapor deposited gold Kapton tape was selected to cover the stripe where necessary. A sample of this tape was sent to GSFC and the emittance and solar absorbtance were measured.

$$\epsilon_n = .02$$
 $\ll solar = .215$

Both the radiative properties and physical appearance of this material are quite close to those of the gold tank coating.

Using the properties above for the gold tape, a series of hot case and cold case runs were made varying the percentage of black stripe area taped over (uniformly). The results are plotted on Figure 6.

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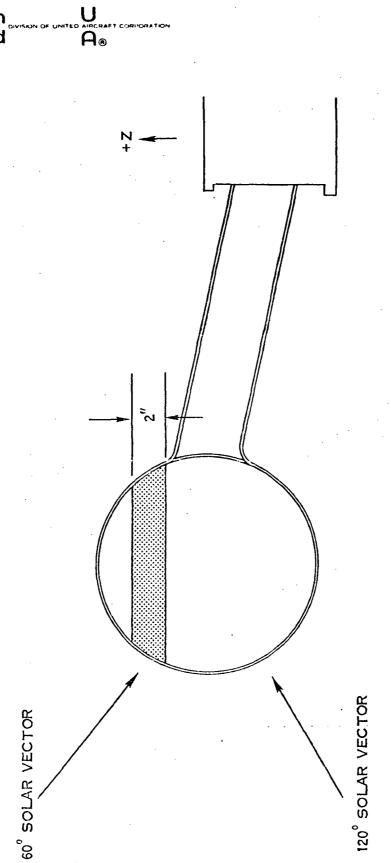
3.7 (continued)

Based on these results, it was decided to tape 56% of the black stripe area. The taping pattern, chosen for simplicity and to avoid wrinkles is shown by Figure 6. The predicted operating temperature extremes for this configuration are given below:

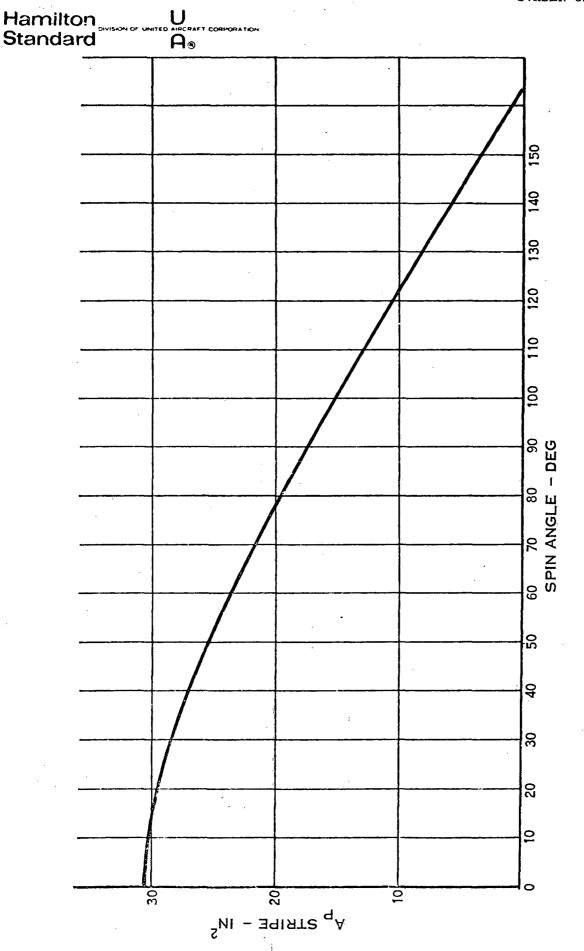
	Ter Tank 1 (Fuel)	mperatures C Tank 2	Tank 3
Cold Case Cruise (60° Spin Angle)	99	98	92
Cold Case Transient (0° Spin Angle, 2 hrs)	53	1414	43
Hot Case Cruise (120° Spin Angle)	135	138	131
Hot Case Transient (180° Spin Ange, 2 hrs)	145	154	145

As indicated in the transient hot case above, the predicted propellant temperature can be 145°F which is +5°F higher than the VCPS specification S-723-P-19 max. propellant temperature of 140°F. The HS position has been to establish an upper limit of 140°F on hydrazine systems which will be operational in space for two or more years primarily to minimize hydrazine gas evolution. The hydrazine decomposition process occurs at all temperatures but can be accelerated by increasing temperature or by using materials which tend to promote the reaction. In the VCPS the gold nickel braze is more catalytic than any of the other materials used in the system. A test program was conducted by the Rocket Propulsion Laboratory of the Air Force to study the effect of hydrazine gas evolution in the presence of gold, nickel braze material. The results of this study are reported in AFRPL-TR-69-77 entitled "The Catalytic Decomposition of Hydrazine on Gold, Nickel, and a Gold/Nickel Brazing Alloy". From this report it has been concluded that a 140°F maximum hydrazine temperature for three months in the VCPS will produce decomposition at levels acceptable to the VCPS. In addition, short term exposure of temperature as high as 250°F for several one day periods can also be accommodated. Also, the VCPS was passivated with hydrazine at 120°F for 24 hours with no indication of pressure rise. Therefore, the transient (less than 2 hours) hot case temperature of 145°F is not considered a problem based on the above information.

FIGURE 1. TANK STRIPE PIACEMENT



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STRIPE PROJECTED AREA VS SPIN ANGLE (ONE TANK) FIGURE 2.

TABLE I GSFC SUPPLIED DATA

Material Propertie	<u>es</u>	9	Ξ n	d solar
Vapor Deposited Al	uminum		•04	.12
Black Paint		•	.87	•96
			·	•
Vapor Deposited Go	old			
(0	ank)		.02	.22
Paddles		•	H = .82	.71
			••	
View Factors from	tanks			
To:			FIJ	Radiating Area
Paddles			.21	37.3 ft ²
Cylindrical	Skin		•055	8.0 ft ²
Conical Skir	1		•035	5.34 ft ²
Space			.70	-
	Cold	Cold	•	•
Item	Cruise 60 ⁰	Transient	Hot Cruise	Hot Transient 1700
Solar Projected Area (1 Tank)	.265 ft ²	0	.343 ft ²	-
Temperatures				
Cyl. Skin	10 ⁰ C	-50°C @ 2hrs	5°C	-50°C @ 2 hrs
Lower Conic	-15 ^O C	-30°C @ 2 hrs	₃ 3°C	38°C @ 2 hrs
Paddle	OoG	-5°C @ 2 hrs	-5 ₀ C	-5°C @ 2 hrs
			•	

Hamilton U Standard A PO Standard A PO STANDARD CORPORATION OF UNITED AIRCRAFT CORPORATION OF

TABLE II

COMPARISON OF TEST RESULTS TO PRE-TEST PREDICTIONS

NODE	Hot Case Cr 120° Spin A Prediction	ngle	60° Spin A	ngle	Cold Case T 2 hrs su Prediction	n off
Tank 1 (Fuel)	82	84	112	72	67	10
Tank 2	85	-	88	~	-4	-
Tank 3	79	78	32	65	-13	20

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TABLE III THERMAL MODEL RESULTS

Run	Case	Tank 1	Temperatures,	o _F Tank 3
Solar Simulation	Hot Cruise	84	-	78
Test Data	Cold Cruise	72		65
	Cold Trans	10		20
"A" Slosh	Cold Cruise	66	66	66
(Nodes Shorted)	Cold Trans	22	21	21
"B" Tank Internal Radiation	Cold Cruise	77	72	56
	Cold Trans	38	10	9
"C" Radiation + Gas	Cold Cruise	71	68	62
Convection	Cold Trans	29	17	17
"D" Radiation, Convec-	Cold Cruise	73	73	72
tion, Slosh, G.E. Test	Cold Trans	8	8	7
Conditions and Solar	Hot Cruise	84		81
Flux Adjustment				
"E" Run "D" Tanks	Cold Cruise	81	. 80	73
"As Is" in Space	Cold Trans	28	18	17

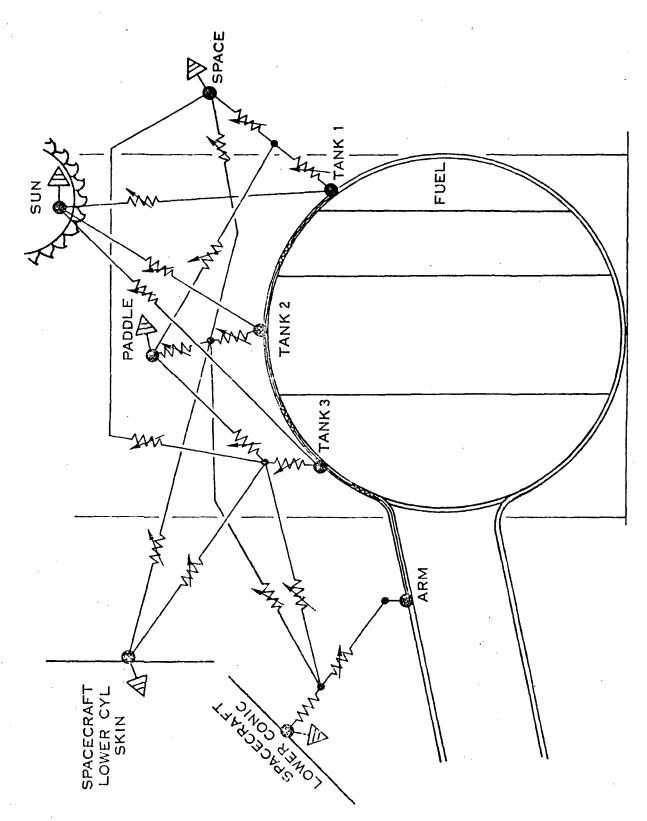
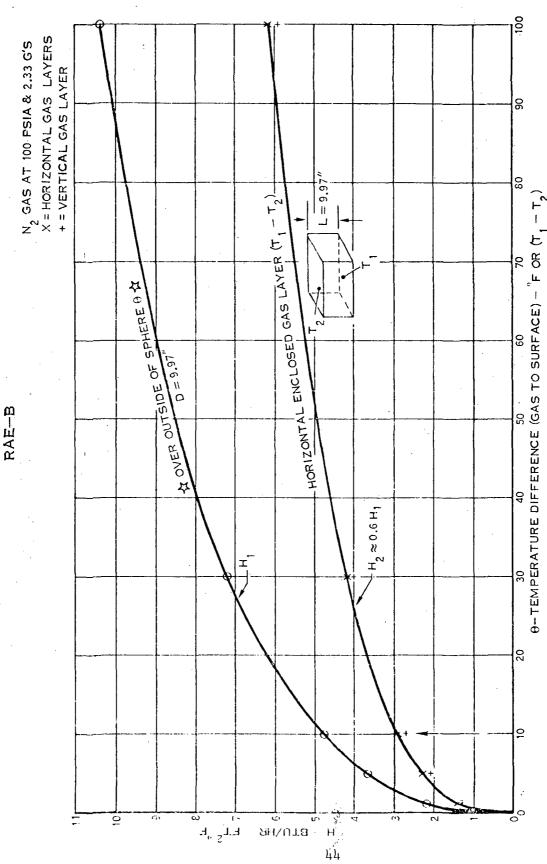


FIGURE 3. RAE-B VCPS TANK THERMAL MODEL PRE-TEST VERSION

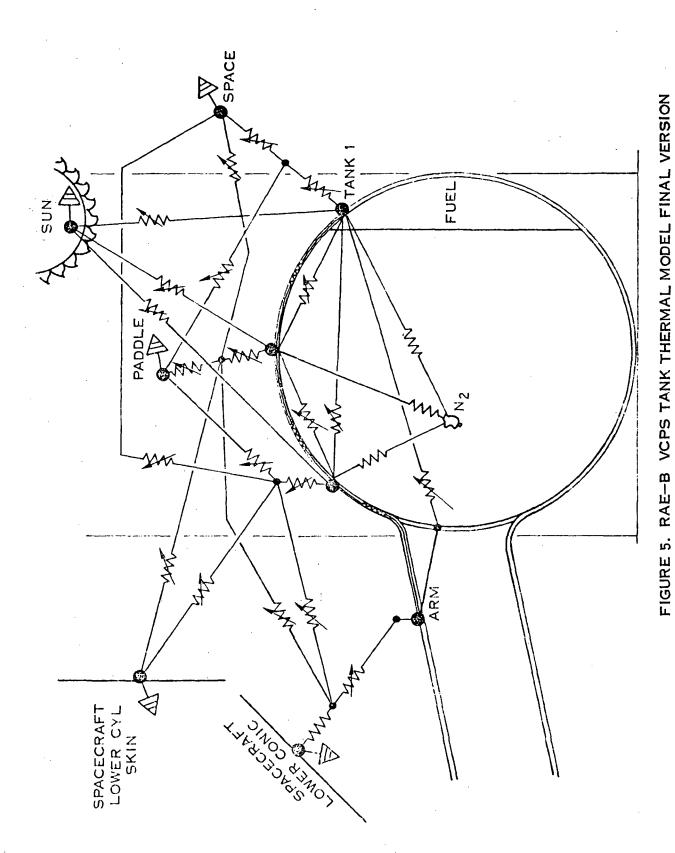


FIGURE 4. ESTIMATED FREE CONVECTION HEAT TRANSFER COEFFICIENT INSIDE TANKS



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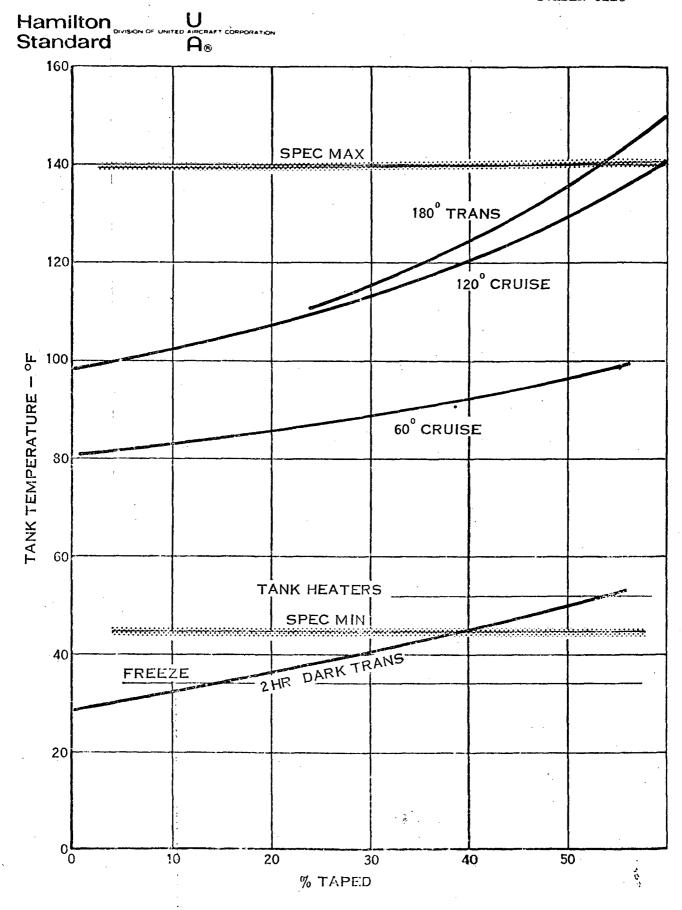


FIGURE 6. TANK COATING MODIFICATIONS
46

RAE-B VCPS

PROPELIANT LINE THERMAL REPORT

Hamilton U Standard ARCHAFT CORPORATION ARCHAF

1.0 INTRODUCTION AND SUMMARY

This report presents the development and qualification of the RAE-B Velocity Control Propulsion System propellant line thermal configuration. Subsequent to a propellant line low temperature problem experienced during a solar simulation test at G.E., thermal analyses and propellant line development tests were performed. The resulting configuration indicated that significant improvement in line insulation could be attained but increased heater power would also be required. The new line insulation/increased heater power configuration was then incorporated in the VCPS and a thermal vacuum test was performed. Analysis of these test results indicate propellant line temperatures will be within specification under flight conditions.

2.0 DISCUSSION

The solar simulation test conducted on the VCPS at G.E. showed that the thermal design of the propellant lines was inadequate to maintain the propellant line temperatures above freezing.

2.1 Development Program

A development program was initiated where the test data was analyzed and tests of line insulations were performed at the detail level. This program provided the results shown in Table I and the following conclusions:

- a) Line insulation thermal effectiveness could be improved by utilizing loose wrap multilayer insulation with an overlapping seam covered by gold Kapton tape.
- b) The propellant line would require additional heater power even with the best insulation.

2.2 Verification Test

The VCPS propellant line thermal design was modified and the VCPS reassembled by rewiring the line heater to provide 1 watt/line at 12 VDC and reinsulating with loose wrap insulation utilizing gold Kapton tape (configuration #3 on Table I). In addition the existing thermocouples were removed and replaced with GFE thermistors in the locations shown in Table II and Figure 1. The propellant tanks and +Z surface of the hub were covered with aluminized Fylar insulation to control the propellant line end condition in a zero sun angle condition.

A thermal vacuum test was conducted in the Hamilton Standard 10' \times 10' vacuum chamber to provide temperature distribution data on the propellant line at zero sun angle, or worst case condition. This data was then reduced, via the VCPS thermal model, to provide the propellant line thermal characteristics for the appropriate VCPS flight conditions.

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2.3 Test Results

The VCPS was operated in three modes during the thermal vacuum test to provide adequate data for analysis and to check the thermal model at more than one point. The three test conditions were steady state with 12 VDC heater input, steady state with 13.8 VDC heater input and 0 VDC heater input for 2 hours. Table III shows the raw data for each test phase. The chamber conditions were monitored throughout the test. Chamber pressure was maintained below 10⁻⁵ torr and the effective chamber sink temperature is shown in Table III.

The transient (power off) cooldown was performed to obtain an effective thermal mass per unit length characteristic for the lines. The effective cold wall temperature, measured with a suspended blackbody within the chamber, was approximately -190°F while data was being taken. Tank temperatures at the outlets were 50°F or below (they were cooling very slowly throughout the test).

The data analysis involved inputting the test conditions to the propellant line thermal model and "tuning" the insulation properties until the model reproduced the test data, resulting in insulation performance characteristics measured at the system level. Insulation conductance, emittance, and line thermal mass measured in this manner provide the basis for a new set of predictions for space operation. These predictions were made with the thermal model by replacing the test effective cold wall temperature with the space sink (-460°F) and adding solar input.

At both power settings, the minimum temperature occurred at position A-4, the tube clamp near the end of the arm. There appears to be a local heat leak at this point caused by the insulation penetration of the clamp itself, along with instrumentation lead heat leaks from the many wires leaving the blanket at that location. (These leads will be clipped before flight, substantially reducing this heat loss). Minimum line temperature was 41.80F at 12 volts and 48.50F at 13.8 volts. The one hour transient cooldown produced an 180 temperature drop (480F to 300F) at location A-4 and similar AT's elsewhere. It should be noted that the line temperatures on the other instrumented arm were at least 100F higher throughout. The more heavily instrumented line is the coldest of the four because it incorporates the fill and drain valve, the four thermostats and does not have the double insulation wrap in as many places as do the three other lines.

2.4 Thermal Model

The propellant line program divides a pair of lines (a tank on each end and the transtage Tee in the middle) into 70 nodes, 35 line nodes and 35 insulation nodes. The program has stored in a data file such data as the heater locations, clamp locations, and locations of Tee's (fill and drain tee and transtage tee) which are treated as heat leaks. A separate data file holds a solar input

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2.4 (continued)

table for each spin axis angle. The solar input was calculated earlier in the RAE-B program thermal studies. The propellant lines were sketched onto the GSFC shadow photographs to determine the location of dark areas on the lines. Solar projected area outside of shadowed locations was then determined by drawing board projection of the solar vector onto the propellant line axis. This was done in 15° increments throughout the vehicle spin (360°) and the results numerically averaged over one spin to yield a table of solar intensity versus position for each propellant line.

The program is operated on a TYMSHARE Corp. Terminal. This allows rapid manipulation of the model to achieve a desired result.

2.5 Data Correlation and Extrapolation

The program was input for the 12 volt and 13.8 volt steady state conditions. It was found necessary to simulate the heat leak at location A-4 by decreasing the clamp thermal resistance from 500 BTU/ $^{\circ}$ F-hr to 150 BTU/ $^{\circ}$ F-hr. The primary criteria for acceptable correlation was matching the minimum temperature. Table IV shows the temperature distribution (key temperatures) for the test conditions and corresponding analysis results. The insulation properties necessary to produce these calculated distributions are shown also. It should be noted that the 13.8 volt case yields a higher insulation conductance (poorer performance) than does the 12 volt case. A tendency toward this behavior is expected since the conductance of superinsulation increases with insulation temperature. The higher conductance (C = .029) was used in the extrapolation of these results to space operation.

A number of transient cooldown runs were made to match the cooldown rate experienced in test. This yielded a thermal mass per inch value of .003 BTU/OF-in for later use in the space transient analysis.

The values of insulation conductance measured in this series of tests are somewhat higher than those measured in the tube element tests shown in Table I. This discrepancy was anticipated owing to the fact that it was much more difficult to apply insulation at the system level than it was to insulate the free peice of propellant line in the tube element test.

The higher insulation conductance was left in the model for conservatism and the solar input and space temperature (-460°F) were added. For cold case cruise (60° spin axis angle), an average power consumption of .64 watts/line (64% duty cycle) will occur with the temperature distribution shown in Table IV. From this temperature distribution, the cold case transient condition was input (1 hour

Hamilton U Standard A & CRAFT CORPORATION A STANDARD A

2.5 (continued)

with no solar flux \sim 0° spin axis angle). A line power value of one watt was utilized along with the effective thermal line mass determined in the test. The temperature distribution after the one hour dark period is shown in Table IV. The temperatures are above the specified minimum $45^{\circ}F$.

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TABLE I

LINE INSULATION SUMMARY

Margin	None	1	Slight	Slight <.l
Power Required nsient SS Dark (watts/line)	.68	sive	1.0	φ
Power Regui Transient SS (watts/line	1/3	Excessive	2.	·
€ outside	• 05	SI.	.053 (SS)	.048 (SS)
Conductivity (BTU/ft2-hr-OF)	8.	.19	.025 (SS) .035 (T)	.011 (SS) .013 (T)
0. D. (in.)	•75	-75	7.0	1.35
Configuration	Design Pt.	Original VCPS (Test Sample)	<pre>2nd Generation (Cverlap Seam, Gold Kapton Tape)</pre>	3rd Generation (2nd + overwrap 5 layer)
		#77	#2	#3

Notation: SS = Steady State

T = Transient

25

26

27

TABLE II

RAE-B VCPS THERMISTOR LOCATION

KEY	A - Propellant Lines B - Tank C - Arm and Hub	E - Components and Bracket F - Spacecraft				
	D - Interior Lines	"R" Prefit Existing Thermistor				
No.	Location	Code Old Co	de (Thermocouple)			
1	Line A @ Line/Tank Vert Port	A=1.	N/A			
2	Line A @ Line/Tank Horz Port	A-2	N/A			
2 3 4	Line A	A-3	11 A 1			
	Line A	A-4	11 A 2			
5	Line A @ Thermostat	A-5	n/A			
	Line A @ Tee	RA-1 F1	t Hardware			
6	Line A	A-6	11 A 4			
7	Line A @ Thermostat	A-7	n/A			
8	Line A @ Tee	A-8	11 B 1			
9	Line B @ Tee	A-9	11 B 2			
10	Line B	A-10	11 B 3			
11	Tank on Paint Stripe	B-1	9A			
12	Tank Equator	B -2	9C			
13	Tank in Mount Area	B - 3	9B			
	Tank Thermistor #1	RB-1 F1	t Hardware			
	Tank Thermistor #2	RB-2 F1	t Hardware			
14	Arm	C-1	11C			
15	Hub Exterior	C - 2	N/A			
16	Hub Shelf #1	C - 3	11 D 1			
17	Hub Shelf #2	C-4	11 D 2			
18	Line A Internal	D-1	10-1			
19	Line B Internal	D-2	10-2			
20	REA #1 on Chamber	E-1	n/A			
21	REA #2 on Chamber	E-2	N/A			
22	TCV #1	E-3				
23	Latch Valve	E-4	4 5 7			
24	Transducer	E-5				
~ ~		_ /	0 -			

Ref: Attached drawing for thermistor locations.

Bracket Near Edge

Bracket Thermistor

Bracket Middle

Filter

E-6

E-7

RE-1

E-8

8-1

N/A

Flt Hardware N/A

		Sink				•		•
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		E-5		689 688 688 688 688 688 688 688 688 688		68.5 68.5 68.0 68.0 67.9 67.9		68866666666666666666666666666666666666
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		A-5		%%%%%%%%% &&%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%	. 6 , 6, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8,	00000000000000000000000000000000000000		60000000000000000000000000000000000000
		A-4		3333333 1.0.0.0.0.0.0 1.0.0.0.0.0.0		0.064 1.06.0		23.5.5.6 30.5.5.6 30.5.6 30.5.6 30.5.6
		A-3		7444444 66666666 64666666 6466666		$\mathcal{E}_{\mathcal{L}}^{\mathcal{L}}$ \mathcal{E}_{\mathcal		0.55.44.88.88 0.50.45.89.89 0.50.45.89.41
		A-2	Ç2	44566444 64566444 7000000000000000000000000000000000	45.4 VDC	. 000, 100, 000		23.33.35.6 3.55.6 3.55.6 5.65.
		A-1	@ 12 VDC	844444446 8844664446	9,50	3 44444444 3 6000000000000000000000000000000000000	JJO S	4444 888 3840 88 3408 00
		Time	16 hrs	2002 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 200		777666677 18401840	Heater	######################################

Hamilton Standard

Hamilton U Standard A TABLE IV

PROPELLANT LINE TEMPSRATURE CORRELATION (%)

Case	Thermistor Location	A-3	A-4 (@ Clamp)	A5	A-6	 A-7	A-8 (© Transtage Tee)	A-1 (@ Tank)	A-1 A-2 (@ Tank) (@ Tank)	C BIU/f hr	Insulation D t²- (in.))	J	Sink Temp. (or)
12.0 Volts	Test Data	1.94	41.8	52.2	56.3	54.7	6.95	50.7	ħ*9ħ·		1.35		-190
	Thermal Model	143.0	40.5	7.6t	55.1	58.3	57.5	84	84	.020	1.35	•05	-190
13.8 Volts	Test Data	ξζ	48.5	62.3	66.8	64.1	1.99	1,8.8	42.3		1.35	ŧ	-190
	Thermal Model	8.64	9.74	62.0	69	72.5	0°U_	Z1	24	620	1.35	50.	-190
Space Operation	Cold Cruise 60° spin angle 1 watt nominal	. 60.3	55.6	55.9	51.6	52.5	25.5	- 6-	0.	•050	1.35 ~	-05	091-
	Cold Transient 1 hr @ 0° spin angle, 1 watt	57.8	53.4	58.1	58.5	6.09	59.8	0' ·	. 05	689.	1.35	.0.	091-

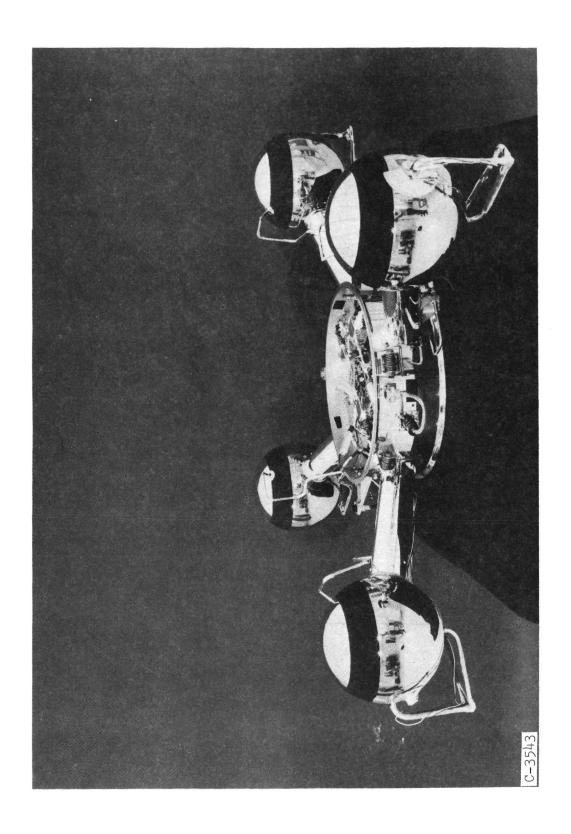
6.0 HSD POST DELIVERY ACTIVITIES

DATE TASK 3/19-3/22/73 Performed fluid load using H₂O to determine GSFC effect on system unbalance caused by fluid distribution in tanks. Results were acceptable within specified requirements. 5/14-5/22/73 1. Performed proof pressure test. KSFC 2. Performed calibration of VCPS pressure transducer. 3. Performed internal leakage test on VCPS latch valves and thrust chamber valves. Loaded VCPS with N_2H_4 on balance table to verify proper fluid distribution and pressurized with GN2 for flight.

O The above tasks all gave acceptable results within specified requirements.

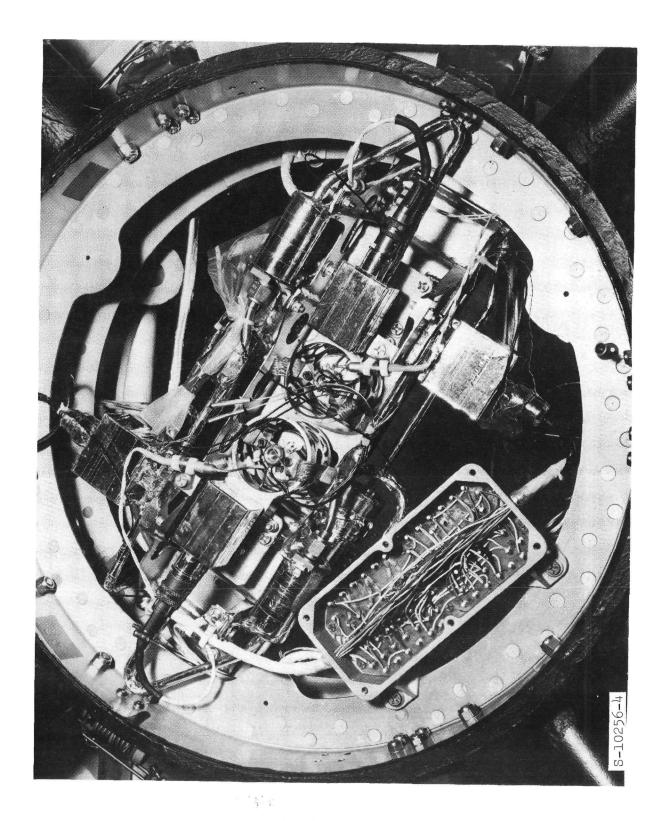
APPENDIX A

PHOTOGRAPHS

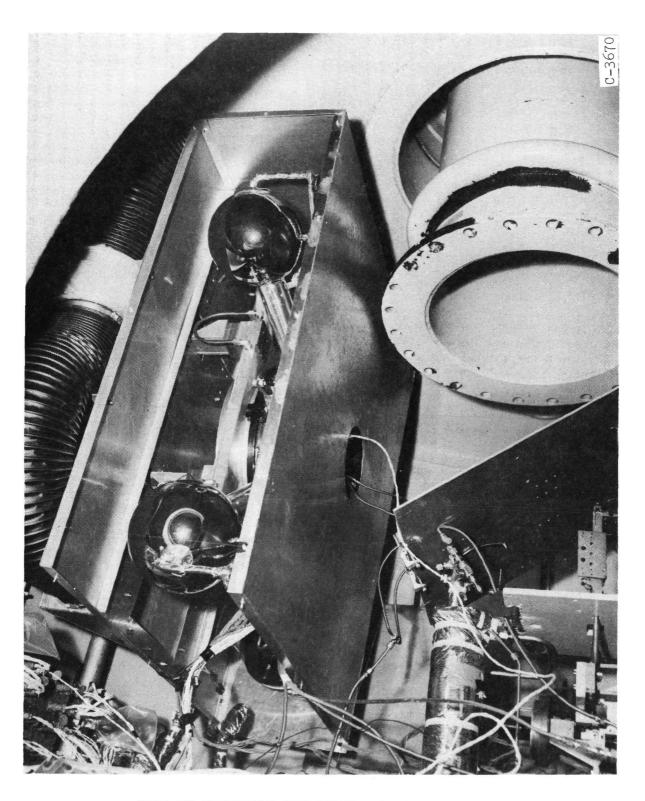


COMPLETED VCPS

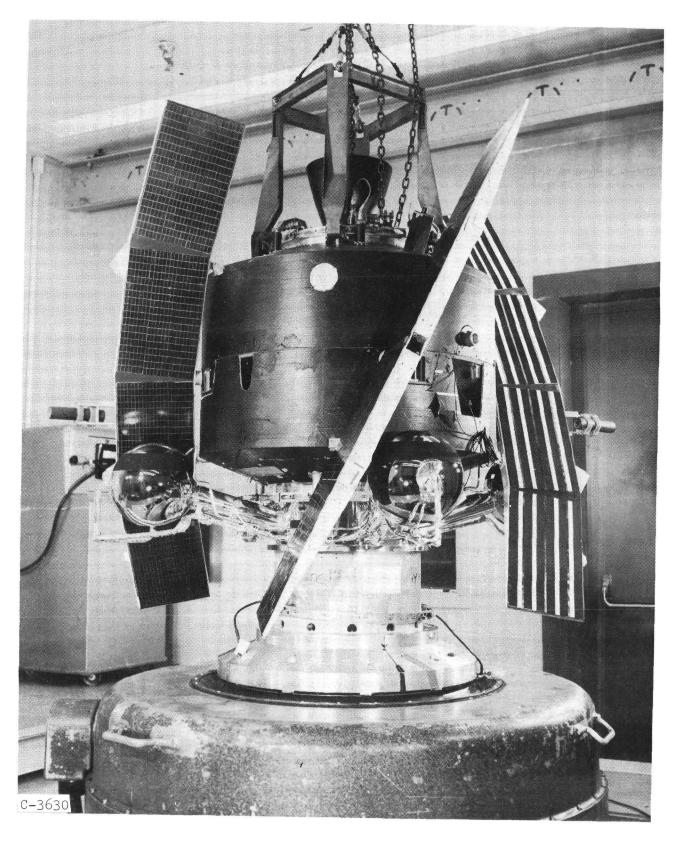
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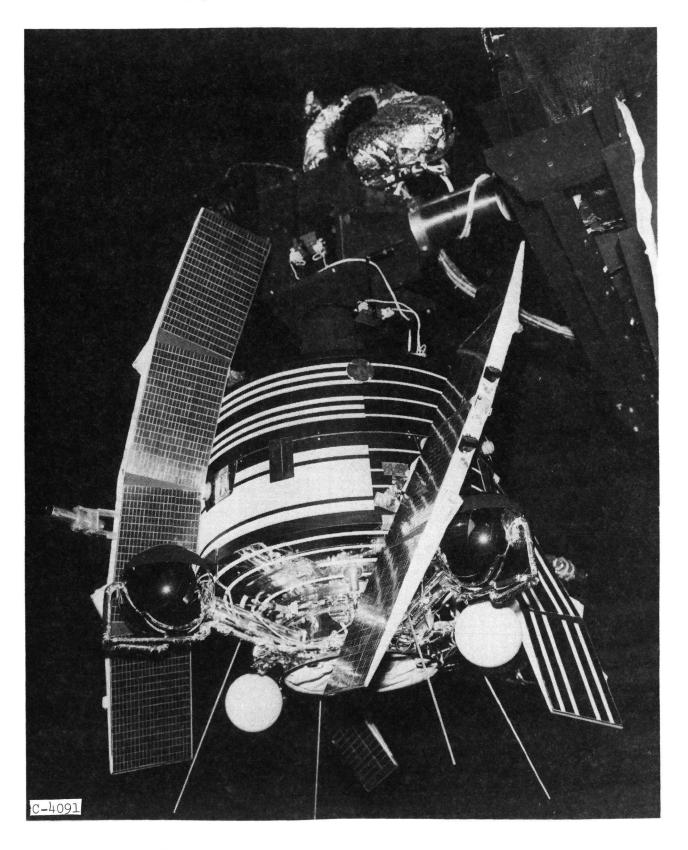
INTERIOR OF VCPS HUB



VCPS IN THERMALLY CONDITIONED FIRING FIXTURE (Sides removed for clarity)



VCPS AND SPACECRAFT AT VIBRATION TEST



VCPS AND SPACECRAFT AT SOLAR SIMULATION TEST

Hamilton U Standard Re

APPENDIX B

GSFC MALFUNCTION REPORTS

GSFC MALFUNCTION REPORT

AND									
Project				(2) Spacec	raft	(3) Operati	on 👸	(4) Uris	
RAE-B							0	HRS.	
System or Experiment		(6) Date & Tin	1	lo Day		(7) Date Mo	, ,	8)Cn : cal	
C[P[S]]		of Malfunction	712	3 2 8	11300	of Report	3 3 10		
NAME		IDENTIFICATION N	NUMBER	SERIAL	NUMBER	MANUFACT	URER	-	
(9) Component						Hamilton			
R E A						Standard			
(10) Assembly						Hamilton			
T C A	1111	1 1 1 1 1				Standard			
(11) Sub-Assembly			_			Thermal			
HEATER TOA		V 17 14 18 17 12 1	1-1-1		1 2	Systems			
(12) Part	Mar	rufacturers Part Num	ber			Thermal			
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(13) Malfunction 1 (X) Qualified	ation Test 3	Integration Test	7 [] Ber	nch Test		() ks	ye3 st	1/12	
Occurred During 2 [] Acceptar	nce Test 5] Launch Operations	8 [] Pos	st Lounch	Reliabi	lity/"\	,	•	
(14) Environment 1 [_] Accelera] Thermal-Vacuum	5 [] Hur	midity	7 () 4	mbient	A []	RE!/EMC	
When Foiled 2 [_] Shock	4 [Temperature	6 [_] Vib	oration	8 [_] A	coustic	0 []	Vacuum	
(15) Hardware Level 1 [Part 3 [] Assembly 5 [X] System (VCPS)									
When Failed 2 [] Sub-Assa	embly 4 [Component	6 [] Spo	cecrafi					
) REFERENCE 4.3.4.2.2.EI									
cecraft Log Book # Page Test Procedure SVHS 5619 Para									
Description of the Malfunction: After engine firing heater resistance was 56 ohms vs required									
value of 74 ± 5%. Resistance from heater element to case was 5000 ohms vs required									
value of "open circuit". Investigation has been initiated.									
Target closure date is 4/17/72									
Responsible Engineer is Mr. E. K. Moore									
Originator: Mr. E. K. Moore Phone: (203) 623-1621-565 Organization: Hamilton Standard									
Do Not Write Below This Line									

INSTRUCTIONS

- (1) Originator Fill in blocks (1) through (18), with all known information, as defined in instructions on the back of this form.
- (2) Distribute copies in accordance with project directions.

70<

* *** *** ***	GSFC	MALFUNCTION RE	PORT	мо D 029
(1) Project RAK-B			(2) Spacecraft	(3) Operation (4) Uni
(5) System or Experiment		(6) Date & Time Yr	Mo Day Time	(7) Date Mo Day 8)Cr
CPS		of Malfunction 712	3 2 8 1 2 Q Q	of Report 3 3 0
NAME		DENTIFICATION NUMBER		MANUFACTURER
(9) Component	-	PERTITION NUMBER	SERIAL NUMBER	Hamilton
		111111111		20000000000
(10) Assembly				Standard Hamilton
TCA				Hemilton Standard
(11) Sub-Assembly		7 1 2 7 4 8	1 1 1 1 1 1	Thermal
W		748711-1		Systems
(12) Port		facturers Part Number		Thermal
HEATER T		-3464-1		Systems
			Bench Test	A constrain
XXI			Post Launch Reliabi	lity,
2004			Humidity 7	
2001		Assembly 5 😰 S	System (VCPS)	
2001			Spacecraft	
(16) REFERENCE				4.3.4.2.2.2
Spacecraft Log Book #	Page	Test Proce	edureSW26_561.9	Para
(17) Description of the Malfunc		firing heater resi		
	h. Besistance from			
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THE COURT OF				
		osure date is 4/17		
	nesponsit	le Engineer is Mr.	me me moore	
(18) Originature Man 19	Marine In Inc.	602-160 -6-	National Board & A	-
(18) Originator: R. K.		623-1621-565 Organ	mzerion: Dest. 1800 5	KXXX
Do Not Write in This Space		11111111		
(18) Cours of the Melfunctions	Fe41,000	July Septiment	uletion modifie	e heeten most star
(17) Cause of the Malfunction:	Failure analysis in	rbor areay, inst	ignition tesistanc	Analysis indi
spectral analysis	s, conductometric ca	arbon analysis and	inculation test.	th most indicated
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	e ntary car bo n in the		d a partial elect	rical short between
	and between the wir			
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Do Not Write in This Space	1			
(20) Corrective Action Taken:	All heaters will be	replaced by new he	eaters manufactur	ed with the inclusi
of the following		TICM II		
	nt supplier to degre	ase resistance	re in acetone	
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neater eleme	nt supplier to cut make wire unsupported exc	vent at code let	removed /0	t to maintain
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	y 1,700° surface ter			y prevention of any
CXXXX	d on Other Units, List Units by S	erial No. Continued	on next page.	12000
Do Not Write in This Space	e			
(21) Failure Analysis	YES NO Organization That	Performed Failure Analysis	Thermal Systems,	with Hamilton Stand
Performed?	1 XX 2 [] Failure Analysis	Report Number "Minutes	of Meeting held	at Dote 4/11/72
(22) Action Taken on	1 Rework/Repair 2 Mo	odified 3 [X] Discarded 4 [- SVG beins	Date
Failed Unit	Organization That Performed Re	ework/RepairN/A		
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(23) Is Retest Required?	Z NA NO II	, Sidie Neiest Kequireme		
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(24) Retest Results	Satisfactory Unsatisfactor	y Remarks:	N/A	
N/A	1 [] 2 []		7x / A	_
(25) Unit May Be	Flight Test Only		N/A	
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Yr Mo Day Date MR	GSFC Project Approval	GSFC MRRT Appro	oval Date Cont	Tretor Aprovol
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NAMI	E IDEN	IFICATION NUMBER SERIAL NUMBE	R MANUFACTURER
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(10) Assembly			
111111			
(11) Sub-Assembly			
(12) Part	Manufactu	ers Part Number	
_	1 Qualification Test 3 Integ 2 Acceptance Test 5 Loun	ration Test 7 [] Bench Test ch Operations 8 [] Post Launch	
			Ambient A RFI/EMC
When Failed	2 Shock 4 Temp	erature 6 [Vibration 8	Acoustic 0 Vacuum
1	1 Part 3 Asse 2 Sub-Assembly 4 Comp		
) REFERENCE			
cecroft Log Book #	Page	Test Procedure	Para
Description of the Malfun	ction:		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Originator:	Phone:	Organization:	
Do Not Write in This Spac	•		
Cause of the Malfunction:			
Do Not Write in This Spac			
Corrective Action Taken:		y other heater element compo	nent with organic
) Corrective Action Taken: material.	contact of wire and an	,	
) Corrective Action Taken: material. C. Thermal Syst	contact of wire and an	y other heater element component erminated heater assembly in	
) Corrective Action Taken: material.	contact of wire and an	,	air at 1,700°F for
) Corrective Action Taken: material. C. Thermal Syst	contact of wire and an	,	
) Corrective Action Token: material. C. Thermal Syst a minimum of	contact of wire and an	erminated heater assembly in	air at 1,700°F for
) Corrective Action Token: material. C. Thermal Syst a minimum of	contact of wire and an sems shall bake each untone hour.	erminated heater assembly in	air at 1,700°F for
orrective Action Taken: material. C. Thermal Syst a minimum of corrective Action is Require Do Not Write in This Space (21) Failure Analysis	contact of wire and an sems shall bake each unt one hour. d on Other Units, List Units by Serial see	erminated heater assembly in	air at 1,700°F for 97R 44u/12
) Corrective Action Taken: material. C. Thermal Syst a minimum of Corrective Action is Require Do Not Write in This Space (21) Failure Analysis Performed?	contact of wire and an sems shall bake each untone hour. don Other Units, List Units by Serial see Serial	erminated heater assembly in No. S/N 001, 002, 004 I	97 <i>R 4/2/12</i>
orrective Action Taken: material. C. Thermal Syst a minimum of corrective Action is Require Do Not Write in This Space (21) Failure Analysis	contact of wire and an sems shall bake each untone hour. don Other Units, List Units by Serial see Serial	erminated heater assembly in No. S/N 001, 002, 004 I	air at 1,700°F for
) Corrective Action Taken: material. C. Thermal Syst a minimum of Corrective Action is Require Do Not Write in This Space [21) Failure Analysis Performed? [22) Action Taken on	contact of wire and an sems shall bake each unt one hour. d on Other Units, List Units by Serial see YES NO Organization That Perf Failure Analysis Report 1 Rework/Repair 2 Modified Organization That Performed Rework	erminated heater assembly in No. S/N 001, 002, 004 I	air at 1,700°F for 97R 44u/12_
Corrective Action Taken: material. C. Thermal Syst a minimum of Corrective Action is Require Do Not Write in This Space (21) Failure Analysis Performed? (22) Action Taken on Failed Unit (23) Is Retest	contact of wire and an sems shall bake each untone hour. don Other Units, List Units by Serial see	erminated heater assembly in No. S/N 001, 002, 004 I	air at 1,700°F for 97R 44u/12_
) Corrective Action Taken: material. C. Thermal Syst a minimum of Corrective Action is Require Do Not Write in This Space (21) Failure Analysis Performed? (22) Action Taken on Failed Unit (23) Is Retest Required? (24) Retest Results (25) Unit May Be	contact of wire and an sems shall bake each untone hour. don Other Units, List Units by Serial see Serial see Sework/Repair 2 Modifier Organization That Performed Rework I Serial Satisfactory Unsatisfactory Resident Serial Se	erminated heater assembly in No. S/N 001, 002, 004 I	air at 1,700°F for 97R 44u/12_
Corrective Action Taken: material. C. Thermal Syst a minimum of Corrective Action is Require Do Not Write in This Space (21) Failure Analysis Performed? (22) Action Taken on Failed Unit (23) Is Retest Required? (24) Retest Results	contact of wire and an sems shall bake each untone hour. d on Other Units, List Units by Serial see YES NO Organization That Performed Rework/Repair 2 Modifier Organization That Performed Rework 1 Tyes 2 No If Yes, Satisfactory Unsatisfactory Reformed Rework 1 Tyes 2 No If Yes, Flight Test Only 1 No If Yes,	erminated heater assembly in No. S/N 001, 002, 004 I	air at 1,700°F for 97R 44u/12_

(1) Project	Section .		de la constante	(2) Spacecraft	CHANA (3) Operati	on (25514)
RAE-B						HIO
System or Experiment		(6) Dute & Time	1 1	10 Day Tim	1 (0 . 1	Doy 13
		of Malfunction	74 0	15019 1 1	of Report O	1 8 1
NAME		IDENTIFICATION NU	MBER	SERIAL NUMB	THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY.	
(9) Component					- Hamilton	1
V C P S		SIV 7 4 8 7 2 0	- 1	110	00 Standard	1
(10) Assembly						8/1/
	11					
(11) Sub-Assembly						100
	i i_		1 1			5///
(12) Part		Manufacturers Part Numbe	r			
	1 1					
(13) Malfunction 1 [29] Qualification	Test	3 [] Integration Test	7 [] Ber	nch Test	7.	C
Occurred During 2 Acceptance		5 [] Launch Operations	8 Pos	st Lounch Rela	iability:	5/18
(14) Environment 1 🔲 Acceleration		3 🔯 Thermal-Vacuum	5 📋 Hum		Ambient /	A RFI/
When Failed 2 Shock		4 Temperature	6 🗀 Vib	ration 8	Acoustic	0 Vocu
(15) Hardware Level 1 Part		3 Assembly	5 [X] Sys	tem (VCPS)		
When Failed 2 Sub-Assemb	У	4 Component	6 🗀 Spo			
(16) REFERENCE		,		OTHIO CAR	0	1 2 33
Spacecraft Log Book #	Po	age Te	est Procedu	ne	Y Por	<u>4.3.11</u>
(17) Description of the Malfunction: VCPS wa	s und	dergoing thermal	verific	eation testi	ng at G. E.,	Valley F
per step 11 of Ref. Quality	Test	Procedure. At t	he end	of 2 hours,	tank temp. w	as +11°F
and line temp. was -13 $^{\circ}$ F. T	he re	equired temp. is	40°F mi	ln. Unit wa	s returned to	HS (Win
Locks, Ct.) for continuation	of Q	Quality Test (auti	horized	d by TWX GSF	C to HS dated	5/12/72
Target closure date is 7/15/						
Closure responsibilit	у Е.	K. Moore				
(Originator: M. Bonar / P	hone:(2	203) 623-1621 x49	4 Organiz	otion: Hamilt	on Standard	
Lun		Do Not Write Below				

INSTRUCTIONS

- (1) Originator Fill in blocks (1) through (18), with all known information, as defined in instructions on the back of this form.
- (2) Distribute copies in accordance with project directions.

		*		
	GSFC MALFUNCTION REPORT NOD 02			
242-B		Units CYS		
tem or Experiment		2 Gritica:		
111111	\$555551 NST	1 NO.		
NAM	ME IDENTIFICATION NUMBER SERIAL NUMBER MANUFACTURER			
Gomponent	- Familton			
Assembly				
Sub-Assembly				
Part	Manufacturers Part Number			
Malfunction Occurred During		3/72		
Environment When Failed	1 Acceleration 3 Thermal-Vacuum 5 Humidity 7 Ambient / A RFI/			
When Failed	2 Shock 4 Temperature 6 Vibration 8 Acoustic 0 Vacu	UUM		
When Failed	1 Part 3 Assembly 5 System (TOPS) 2 Sub-Assembly 4 Component 6 Spacecraft			
EFERENCE	STES 5619 4.3.11			
aft Log Book #	Page Test Procedure Para			
escription of the Malfun				
r sing it or in				
	the -low. The rectified term, is 10-2 min. Unit was returned to H1 (.in			
	nontinuation of Smal - Test (nuthorized by 15% GSFC to E3 dated 5/12/72	-1.		
	intering billing to K. Heore			
	Phone: 1833 879-1521 Marie Organization: Santton standard			
iginator: Not Write in This Spac		******		
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
dard by comparing the reduced data from the thermal design was conducted at Hamilton				
	ring the reduced data from the thermal verification test to the original ne thermal model input parameters were varied until the model prediction			
	ted the test results. This analysis yielded the following conclusions:			
	rature distribution and rapid loss of temperature was duplicated by short	ing		
	thermal nodes together b) the tank nodes were shorted during the thermal			
Not Write in This Spac	c.			
	verification test via natural connection of the pressurant gas, interna			
	pellant sloshing c) the convection and radiation whenomenon will exist un			
	and should be included in the thermal model d) the thermal properties of			
	sulation would have to have been significantly poorer than expected by t			
	rield the test results. Tests subsequently performed on line insulation of confirmed that the insulation thermal properties were as poor as the V			
	od on Other Units, List Units by Serial No.			
Not Write in This Space				
	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>			
Failure Analysis Performed?	YES NO Organization That Performed Failure Analysis HSD 1 X 2 Failure Analysis Report Number ACS-2093-2.3-099 Date 31 Aug. 1	972		
Action Taken on Failed Unit	1 [X] Rework/Repair 2 [X] Modified 3 [Discorded 4 Replaced 5 None Date Aug. 1972 Organization That Performed Rework/Repair HSD			
Is Retest Required?	1 [X] Yes 2 [] No If Yes, State Rotest Requirements Done - See above report			
Retest Results	Satisfactory Unsatisfactory Remarks:			
Unit Name D				
Unit May Be Used For	Flight Test Only			
Mo Day Date MR	GSFC Project Approval GSFC MRRT Approval Date Gontyagger (Eproval 10/2	13.		
Closed	7/1< B5 CONY	4		
***************************************	$\rho_{\rm C}$, $\mu_{\rm C}$			

7. S.	GSFC MALFUNCTION REPURT
(I) Project / RAE-B	(2) Spacecraft (3) Operation (4) These has
(5) System or Experiment	1: (6) Date & Time Yr Mo Day Time (7) Date Mo Day 18
NAM	JERNAC HUMBER
(9) Compenent	
(10) Assembly	
(11) Sub-Assembly	
(12) Part	Manufacturers Part Number
	1 Qualification Test 3 Integration Test 7 Bench Test
The second secon	2 ☐ Acceptance Test 5 ☐ Launch Operations 8 ☐ Post Launch Reliability: F.N. 5/16
2006	1 Acceleration 3 Thermal-Vacuum 5 Humidity 7 Ambient A RFI/2 Shock 4 Temperature 6 Vibration 8 Acoustic 0 Vacu
8938	1 Part 3 Assembly 5 System (7033) 2 Sub-Assembly 4 Component 6 Spacecraft
(16) REFERENCE	SVH3 5619 4.3.11
Spacecraft Log Book #	Page Test Procedure Para
	ction: VCP: was und regard thermal verification esting at G. S., Valley F
per awo il or K	of din has Teen Procedure. At the end of 2 hours, tank term, was 1127
	on tinuation of trailing Test (authorized by TWA OSFC to HS dated 5/12/72
Target clowers or	
	copyright liky a. K. Moore
	C. J. Name Phone: (203) 523-1521 xind Organization: Hamilton Standard
Do Not Write in This Spac	
(19) Cause of the Malfunction:	<u> </u>
test results indica	ated. Hamilton then conducted a series of development tests on various l
	rations. It was found that line insulation could be manufactured and
	stantially improved thermal characteristics but that it would require add
	power even when the best line insulation configuration was used.
Do Not Write in This Spac	e .
(20) Corrective Action Taken:	Agreement was then reached with NASA to proceed with the following action
a) determine by ana	alysis any changes to the tank thermal design required to maintain proper
	s b) remove and replace the line insulation with the best available confi
	the thermocouple instrumentation with G.F.E. thermistors d) rewire the pr
	rs to provide I watt heat input to each line e) conduct a thermal vacuum
	lant line, simulating worst case specification with zero sun input. The
2828	d on Other Units, List Units by Seriol No. $\left(\frac{n}{n}20\right)$ continued on attached sheet)
Do Not Write in This Space	
(21) Failure Analysis Performed?	YES NO Organization That Performed Failure Analysis HSD 1 [X] 2 [] Failure Analysis Report Number ACS-2093-2.3-099 Date 31 Aug. 19
(22) Action Taken on Failed Unit	1 Nework/Repair 2 Nodified 3 Discarded 4 Replaced 5 None Date Aug. 1972 Organization That Performed Rework/Repair HSD
(23) Is Retest	1 X Yes 2 No If Yes, State Retest Requirements Done - See above report
Required?	Satisfactory Description Country
(°4) Retest Results	Satisfactory Unsatisfactory Remarks:
(25) Unit May Be Used For	Flight Test Only 1 [X] 2 [7]
Yr Ma Day Date MR	1. 1/
	B6.
	1 1 177 PAGE, 2 CONTH COPY

	GSFC MALFUNCTION REPORT NOD 02909
HAE-B	(2) Spacecraft (3) Operation (4) Units HRS CYS
stem or Experiment	(6) Date & Time Yr Mo Day Time (7) Date Mo Day (8) Critical of Malfunction 71 (75 (75) 1 of Report 75 1 3
NAM	
Gompenent	Harilton
SIP 3 1 1	
Assembly	
Sub-Assembly	
Part	Manufacturers Part Number
Malfunction Occurred During	1 Acceptance Test 3 Integration Test 7 Integration Test 7 Integration Test 7 Integration Test 2 Integration Test 5 Integration 8 Integration Reliability: 15 No. 5/18/72
) Environment	1 Acceleration 3 Thermal-Vacuum 5 Humidity 7 Ambient A RFI/EMC
When Failed	2 Shock 4 Temperature 6 Vibration 8 Acoustic 0 Vacuum
) Hardware Level When Failed	1 Port 3 Assembly 5 System (VCPS) 2 Sub-Assembly 4 Component 6 Spacecraft
REFERENCE	Page Test Procedure
roft Log Book #	Page Test Procedure Page Para Test Procedure Para Test Procedure Page Para Test Procedure Page Page Page Page Page Page Page Pag
	we. and the Control of the and of 2 hours, tank teem. was till?
d l'na repo. N	as - 17. The required torp. to hoof min. Unit was returned to HT (Windsor
	continually of the Test (authorized by TMX GSFC to H3 dated 5/12/72).
	sta 1s 7/11/12.
	appensibility w. K. Moore
	r, s 144 Phone: (203) 523-1521 Mills Organization: Esmilton Standard
c Not Write in This Spec	
	X (#20 continued) analysis indicated that the proper temperature range would he proper emittance to absorbence ratio is selected. The proper (X/C ratio
	vering 56% of the tank black paint strip area with vapor deposited gold
	the propellant tanks modified in this way, the min 60° cruise temperature is
ulated to be 9	6°F with a 50°F min temp. during the 2 hr. dark transient. VCPS propellant
es were reinsul	ated and the line heaters rewired in accordance with E.C. E40500-64. The
o Not Write in This Spac	<u> </u>
	thermal vacuum test was performed and test data analyzed. The minimum
temperatures	under any flight is calculated to be 51° E. This Malfunction Report is s of the above action and the acceptance Hamilton Standard Thermal Report
2093-2.3-099.	s of the above action and the acceptance namifiton boandard instinct heport
20/3/2:3/0//:	
ective Action is Require	d on Other Units, List Units by Serial No.
o Not Write in This Spec 	
N E-ilus Alusis	YES NO Organization That Performed Failure Analysis HSD
 Failure Analysis Performed? 	1 [X] 2 [] Failure Analysis Report Number ACS-2093-2.3-099 Date 31 Aug. 1972
2) Action Taken on Failed Unit	1 Nework/Repair 2 Modified 3 Discarded 4 Replaced 5 None Date Organization That Performed Rework/Repair HSD
3) Is Refest Required?	1 [X] Yes 2 [] No If Yes, State Retest Requirements Done - See above report
1) Retest Results	Sotisfactory Unsatisfactory Remarks:
5) Unit May Be	Flight Test Only
Used For	1 (X) 2 (1)
Mo Day Date MR Closed	GSFC Project Approval GSFC MRRT Approval Date Contractor Approval 10/5/72
	76< B7 Page 3 Copy 4

Hamilton		U	
	UNITED	AIRCHAFT	CORPORATION
Standard		He	

SVHSER 6226

APPENDIX C

VIBRATION REPORT

DATE 6/20172

SLS TEST ENGINEERING TEST REPORT

FILE	CODE	TER	2767
D.4.			

	4	UA	IIE	
PROGRAM RAE-B TES	ST ITEM SV74	87 z 0	s/n!	
IAME OF TEST QUAL VIBRA	TION	DATE OF TEST 4	1/15-4/18/	55
EST SPECIFICATION 5V113 5	619	TEST PLAN		
CONCLUSIONS			`~·.	•
				
	·			
RECOMMENDATIONS (OPTIONAL)		·		
RESPONSE CURVES, VIBRATION TEST.				
75 - 77 - 77 - 77 - 77 - 77 - 77 - 77 -				
				4
*				
OTAL TEST TIME				
NDURANCE CYCLES				
ORIGINAL COPY				
CC: CHIEF OF RELIAB./CHIEF OF DEST ENGINEERING FILE				
EST ENGINEER WESMITH		APPROVED/DATE	EMERO 6	20/78
115-21				

Ciii

78<

	Memo File Gode KAEB-VG/3-12/2
Memorandum to:	Page of 3
Program RAF-B	Test Item(s) VCPS
Date of Test 4-15 /4-18-72	Serial No.(s) 0000/
Name of Test QUALIFICATION	
Specification AT-VCPS	
Subject:	
THE ABOVE ITEM WAS	VIBRATED AT HSD
ON RIGZE IN A LOADED	AND PRESSURIZED
CONDITION. THE VCPS WAS	MOUNTED ON FIXTURE
SVSK 79594. PORTIONS OF	THE TESTING WERE
PERFORMED WITH THE VCPS	ONLY AND OTHERS
WERE PERFORMED WITH THE	SPACECRAFT MOUNTED
TO THE VCPS.	
CONCLUSION: THE VO	CPS CAN WITHSTAND
THE SPECIFIED VIBRATION	WITH NO SIGNS OF
STRUCTURAL DEGRADATION	WHILE LOADED WITH
45±0.5LBS HIGH PURITY	WATER, AND PRESSURIZED
TO 260 I PSIA GN2.	
	CON'T
Test Engineer S. ME HMED JR	
Signature Sami Mehned h	
Date of Report 5-12-72	
Approved July Molouch Date	My 12, 1972

Memo	File	Code	RAE	B-	VCPS-	12
Dage	No	7	of	7		

DEVIATIONS:
1) RESPONSE DATA FROM LOCATION [HZ]
PRESSURE TRANSDUCER MOUNT, TEST 14 LOOKS
VERY QUESTIONABLE AS SHOWN BY TRACE 49.
THE ACCELEROMETER AT LOCATION [HZ] WAS
NOT DAMAGED OR UNFASTENED, HOWEVER THE
SIGNAL SHOWN ON TRACE 49 REPRESENTS
NOISE ONLY.
2) TEST 16, TRACE 60 REPRESENTING
LOCATION [HZ] MUST BE QUESTIONED SINCE
TRACE 49 DOES NOT LOOK REALISTIC. TRACE
60 HOWEVER DOES APPEAR TO REPRESENT
A REALISTIC LEVEL
3) TEST Nº 16 WAS ACCEPTED BY NASA
REPRESENTIVE MR M. CALABRESE, AFTER
THE FOLLOWING OVERTEST OCCURRED.
(I.O.C. ACCEPTING THE TEST IS INCLUDED IN
THE REPORT). SUBJECTED TEST ITEM TO
6. 2 GPK FROM 23-27 HZ AND # 2.9 GPK AT
82HZ. THE CAUSE WAS OUE TO A
MALFUNCTION IN THE ELECTRONIC SWEEP/HOLD
CONTROL LOGIC.
4) TEST 10, TRACE 23, LUCATION (BY)
DATA WAS NOT SECURED BECAUSE THE
ACCELEROMETER LOOSENED FROM ITS
ATTACHMENT POINT. C-B CON'T

DEVLATIONS CON'T
5) A REDUCED CONTROL CURVE FOR TEST
Nº 7, Y AXIS, IS NOT INCLUDED. THE
INFORMATION WAS NOT RECORDED FOR THIS
TEST BECAUSE THE DATA PATCH CORD
WAS NOT PROPERLY CONNECTED TO THE
RECORDER INPUT
6) TEST NUMBER 17 AND TEST NUMBER 10
TRACES 24 AND 13 RESPECTIVELY INDICATED
TOLERANCE DEVIATIONS AT 60HZ AND 120HZ,
THESE DEVIATIONS WERE CAUSED BY 60 HZ
NOISE WHICH WAS NOT DETECTED OURING
THE TEST.
RESULTS:
i) THE SPACE CRAFT C.G. DID NOT EXCEED
14.5 GPK DURING TESTING BETWEEN 16 AND
23 HZ AS LIMITED BY THE SPECIFICATION.
2) THE SPACE CRAFT C.G DID EXCEED ± 4.56PK
AS SHOWN ON TRACE 24 TEST 7 ONLY.
3) NO VISIBLE STRUCTURAL DAMAGE WAS
3) NO VISIBLE STRUCTURAL DAMAGE WAS

Table of Contents

Test		kground	Section	I
	C)	Instrumentation and Calibration List Block Diagram of Test System Illustration of Item & Transducer Location Random Analysis Outline		
X - A	Axis A)	Sine Data	Section	II
	B)	Random Data		
Y - 1		Sine Data	Section	II
	B)	Random Data		
Z - 4		Sine Data	Section	ŢΨ
	F)	Random Data		
Logs		Operator Log Instrumentation Master & Running Log Data Reduction Log	Section	Λ

Section I

Test Background

- A) Instrumentation and Calibration List
- B) Block Diagram of Test System
- C) Illustration of Item & Transducer Location
- D) Random Analysis Outline

LABORATORY OPERATIONS ENGINEERING TEST EQUIPMENT RIG 26 MB C210

ITEM	MANUFACTURER	ACCURACY	MODEL	S/N
Signal Conditioner	Unholtz-Dickie	±2%	610RM-3	133
Signal Conditioner	Unholtz-Dickie	±2%	610 R	202
Logarithmic Converter	Moseley	±5%	N165-T2	451
Logarithmic Converter	Moseley	±5%	7561A	825-00944
Exciter Control	MB Electronics	<u>+</u> 4%	N575/ 576	142
*Differential AC/ DC Voltmeter	John Fluke	±0.05%	803BR	582
Wide Range Oscillator	Hewlett Packard	<u>+</u> 2%	200CDR	229 - 45434
Oscilloscope	Hewlett Packard	±5%	130C	3 200 - 1326
*Counter	Anadex	±1 Count	CF200R	2933
Dynamic Analyzer	Spectral Dynamics	Linearity ±3% D.C. Out ±0.25db Filter Sig.±0.25db	SD101A	233
*Spectral Density				
Voltmeter	Ballantine	±2%	321	866
X-Y Plotter	Moseley	±5%	135	1542
X-Y Plotter	Hewlett Packard	±5%	7030A	823-01313
Dynamic Analyzer	Spectral Dynamics	±0.25db Log D.C.	SD101B	39
Sine Mave Center	Ling Electronics		SCO-100	39

Standard Calibration Period - Entire system 2 months and also item * are 4 months.

TEST EQUIPMENT (cont'd) RIG 26 MB C210

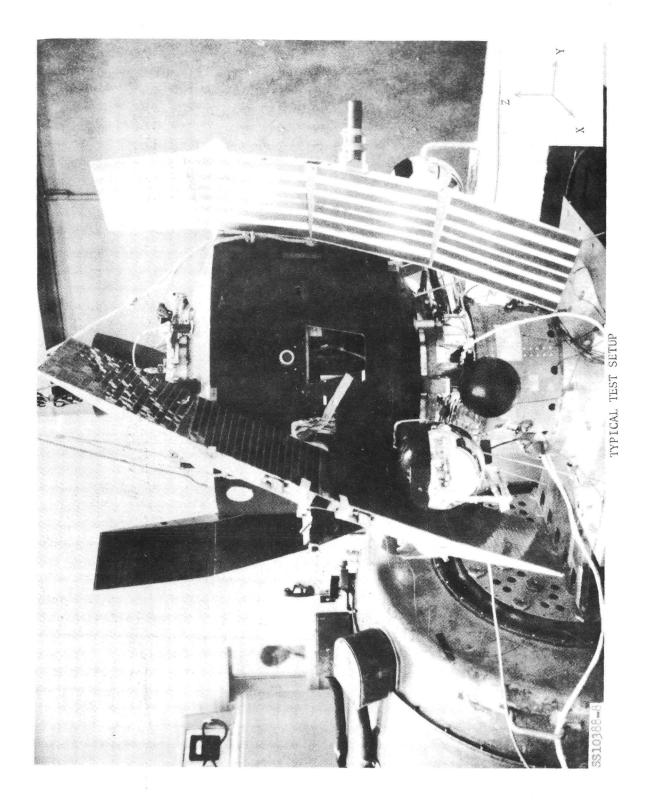
ITEM	MANUFACTURER	MODEL	S/N
Galvanometer Amplifier	Honeywell	T66A- 500	6-3373
Attenuator	Hewlett Packard	350A	E11060
Constant Level Output Adapter	Spectral Dynamics	SD11	39
Tape Junction Unit	HSD	В	1
Oscilloscope	Tektronix	RM561-A	009168
Time Base Horiz. Plug-In	Tektronix	2B67	016133
Four Trace Vert. Amp. Plug In	Tektronix	3A74	003197
Spectrum Equalizer	Ling Electronics	SE80D	113
Spectrum Equalizer	Ling Electronics	SE80C	114
Channel Mode Selector	Ling Electronics	CM4OB	271
Low Frequency Equalizer	Ling Electronics	5LF-8A	174
Manual Selector Switch	Ling Electronics	SSM-100A	114
Channel Mode Selector	Ling Electronics	CM4OB	263
Control Panel	Ling Electronics	CP-10B	170
Driver Amplifier	Ling Electronics	A-10	165
Dual Noise Generator	Ling Electronics	GRN200B	167

TEST EQUIPMENT (cont'd) RIG 26 ME C210

ITEM	MANUFAC'TURER	MODEL	s/N
Meter Range Selector	Ling Electronics	MR/+OB	282
Meter Range Selector	Ling Electronics	MR4OB	278
Power Distribution	Ling Electronics	PB10	162
Displacement Limiter	MB Electronics	N20	429
Multiple Level Control	MB Electronics	N661	340
Multiple Channel Amplifier	MB Electronics	N270	401
Equalizer By-Pass	MB Electronics	N322	586
Control Panel	MB Electronics	N619	344
Amplitude Protector Control	MB Electronics	N56	481
Null Meter Panel	MB Electronics	N152	315
Power Supply	MB Electronics	N138	168
Amplifier	MB Electronics	5140	302
Exciter	MB Electronics	C210	251
Low Pass Filter	MB Electronics	N171	360
Power Supply	Ling Electronics	APS102	32
Power Supply	Ling Electronics	APS10A	165
Power Supply	Ling Electronics	APS1130	113
Power Supply	Ling Electronics	APS103	27
Spectrum Analyzer	Ling Electronics	SA100	162CAB-A
Spectrum Analyzer	Ling Electronics	SAloo	162CAB-B

TEST EQUIPMENT RIG 26 MB C210 (cont'd)

ITEM	MANUFACTURER	MODEL	S/N
Master Schedule Selector	MB Electronics	N230	397
Signal Selector	MB Electronics	N151-T1	587
Signal Selector	MB Electronics	N151-T1	616
Tape Recorder	Ampex	FR1200	122 - 0301
Visicorder	Honeywell	1508	15-2098
Galvanometer Amplifier	Honeywell	T66A-500	6-3383
Signal Selector	MB Electronics	N151-T1	586
Waveform Synthesizer	Exact	20	375
Power Supply	MB Electronics	N141	135
Transducer Excitation	EN DE VCO	SR1000EP	MBOl
Multiple Channel Scanner	MB Electronics	N280 - T2	403
Power Selector	MB Electronics	N320	215
Power Amplifier	MB Electronics	N290	467
Peak Notch Equalizer	MB Electronics	N20	722
Master Control Panel	MB Electronics	N240	579
Variable Gain Amplifier	MB Electronics	N310	434
X-Y Recorder Input Selector	MB Electronics	N74	317



Hamilton U Standard An AIRCRAFT CORP

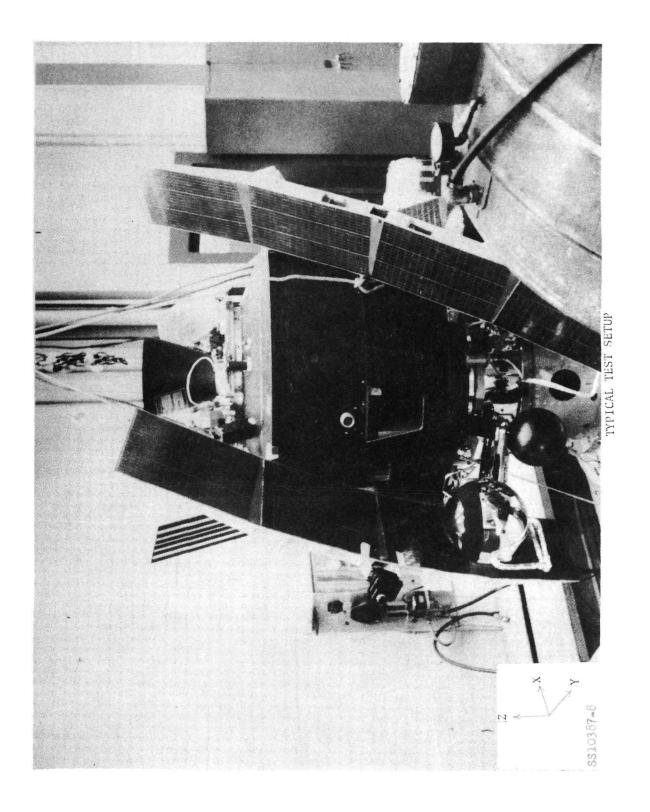
Laboratory Operations Engineering

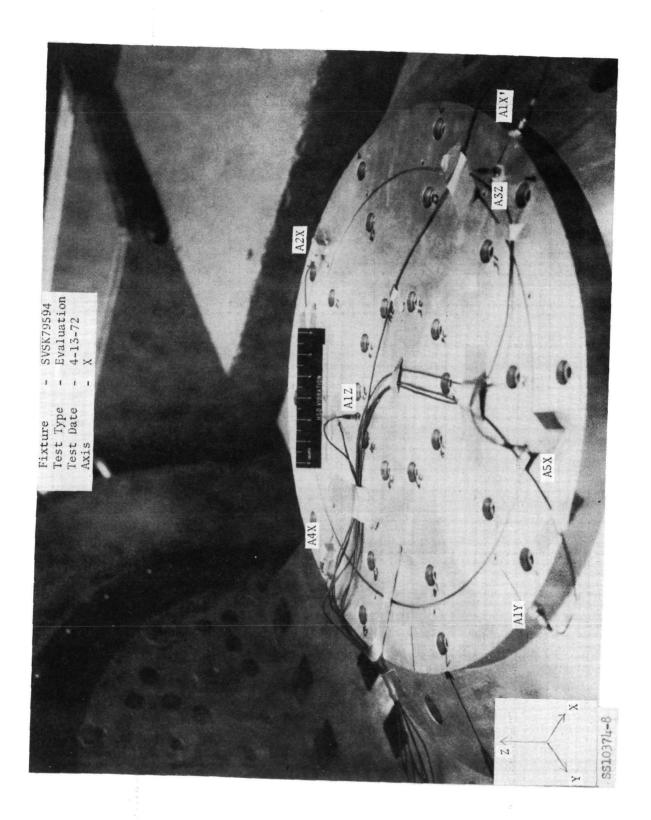
TEST EQUIPMENT

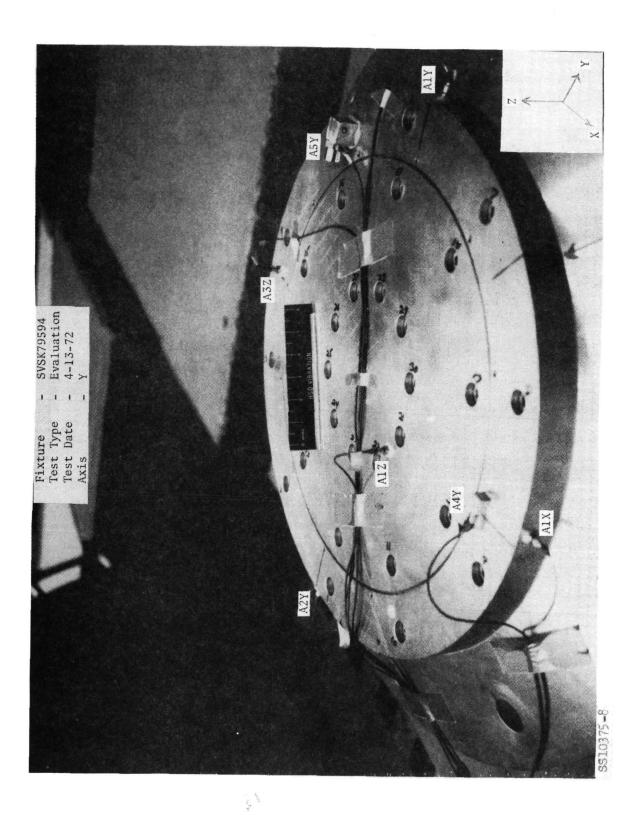
			-			
Item	Manufacturer	Accuracy	Model	s/n	Calibrated	i
Accelerometer	Endevco	±2%	2226	NB62	3-20-72	A
Accelerometer	Endevco	± 2%	2226	TD40	3-9-72	A
Accelerometer	Endevco	± 2%	2226	TE83	3-20-72	A
Accelerometer	Endevco	± 2%	2226	TD44	3-20-72	Α
Accelerometer	Endevco	± 2%	2226	TG75	3-20-72	A
Accelerameter	Endevco	± 2%	2226	WR11	3-9-72	Α
Accelerometer	Endevco	±2 %	2226	TD45	3-9-72	A
Accelerometer	Endevco	± 2%	2226	TD48	3-9-72	Α
Accelerometer	Endevco	±2%	2226	TG74	3-9-72	Α
Accelerometer	Endevco	±2%	2222	XM21	4-10-72	Α
Accelerometer	Endevco	- 2%	2222	YK20	4-10-72	Α
Accelerometer	Endevco	-2%	2222	XN32	4-10-72	Α
Accelerometer	Endevco	±2%	2222	XJ29	4-10-72	A
Accelerometer	Endevco	- 2%	2222	RN81	3-23-72	A
Accelerometer	Endevco	±2%	2222	WF75	4-10-72	Α
Accelerometer	Endevco	- 2%	2215	VG57	3-9-72	Α
Accelerometer	Endevco	- 2%	2215	VH49	3-9-72	
Accelerometer	Endevco	+ 2%	2215	WH97	3-9-72	
Accelerometer	Endevco	±2%	2215	VH46	3-9-72	

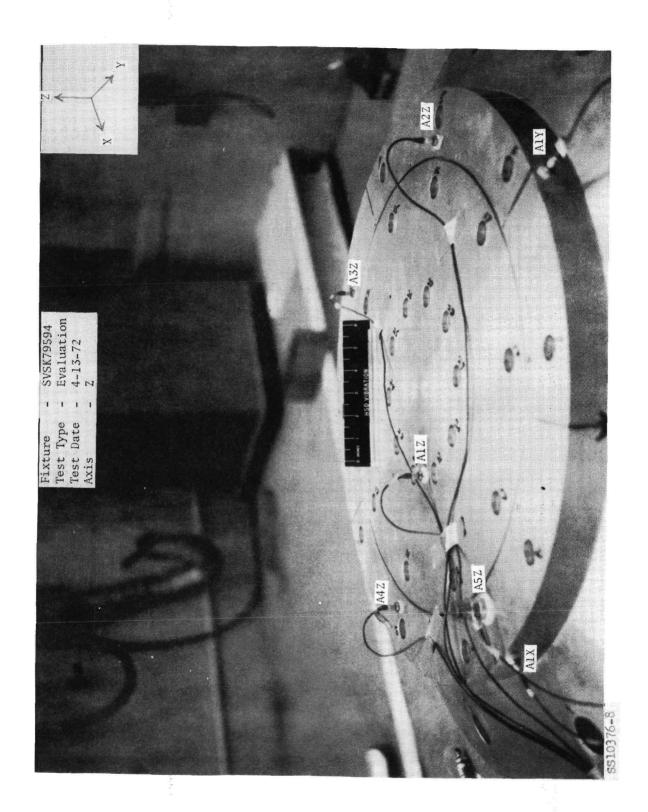
Standard calibration period is 2 months.

A = Used for this test.

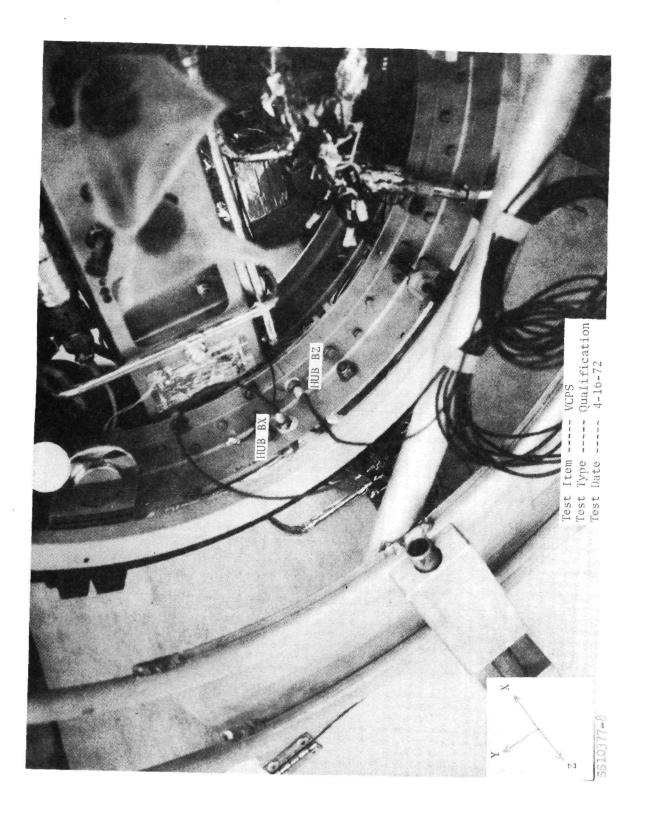


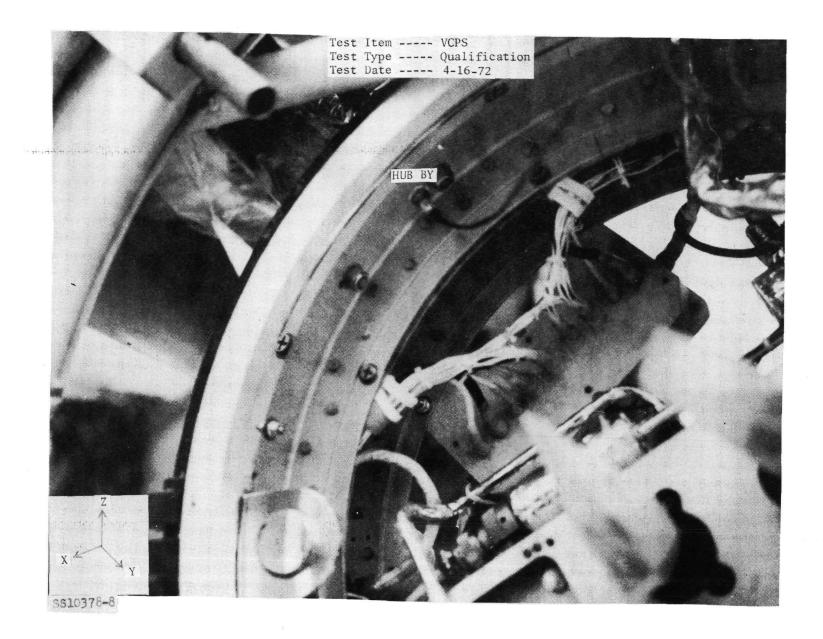


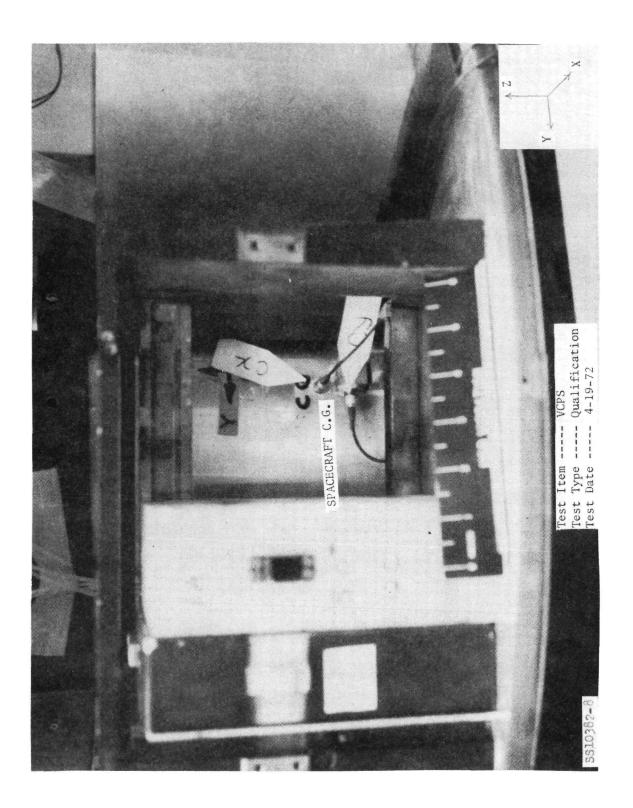


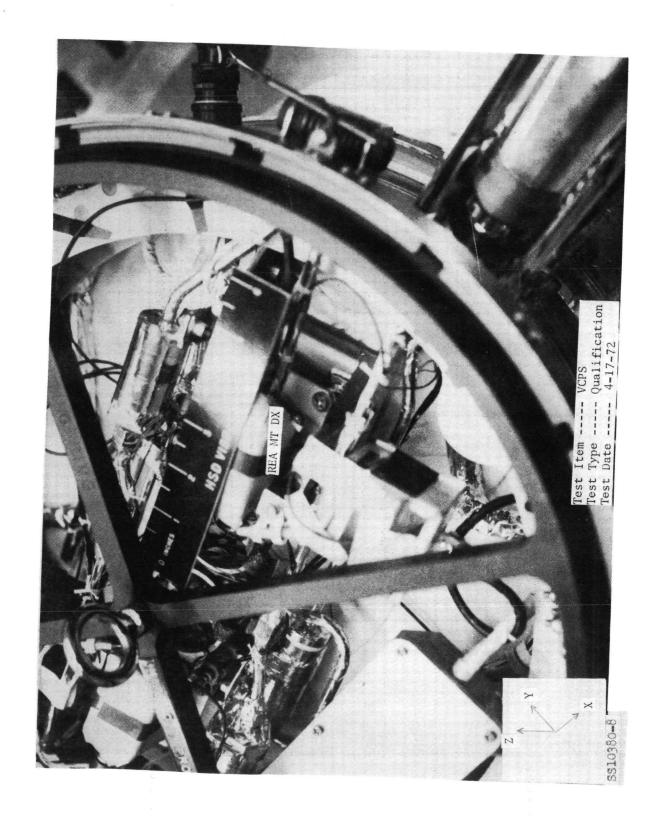


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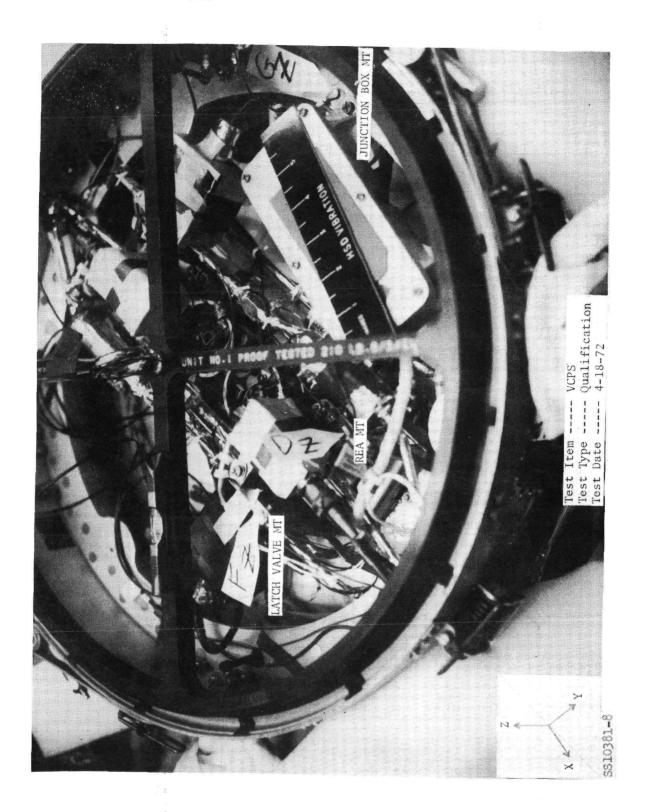


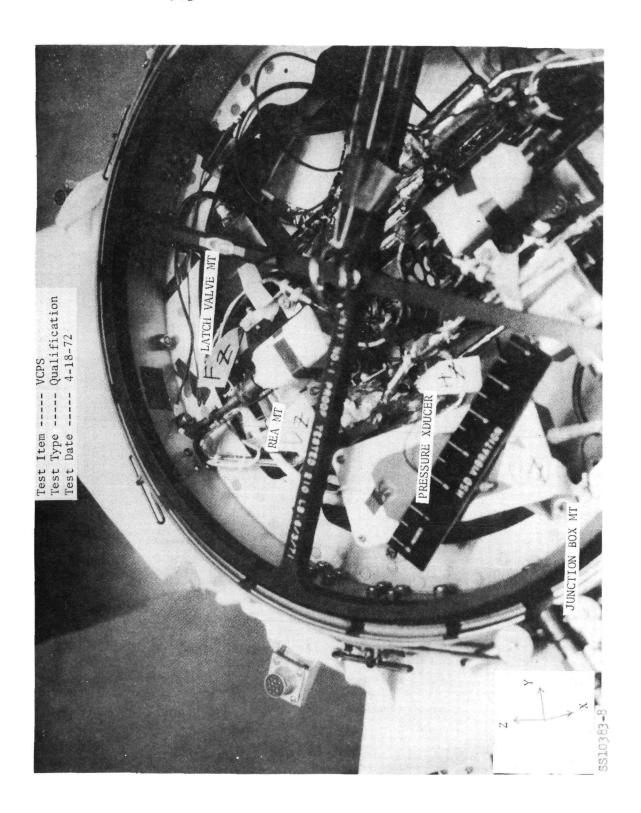






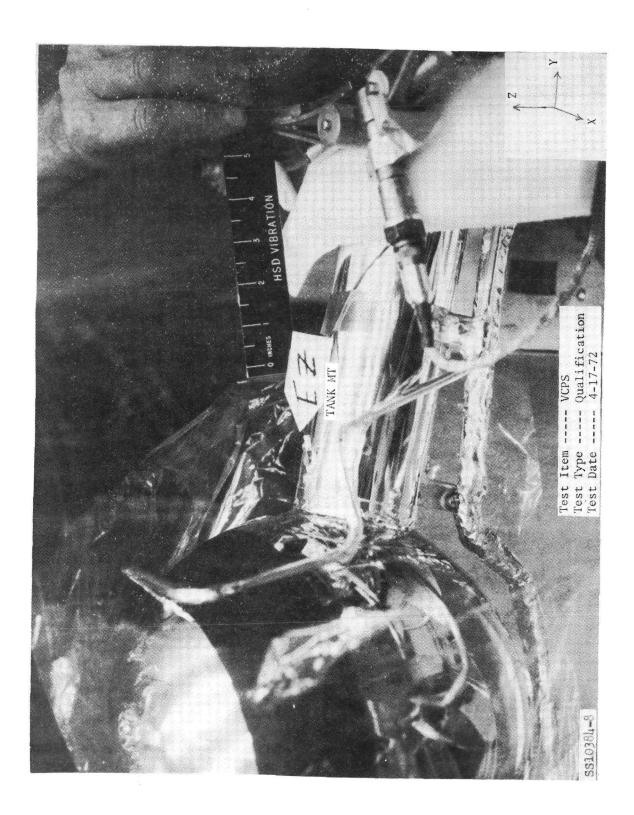


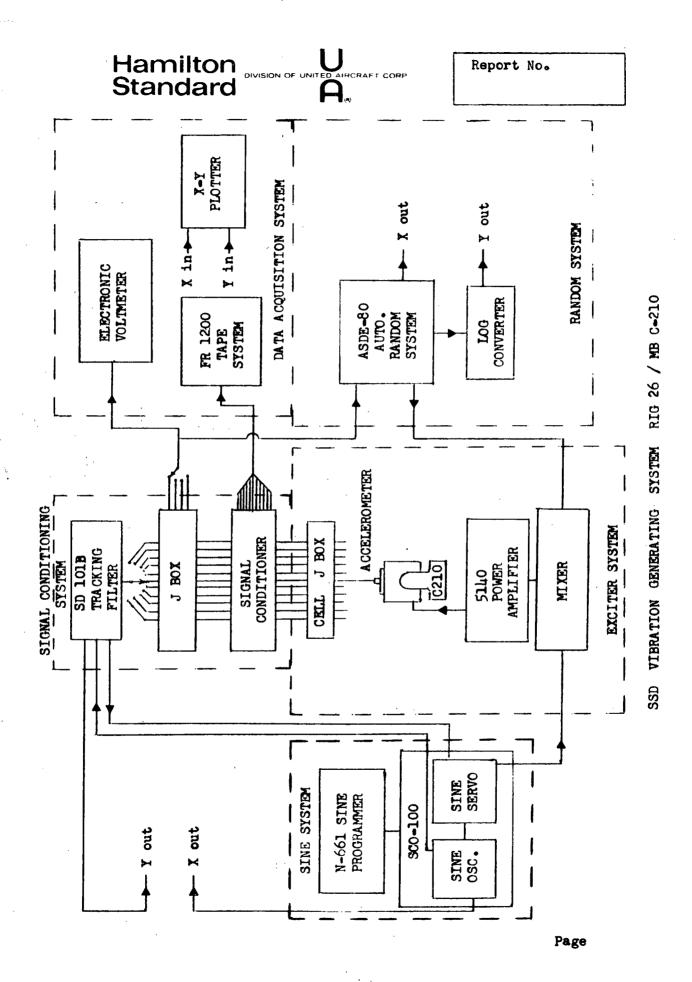












RANDOM VIBRATION ANALYSIS

METHOD B

The power spectrum density analyzer is a SD301B REAL TIME ANALYZER and a SD302A ENSEMBLE AVERAGER whose calibration for each test is based on a calibrated signal supplied from equipment listed in the instrumentation section.

1. ANALYZER PARAMETERS

Analysis Range Upper Limits (Hz)	Bandwidth (Hz) (3db Filter)	*Resolution (Hz)	Effective (Noise) Bandwidth (Hz)
20,000	60	40	64
10,000	30	20	. 32
5,000	1 5	10	16
2,000	6 .	4	6.4
500	1.5	1	1.6
100	0.30	0.2	0.32
50	0.15	0.1	0.16
10	0.03	0.02	0.032

^{*}Spacing of filter location.

2. DEGREES OF FREEDOM

For real time analysis the bandwidth resolution is the reciprocal of the analysis period (BT = 1).

 $N = 2 \times B \times T_{X}$ (No. of Ensembles)

 $N = 2 \times No.$ of Ensembles

No. of Ensembles available:

1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64 (normally used unless specified), 128, 256, 512, 1024.

Section II

- X Axis
 - A) Sine Data
 - B) Random Data

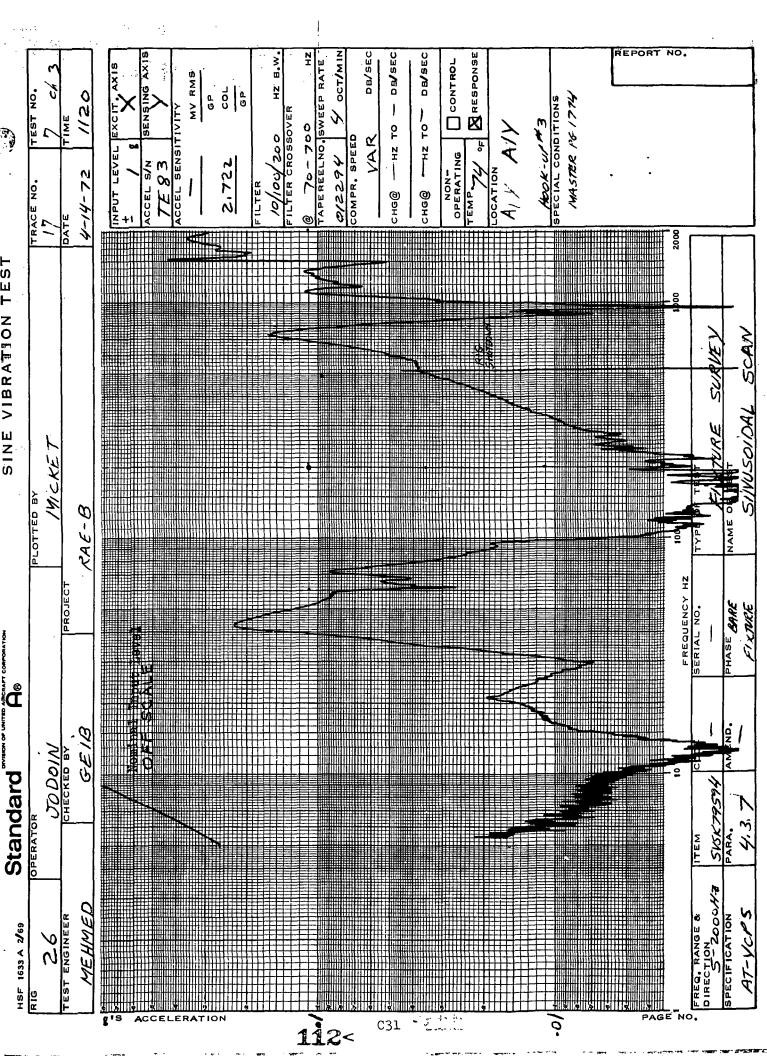
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108<

SENSING AXIS DB/SEC DB/SEC DB/SEC RESPONSE OCT/MIN @ 70 - 700 HZ CONTROL INPUT LEVEL EXCIT. AXIS MV RMS 120 COL 9 MASTER PG 1774 HOOK-UP#3 AZX HZ TO -HZ TO VAR COMPR. SPEED NON-OPERATING 2.773 TEMP. 4-14-72 ACCEL SIN 462210 сн6@ — TRACE NO. FILTER CHG@ 0 SINE VIBRATION TEST SURVEY TYPE OF TEST R4E-13 PLOTTED BY 100 FREQUENCY HZ PROJEC SE1B JODOT CHECKED BY Standard Hamilton OPERATOR ME HMED HSF 1633 A 2/69 C28

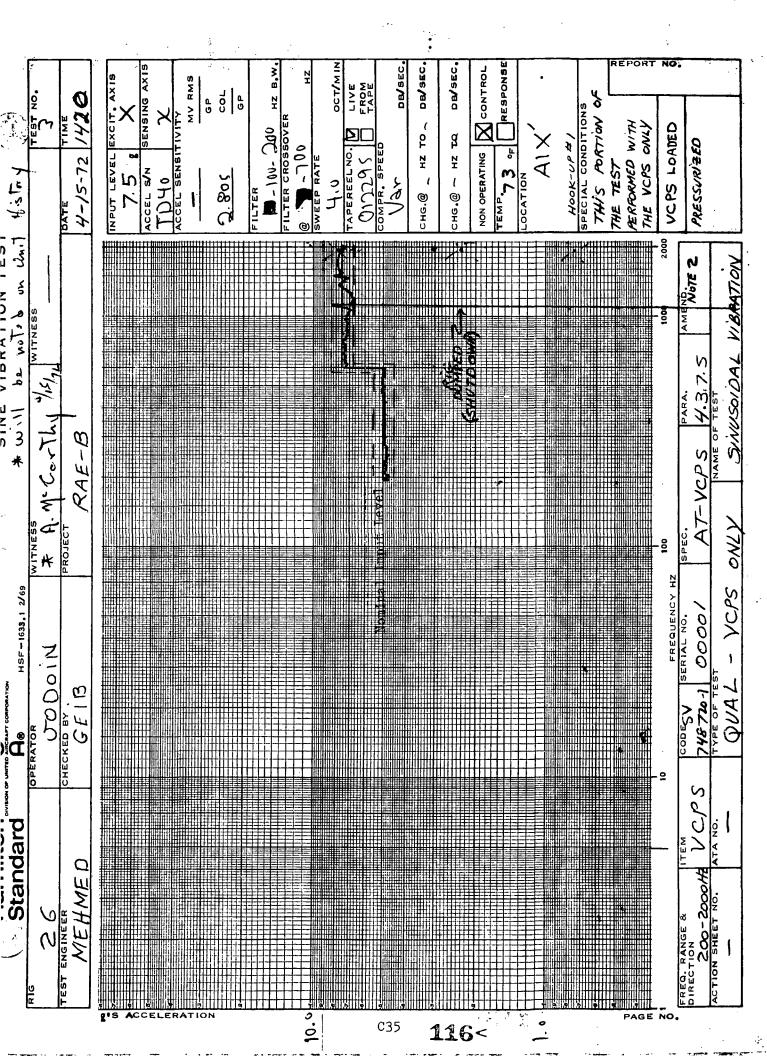
RESPONSE DB/SEC DE/SEC DB/SEC SENSING AXIS HZ B.W. 3 70-700 HZ CONTROL INPUT LEVEL EXCIT. AXIS MV RMS COL TEST NO. 1120 G G FROK-UP #3 MASTER PG 1774 ACCEL SENSITIVITY -- HZ TO -TIME A4X HZ TO アマア COMPR. SPEED NON-OPERATING 9562 462210 ACCEL S/N 21-11-4 TRACE NO. Сн6@ сна@ DATE SINE VIBRATION TEST SCAS SINUSOIDAL FIXTURE NAME OF TEST TYPE OF TEST RAE-B PLOTTED BY FREQUENCY HZ CIXTURE PHASE BARE MICRAFT CORPORATION CHECKED BY AMEND. SE18 CODE Standard ... MEHMED FREQ. RANGE & DIRECTION 26 TEST ENGINEER HSF 1633 A 2/69 SPEC IF ICATIO C29 110<

DB/SEC DB/SEC DEVSEC CONTROL INPUT LEVEL EXCIT. AXIS MV RMS COL - HZ TO b VAR COMPR. SPEED N NON-OPERATING 462210 CHG@ сн6@ SINE VIBRATION TEST RAE-B Hamilton U GEIB 9000L OPERATOR MEHHED HSF 1633 A 2/69

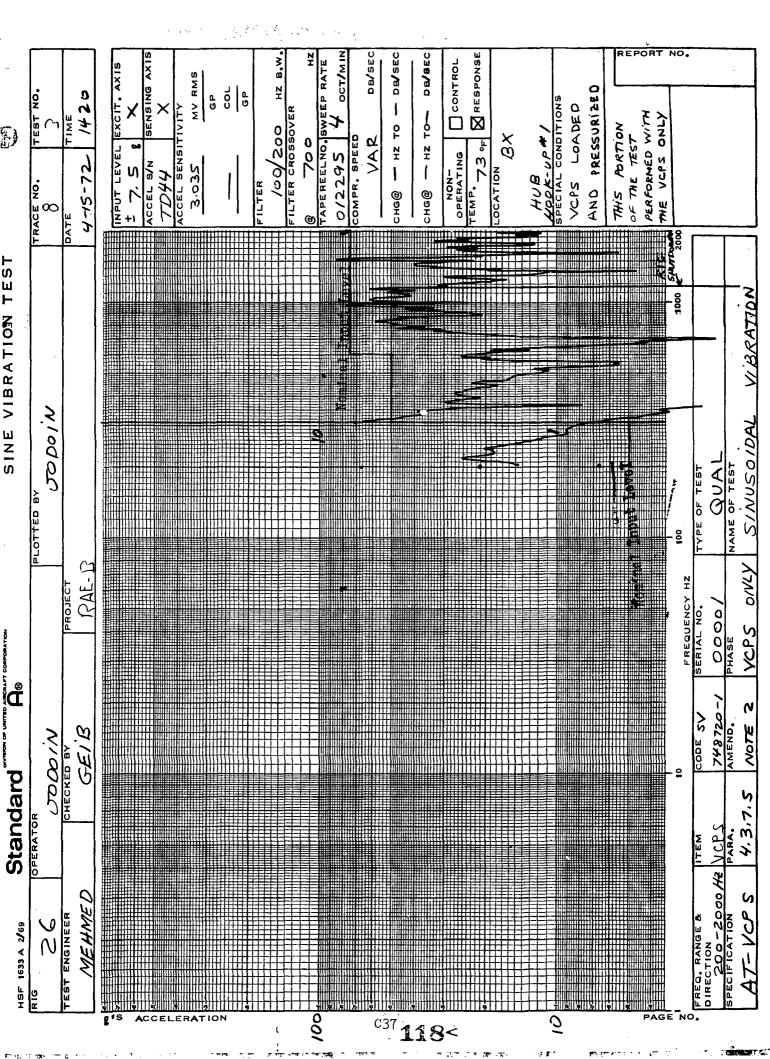


DB/SEC DB/SEC DB/SEC RESPONSE TAPEREELNO, SWEEP RATE CONTROL MV RMS COL 9 TEST NO. MASTER PG 1774 SPECIAL CONDITIONS -HZ TO -TIME 70-700 HZ TO VAR LEVEL NON-OPERATING 462210 TEMP. 74 2,698 TRACE NO. СН6@ CHG@ SINE VIBRATION TEST PLOTTED BY RAE-B PROJEC. GE1B CHECKED BY Hamilton Standard OPERATOR MEHINED 26 TEST ENGINEER HSF 1633 A 2/69

DB/SEC DB/8EC DB/SEC X RESPONSE HZ B.W. 3 70 700 HZ CONTROL MV RMS 00 GP 08/ HOOK-UP #3 MASTER PG1774 A32 HZ TO -2/2co TIME HZ TO COMPR. SPEED INPUT LEVEL OPERATING 462210 26-11-4 2,791 ACCEL S/N CHG@ -TRACE NO. ©9H0 2000 VIBRATION TEST SCAN SINE NAME OF TEST TYPE OF TEST PLOTTED BY RAE-B FREQUENCY HZ SERIAL NO. PROJECT PHASEBARE TED AIRCRAFT CORPOR AMEND. GE1B Standard CODE CHECKED BY OPERATOR MEHMED 26 TEST ENGINEER HSF 1633 A 2/69 PAGE NO. 114<



SENSING AXIS DB/SEC DB/SEC OCT/MIN DB/SEC RESPONSE TAPEREELNO, SWEEP RATE X CONTROL INPUT LEVEL EXCIT. AXIS MV RMS COL 1420 O O AND PRESSURIZED SPECIAL CONDITIONS ACCEL SENSITIVITY LOADED PERFORMED WITH 100/200 - HZ TO HOOK-UP #) THIS PORTION THE VCPS ONLY HZ TO OF THE TEST VAR TEMP. 73 % COMPR. SPEED 700 NON-OPERATING 362 270 2.805 + 7. S ACCEL S/N 4-15-72 7040 VCPS FILTER Сн6@ CHG@ TRACE DATE 2000 SINE VIBRATION TEST JODOIN TYPE OF TEST S UA PLOTTED BY .00 RAE-B FREQUENCY HZ SERIAL NO. CODE SV GE1'B JODOIN CHECKED BY Hamilton Standard OPERATOR. -2000Hz MEHMED 26 FEST ENGINEER HSF 1633 A 2/69 PAGE NO. C36

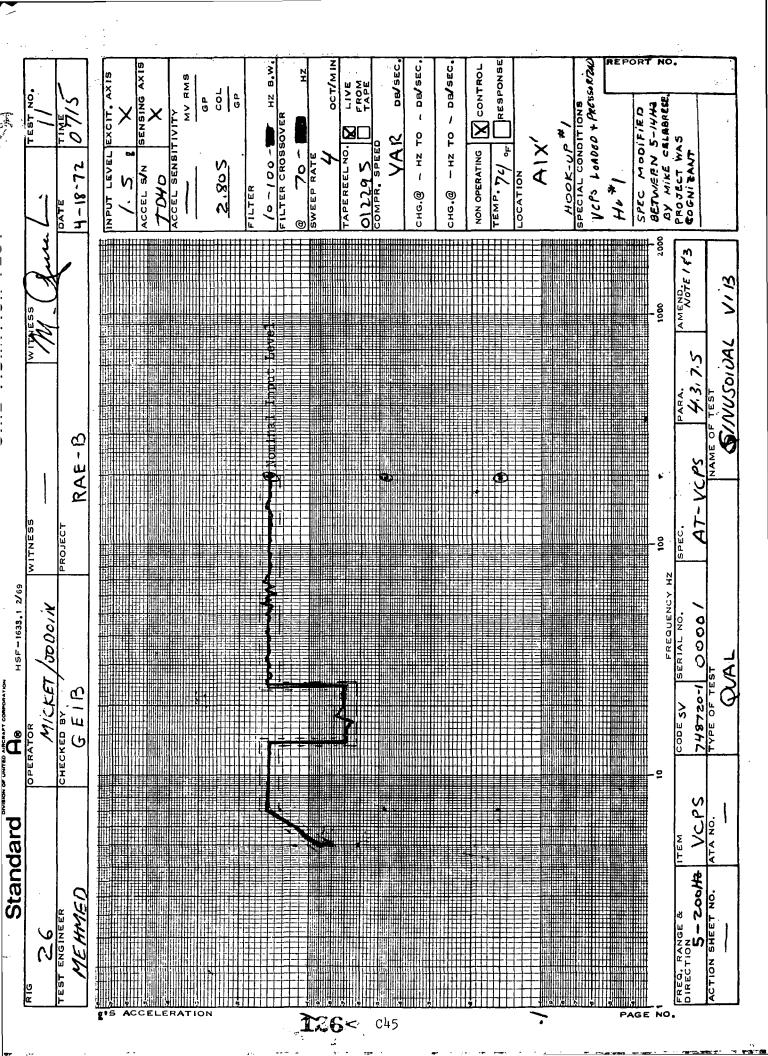


SENSING AXIS DB/SEC DB/SEC CHG@ - HZ TO - DB/SEC X RESPONSE CONTROL TAPEREELNO SWEEP RATE NPUT LEVEL EXCIT. AXIS MV RMS COL THIS PORTION OF 1420 HOOK-UP " PERFORMED WITH AND PRESSURIZED ı のバイン LTER CROSSOVER TIME HZ TO REA MOUNT 700 COMPR. SPEED \ \ \ \ \ \ TEST NON-OPERATING 562210 TEMP. THE VCPS .370 XXX VCPS 21-51-4 THE CHG@ DATE 2000 SINE VIBRATION TEST JODOIN 00 RAE-B PROJECT ڰٳ۠ٚۮ 748720-1 CODE SV CHECKED BY GE1B Hamilton Standard OPERATOR MEHMED TEST ENGINEER HSF 1633 A 2/69 C38 0

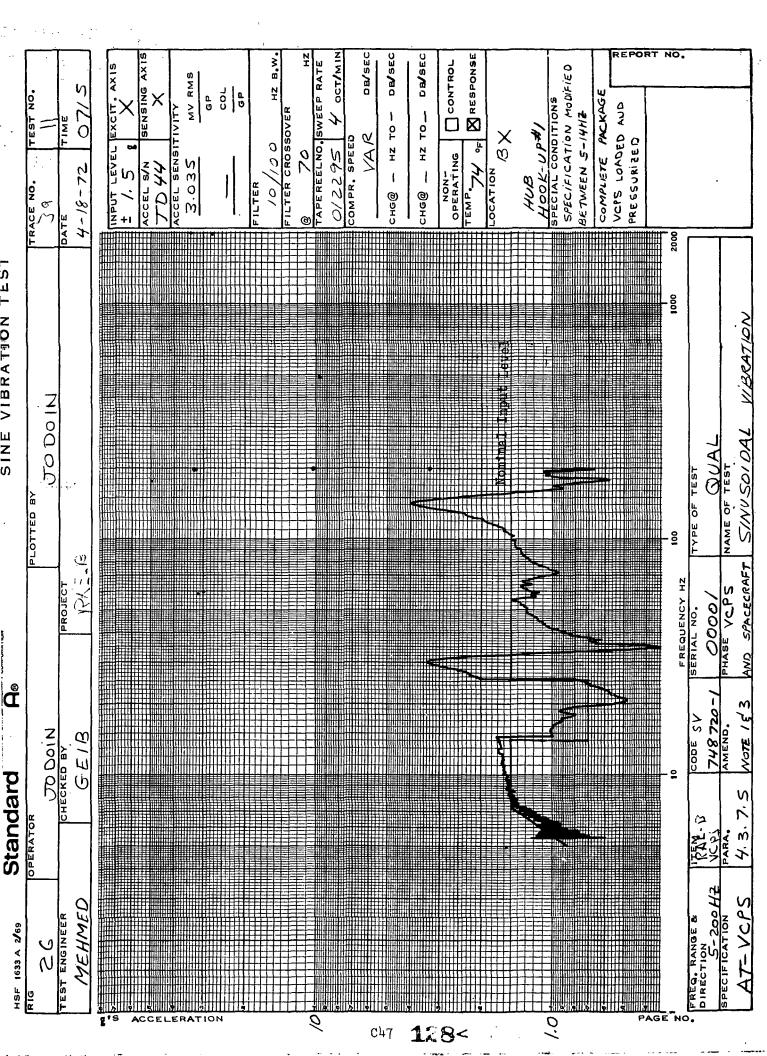
- DB/SEC OCT/MIN DB/SEC DB/SEC X RESPONSE HZ B.W SWEEP RATE CONTROL INPUT LEVEL EXCIT. AXIS MV RMS 909 G G AND PRESSURIFED TEST NO. 1420 LOADED HOOK-UP# PER FORMED WITH ILTER CROSSOVER Į THIS PORTION → HZ TO HZ TO OF THE TEST VAR TEMP. 73 of × × 002/00 COMPR. SPEED 700 LAPEREELNO. VCFS ONLY 012295 NON-OPERATING TE83 2.722 ٠, س 4-15-72 VcPs OCATION TRACE NO. FILTER снв@ CHG@ 2000 SINE VIBRATION TEST **√0000**0 QUAL TYPE OF TEST PLOTTED BY 00 RAF FREQUENCY HZ SERIAL NO. 748720-CODE SV GEIB CO DOIN Hamilton Standard OPERATOR MEHMED TEST ENGINEER HSF 1633 A 2/69 S C) 8, PAGE NO.

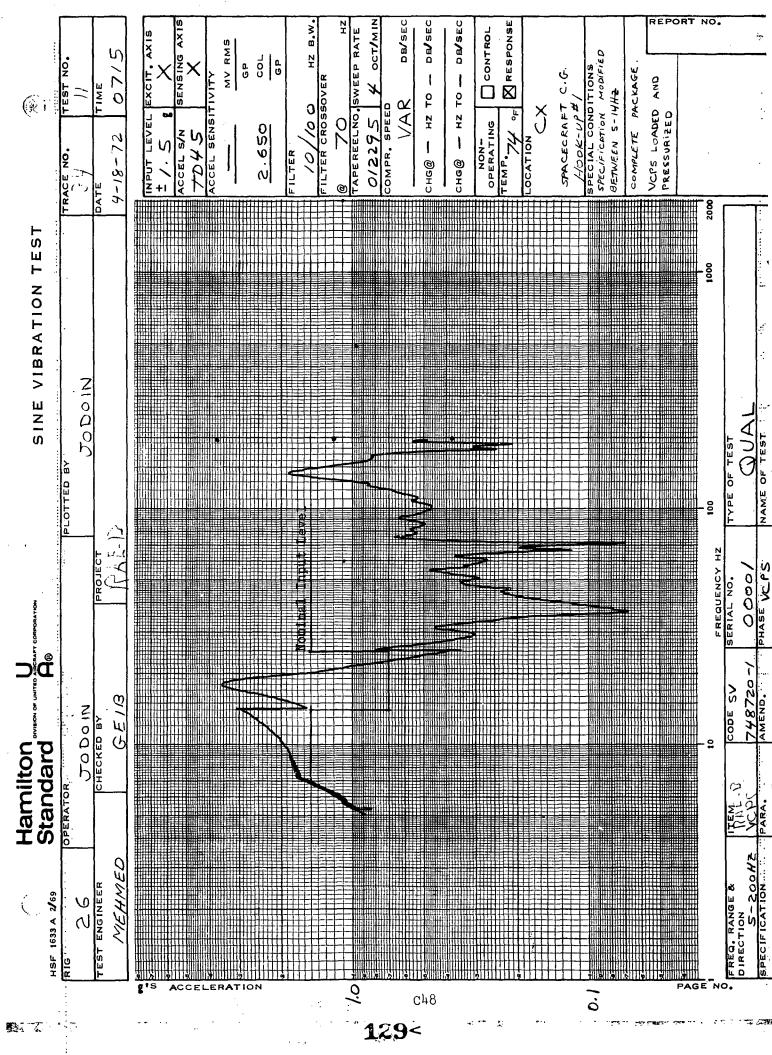
DB/SEC DB/SEC DB/SEC X RESPONSE HZ B.W APEREELNO SWEEP RATE CONTROL INPUT LEVEL EXCIT. AXIS MV RMS 1420 COL o o HOOK-UP#1 VCPS LOADED PRESSURIZED YK20 Y PERFORMED WITH HZ TO PORTION HZ TO OF THE TEST 200 OPERATING TEMP. 73 oF COMPR. SPEED VAR 700 REA MOUNT 0/2295 VCPS OIVE 1.523 *V*. *w* 4-15-72 (1001 7HIS TRACE NO FILTER 0 на ©9H0 AND SINE VIBRATION TEST JODOIN FYPE OF TEST QUAL PLOTTED BY PAE-B PROJECT Hamilton Usandard As 748720 CODE SY GE1B CHECKED BY OPERATOR WEHMED FEST ENGINEER HSF 1633 A 2/69 O N RIG C42

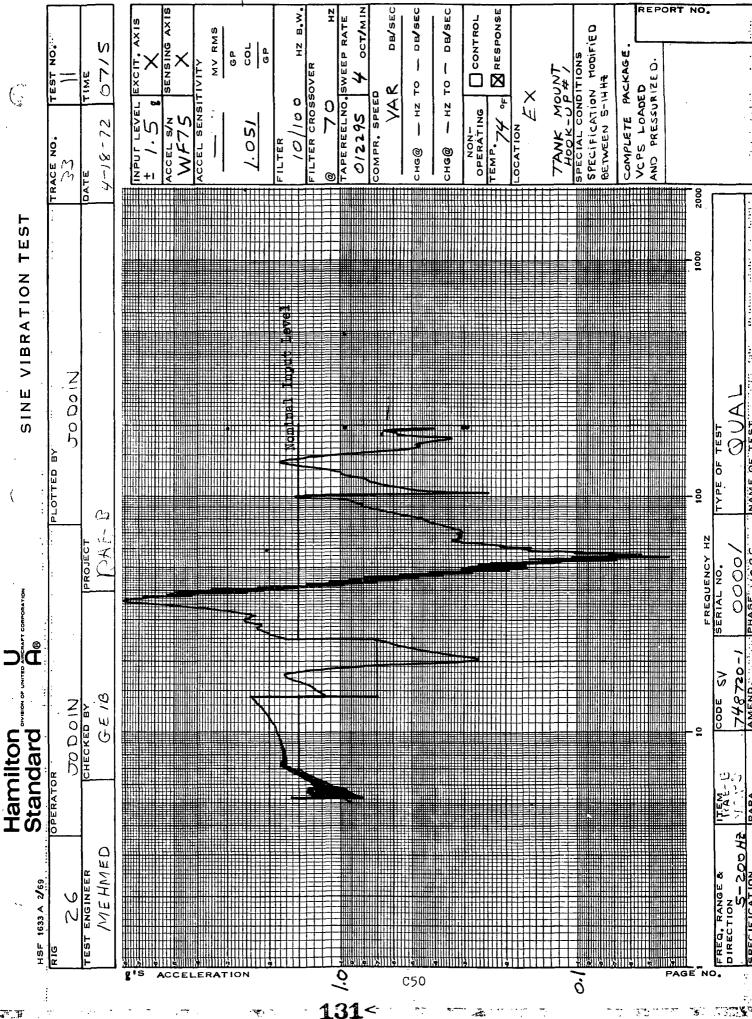
OCT/MIN DB/SEC DB/SEC DB/SEC X RESPONSE ENSING AXIS HZ .B.W. CONTROL SWEEP RATE INPUT LEVEL EXCIT. AXIS MV RMS AND PRESSURIZED 1420 CO CO G P TEST NO. G G HOOK-UP # 1 Ht 10 | VCPS LOADED ILTER CROSSOVER PERFORMED WITH THE VCPS ONLY TIME THIS PORTION OF THE TEST HZ TO VAR 200 TEMP.73 % COMPR, SPEED A12 TAPE REEL NO. 700 NON-OPERATING 012295 3,052 4-15-72 Ŋ ACCEL S/N NB62 1001 LOCATION FILTER TRACE NO. 0**99**40 CHG@ DATE 2000 SINE VIBRATION TEST Goboln TYPE OF TES PLOTTED BY PAE. B PROJECT 0000 SERIAL NO -021841 CHECKED BY CODE CV GE1B Hamilton Standard OPERATOR Vers WEHINED FEST ENGINEER HSF 1633 A 2/69 ע מא C44

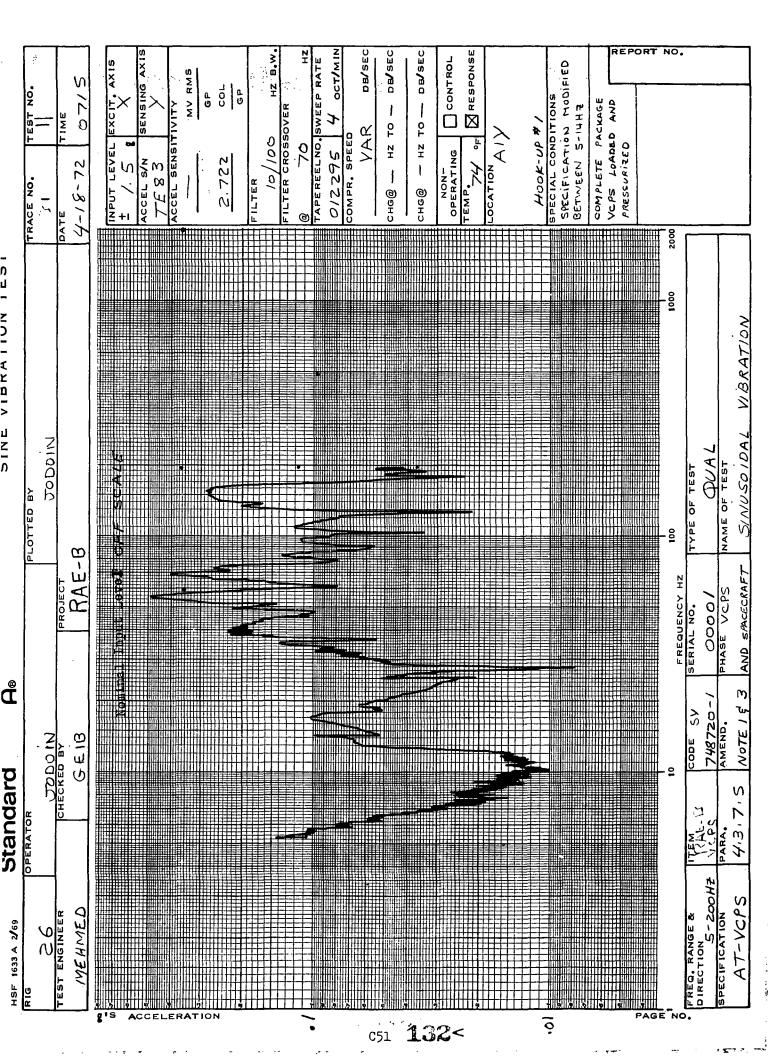


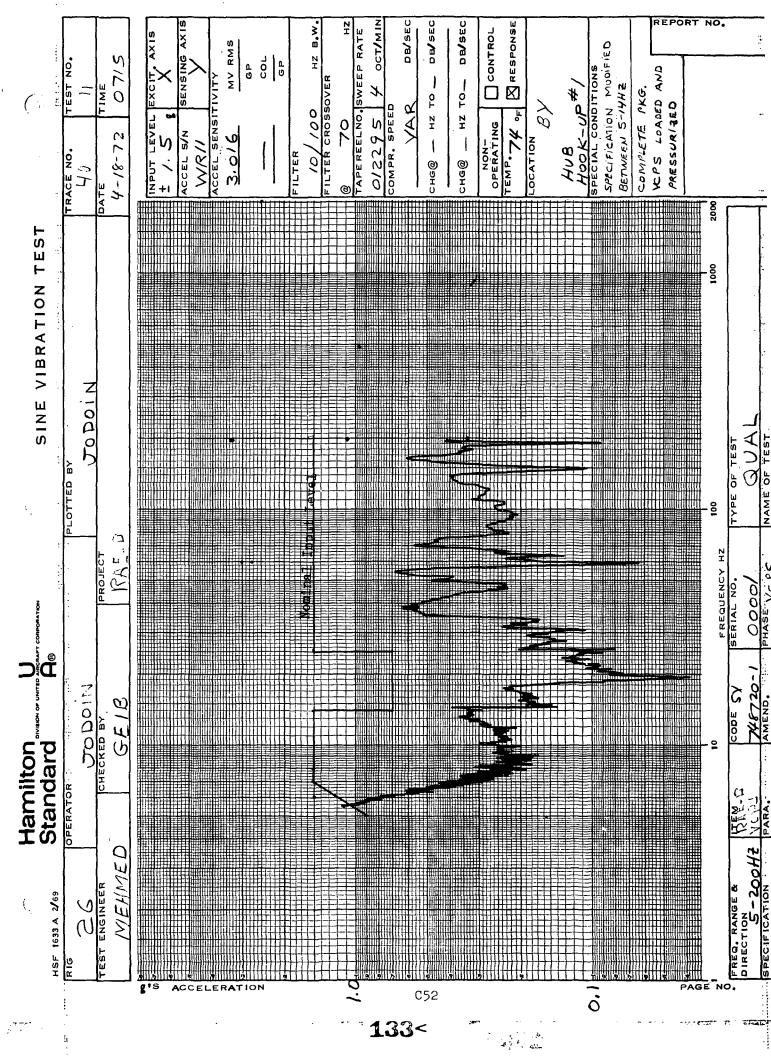
DB/SEC DB/SEC DBASEC RESPONSE SENSING AXIS SPECIFICATION MODIFIED X CONTROL TAPEREELNO SWEEP RATE INPUT LEVEL EXCIT. AXIS MV RMS 07/5 O O COMPLETE PACKAGE HOOK-UP#1 VCPS LOADED AND BETWEEN S-14 HZ. ACCEL SENSITIVITY HZ TO FILTER CROSSOVER HZ TO-00/ XXX PRESSURIBED. LOCATION AIX COMPR. SPEED 0/2295 NON-OPERATING 2.805 ACCEL S/N TEMP. 21-81-4 7040 TRACE NO. FILTER CHG@ сна@ DATE 2000 SINE VIBRATION TEST 21000h PLOTTED BY PAE-13 PROJEC GEIB CHECKED BY Hamilton Standard OPERATOR RAE-B MEHMED 26 TEST ENGINEER HSF 1633 A 4 69 PAGE NO.

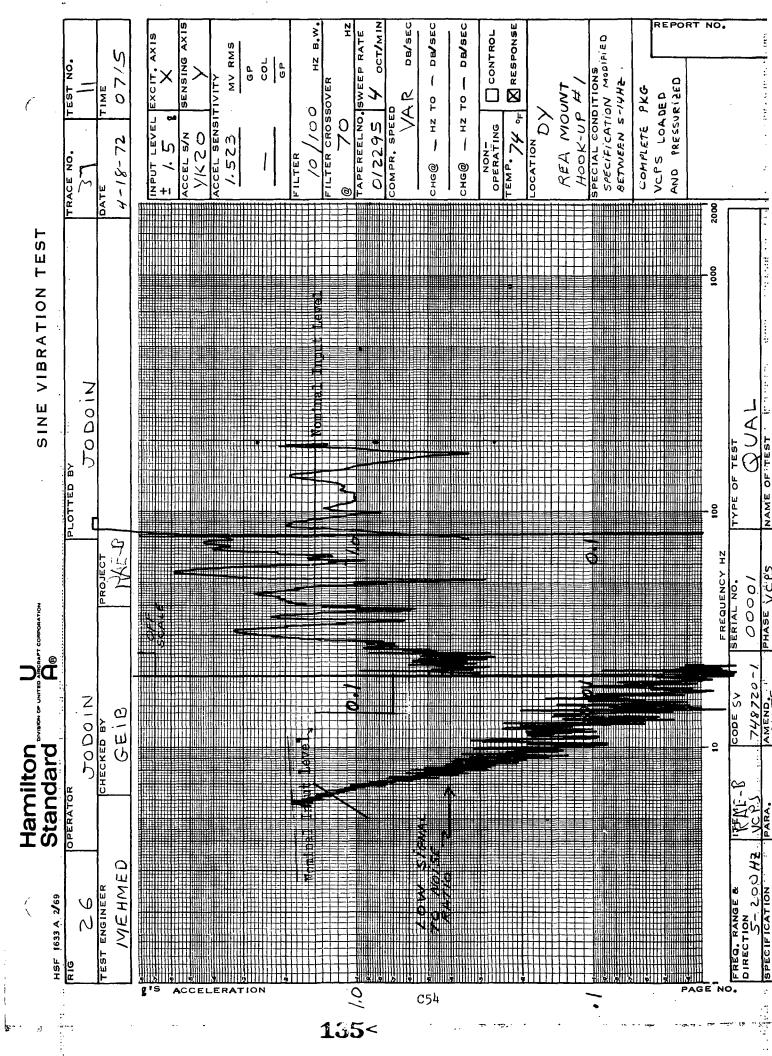


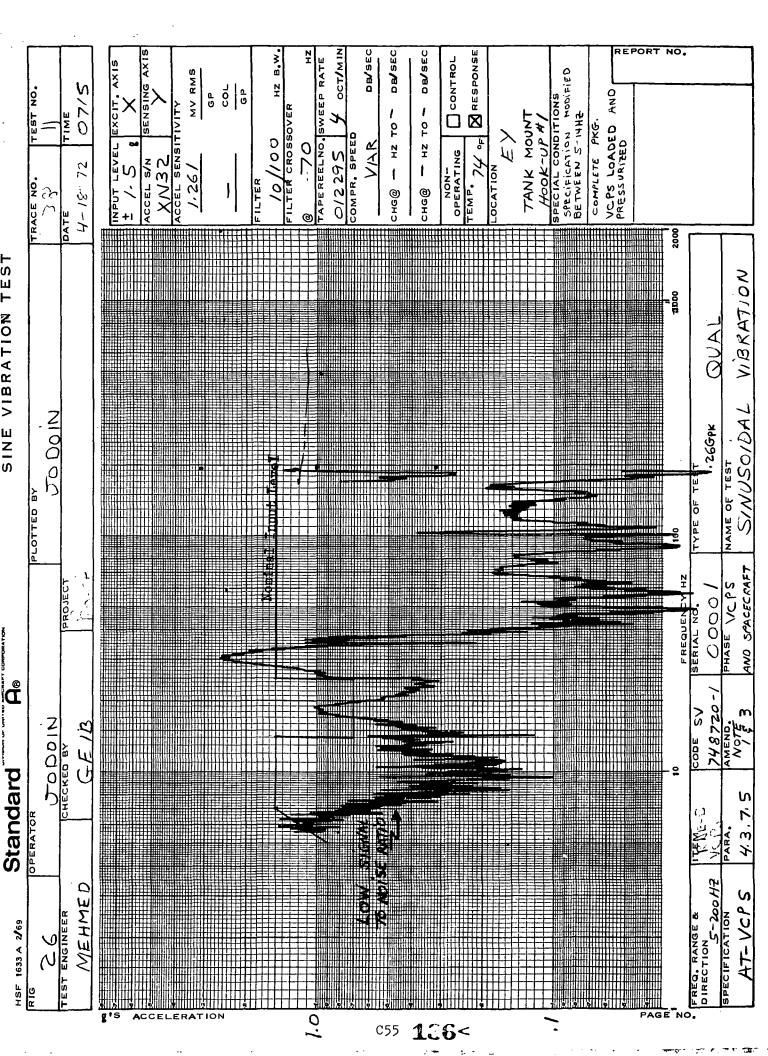


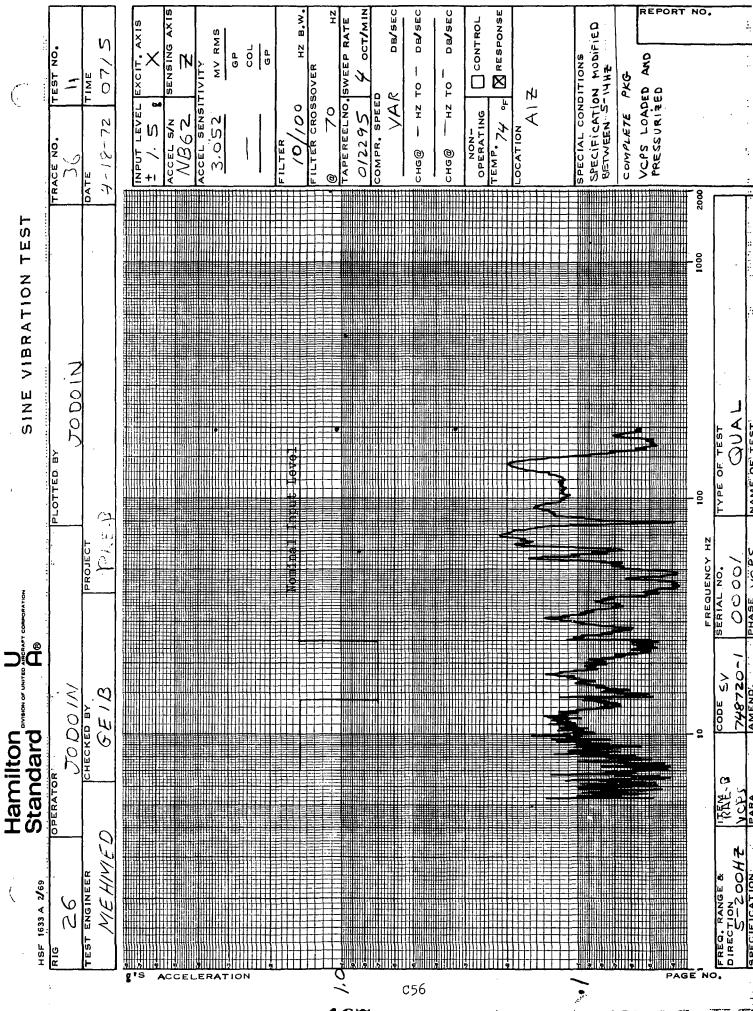












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• ·	HSF-1634A	,	Standard Haman		OM LYS	VIBRATION TEST IS METHOD A	
	PLOTTED	MCKET		TEST ENGINEER MEHMED	RIG NO.	My June	WITNESS
	PROJEC	RAE-B	C.P.S	7487	SERIAL NO.	TYPE OF TEST	
	SPEC.	AT-VCPS	4.3.7.5 RANDOM	TE PKG ATA NO.	ACTION SHEET NO.	DATE 4-18-72	TEST NO. 10
SPEC	3 3						EXCITATION ALONG
TRAL							GRMS INPUT
DENS	<u>.</u>		©			08. 10. 16. 10. 16.	NON-OPERATING TEMP. 74 0F
ITY G							PERIOD OF TEST
HZ							
•							ACCEL. SERIAL NO. TD40
. C	\$ & \$						
57 1	· ·						2.805
38	3		7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7				ACCEL. SENSING
<							AT ION
							×
10.							HOOK-UP#1
							O/229 S SPECIAL CONDITIONS
	Harring Harring						VCPS LOADED
PA							H. # 1
GE NO.							Note & 1+4 AT steels 2
				+++			,
	¥ × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×			FREQUENCY HZ 25 CPS BANDWIDTH			
	10 10	100 150	500		1500	2000	0

ACCEL	TIME
TEST ENGINEER CHECKED BY 1. G. 1. PUT EXCIT. ACCEL ACCEL	2 0650 LEVEL 9.2 GRM
ACCEL ACCEL ACCEL	9.2 GRM
ANAL ANAL	GP FILTER - HZ B.W. SPEED - OCT/MI SPEED - OCT/MI CONSTANT - SEC CALIBRATION A CALIBRATION B C CALIBRATION CONSTANT - SEC HZ F.S. CONSTANT START SEND
A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	
PROJECT ITEM CODE SV SERIAL NUMBER TYPE OF TEST RAE-B VCPS 748720-1 00001 QVAL	
RAE-B VCPS 748720-1 00001 QVAL SPEC. PARA. AMEND. AND SPACECRAFT AT-VCPS 4.3.7.5 SPACECRAFT	PAGE NO.
139<	SEP

	Hamilton Standard	VISION OF UNITED AIRCRAFT CORPORATION A		OM VIBRATION		REPORT N	o. -
		MICKET		MEHMED		RACE NO.	/O
٠.٠٠		HMED.	G.	EIB		4-18-72	0650
. Oc	8 6 4 4 2 2		FREQU	Nonitra I Input		ACCEL SE ACCEL SE ACCEL SE 3.03 ANAL FIL 6 SWEEP SF TIME CON ANNAL. C. 108.20 PERIOD OI STA DURATION NON OPERATING TAPE REE O 1 2 CONTRO FICKUP LO HOB HOOK SPECIAL OVC PS	GRMS ON AXIS RIAL NUMBER HAND NSING AXIS NSITIVITY MY BMS GP COL GP TER - HZ B.W. EED - OCT/MIN STANT - SEC ALIBRATION L Y F.S. TEST ART END COL RESPONSE
ı	RAE-B	VCPS 748720	l l	00/ QU	NDOM	le	AGE NO.
	AT- YCPS	7.3.7.5	1	PHASE VCAS RA AND SPACECRAFT			
t		-	140<	C59			

	Hamilton Standard	NVISION OF UNITED AIRCRAFT CORPORATION	RANDOM VIBRATI ANALYSIS MET		REPORT NO	
	26	OPERATOR B. M	PLOTTED BY S. M.		17	TEST NO.
	S.19	·	T. G.	4-	E -18-72	0650
SPECTRAL DENSITY 67HZ	2				ACCEL SEN ACCEL SEN ACCEL SEN ACCEL SEN ACCEL SEN ACCEL SEN ANAL FILT SWEEP SPE TIME CONS ANNAL, CA 1.398 PERIOD OF STAF DURATION NON OPERATING TAPE REEL	GRM N AXIS TAL NUMBER SING AXIS SITIVITY MV RMS GP COL GP ER - HZ B.W ED - OCT/MI TANT - SEC LIBRATION 12 F.S. TEST RT X END 2.0 MI TEMP. 74 0
	RAE-B	1 7.5. 7. 5	MEND. NOTE PHASE VCPS ANPSPREAMENT	TEST /A L	SPACEC HOOK-UI SPECIAL CO VCPS AND PRE	RAFT C.G.
<u>trà 40.</u> +	٠ 	-		्रे १८८ व्यक्तिक १ ००० हुन्	マド オ ご 交像。****[নীর ফু.শহরেন ্রাই রি নি

RANDOM VIBRATION TEST

Hamilton Standard	OF UNITED AIRCRAFT CORPORATION	RANDOM VIBRATIO ANALYSIS METI	. 145	PORT NO.
	RATOR ASF	PLOTTED BY	TRACE	
TEST ENGINEER S. M.		T. G.	DATE 4-18	TIME
		Nont nai In	TANEL TO A CONTRACT OF A CONTR	PUT LEVEL 1.2 GRMS CITATION AXIS CITATION AVERAGE MAL FILTER - HZ B.W. ME CONSTANT - SEC MINAL, CALIBRATION 47.08 12 HZ FINAL CALIBRATION 47.08 12 HZ FINAL CALIBRATION AND PRESSURIZED AND PRESSURIZED
10	100	1000 2000 FREQUENCY - HZ		
PROJECT ITEM RAE-B V SPEC. AT-VCPS	C12 S 748720-1	SERIAL NUMBER THE OF TO OOO CO	EST UAL andom	PAGE NO.
LAT-VCPS	4.3.7.5 / 8	WOTE PHASE VCPS RAND SPACECRAFT		<u> </u>

•	Hamilton Standard	IVISION OF UNITED AIRCRAFT CORPORATION ABOVE HS	RANDOM VIBRATION TANALYSIS METHOD	INC. ON LINE,
1 7 N	26 TEST ENGINEER	B. M.	PLOTTED BY S M CHECKED BY	TRACE NO. TEST NO.
(,	S. M		7-G.	4-18-72 0650
	1.0			INPUT LEVEL GRMS EXCITATION AXIS
	8			ACCEL SERIAL NUMBER WF75 ACCEL SENSING AXIS
У G ² /нz	4			ACCEL SENSITIVITY MV RMS
DENSITY	2			/.05/ COL
PECTRAL	8			ANAL FILTER - HZ B.W. 6
ω σ	6		Nomanaj Inplit jevel	TIME CONSTANT - SEC
				ANNAL, CALIBRATION 80.0/ g ² Hz F.S.
7				PERIOD OF TEST START START DURATION
•	8			NON TEMP. OPERATING 74 OF
	4			0/2295
	2.			PICKUP LOCATION EX
. 0				TANK MOUNT HOOK-U!** SPECIAL CONDITIONS
	6.			VCPS LOADED AND PRESSURIZED.
	2	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
	PROJECT	ITEM CODE S'V	FREQUENTY - HZ SERIAL NUNBER TYPE OF TEST	
;	RAE-B SPEC.	VCPS 748720		
	:/7/ - VC/ S		143< C62	77
yes 177.55	<u>.</u>			and the same of th

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Hamilton Standard	ON OF UNITED AIRCRAFT CORPORATION	RANDOM VIBRATIO ANALYSIS METH	
	B. M	PLOTTED BY S.M	TRACE NO. TEST NO.
S, M		T. G	4-18-72 06 50
SPECTRAL DENSITY GZ/HZ SPECTR	TOOL CODE S.V.	NOR THE TIME Level 1000 2000 FREQUENCY 2200 FREQUENCY 2200 FREQUENCY 2200 FREQUENCY 2200	INPUT LEVEL Q. 2 GRMS EXCITATION AXIS ACCEL SERIAL NUMBER TE 8 3 ACCEL SENSITIVITY MV RMS GP 2.722 COL GP ANAL FILTER - HZ B.W. 6
RAE-B SPEC. AT-VCPS	VC125 748720-1	0000	VAL
AT-VCPS	14.3.7.5 /	NO. NOTE PHASE VCPS RA AND SPACECRAFT	

Standard	UNITED AIRCRAFT CORPORATION HSF-16.	ANALYSIS METHOD E	3 <u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
RIG OPER	BM	PLOTTED BY	TRACE NO.	TEST NO.
TEST ENGINEER S. M	CHEC	7. G.	4-18-72	0650
2	of F		INPUT LEV	2
>/ <u></u>			EXCITATIO	
8			ACCEL SE	HAL NUMBER
4				SING AXIS
			ACCEL SE	MV RMS
2			2,788	COL GP
co/			ANAL FILT	
			SWEEP SP	EED - OCT/N
			TIME CON	
			/.263	g ² F.S
2			PERIOD OF	_
0001			DURATION	2.0
8			NON OPERATING	TEMP. 74
			TAPE REE	
			CONTRO	L RESPO
2				->
			SPACEO	CRAFT C.G
			SPECIAL OVCPS	LO ADED
			AIYO PR	ESSURIZEL
2				
10	100	1000 2000 FREQUENCY - HZ		
RAE-B VC		OOOO QUAL		
RAE-B VC SPEC. AT-VC/S	43.7.5 / 54	PHASE VCFS RANDOM		PAGE NO.
	~			

Hamilton Standard	DIVISION OF UNITED AIRCRAFT CORPORATION	ANALISIS MEIL	IREPORT NO.
26	OPERATOR B M	PLOTTED BY S. M	TRACE NO. TEST NO.
S.	M	T G	4-18-72 0650
TEST ENGINEER 2 2 8 6 4 2 8 6 4 2 8 6 4 2 8 6 4 2		Nominal Input Level	ACCEL SERIAL NUMBER ACCEL SENSING AXIS ACCEL SENSITIVITY /.523 MV RMS GP COL GP ANAL FILTER - HZ B.W. 6 TIME CONSTANT - SEC ANNAL. CALIBRATION 429.9 & F.S. PERIOD OF TEST START END DURATION NON OPERATING 74 OF TAPE REEL NO. 0/2195 CONTROL RESPONSE PICKUP LOCATION DY REA MOUNT HOOK-VI3 H/ SPECIAL CONDITIONS
4			VCPS LOADED AND PRESSURITED
PROJECT	ITEM CODE	1000 2000 FREQUENCY HZ SERIAL NUMBER TYPE OF T	FST
RAE-B	1. A. I S	22-/ OOO / QUA	
AT-VCPS	4.3.7.5	AMEND. NOTE PHASE VCPS RV I & 4 AND PACECRAPT 146	

C65

	Hamilton U Standard Hs		RANDOM VIBRATION T ANALYSIS METHOD	IKEPUKI NU.
		OPERATOR B, M	PLOTTED BY	TRACE NO. TEST NO.
("	TEST ENGINEER		CHECKED BY	DATE TIME
SPECTRAL DENSITY G"HZ	8 6			ACCEL SERIAL NUMBER X N 3 2 ACCEL SENSING AXIS ACCEL SENSITIVITY 1,26/ MV RMS GP COL GP ANAL FILTER - HZ B.W. SWEEP SPEED - OCT/MIN TIME CONSTANT - SEC ANNAL, CALIBRATION
	2 8 6 4 2 2 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4			PERIOD OF TEST START SEND DURATION OPERATING TAPE REEL NO. O/2295 CONTROL PRESPONSE PICKUP LOCATION FY TANK MOUNT HOOK-UP* SPECIAL CONDITIONS
	PROJECT RAE-B SPEC. AT-VCPS	TEM CODE SY 748720- PARA: 4.3.7.5	TREQUENCY - HZ. SERIAL NOMBER TYPE OF TEST OOOO OF QUAL TEND. NOTE PHISE VCPS RANDON AND ALEXANT	VCIS LOADED AND PRESSURIZED
理工艺	and the second s	1	47< c66	्राच्या च ट्रा च्या १०० क्षण विद्यार्थिक व्य ा

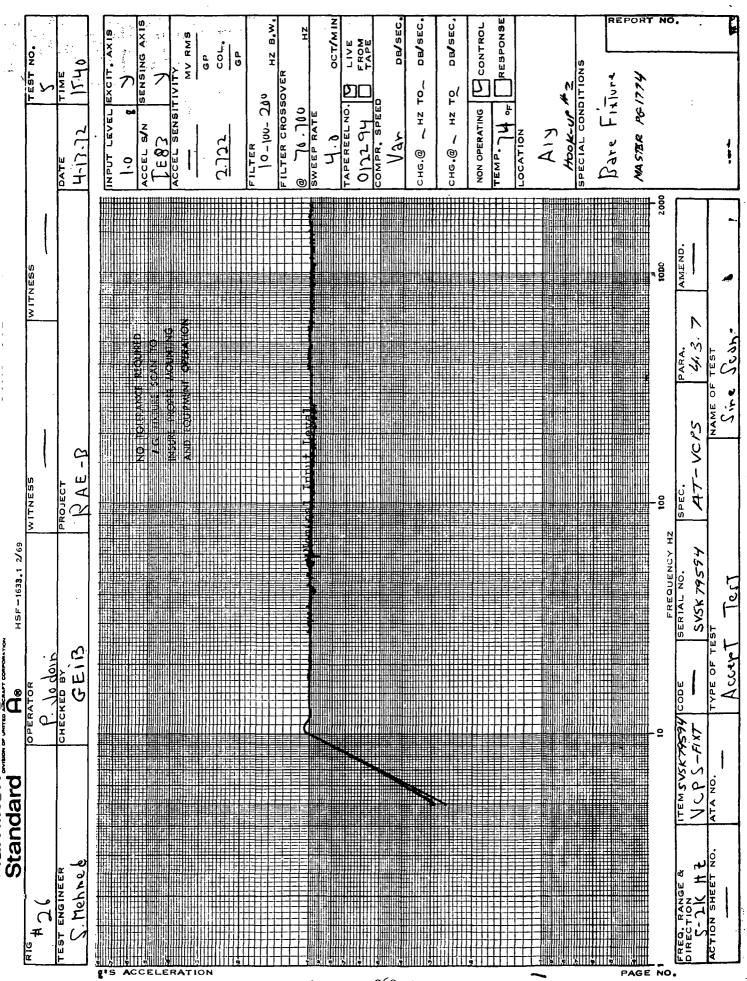
F	Hamilton U.Standard A.		RANDOM VIBRATION TEST ANALYSIS METHOD B SF-1635 B	
R I	EST ENGINEER S. M	PERATOR B M	PLOTTED BY S. M CHECKED BY T. G.	TRACE NO. TEST NO. 19 10 DATE TIME 4-18-72 0650
0.1				INPUT LEVEL C) C GRMS EXCITATION AXIS
8 6 2 1 4	SCICANON		Toning Trub: Vevell	ACCEL SERIAL NUMBER NB62 ACCEL SENSING AXIS 7
DENSITY G ² /				ACCEL SENSITIVITY 3.052 MV RMS GP COL
SPECTRAL 9 8 0				SWEEP SPEED - OCT/MIN
4				TIME CONSTANT - SEC ANNAL, CALIBRATION 107.06
. 0	G/			PERIOD OF TEST START MEND DURATION 2.0 MIN
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Section III

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- A) Sine Data
- B) Random Data

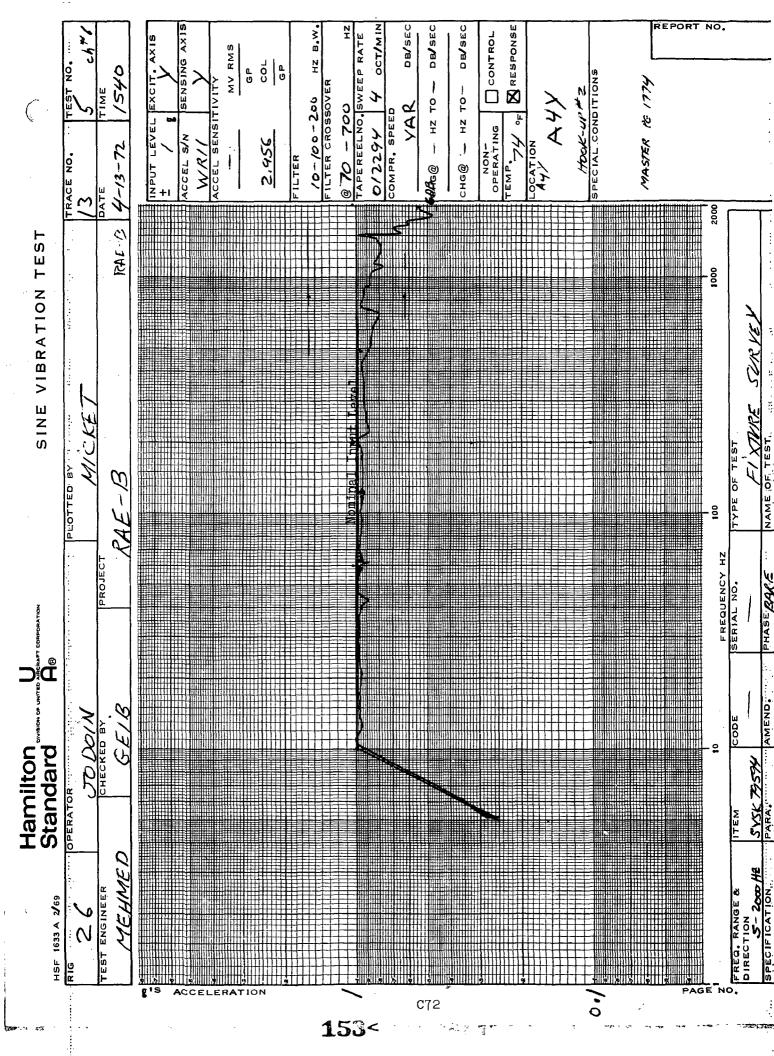
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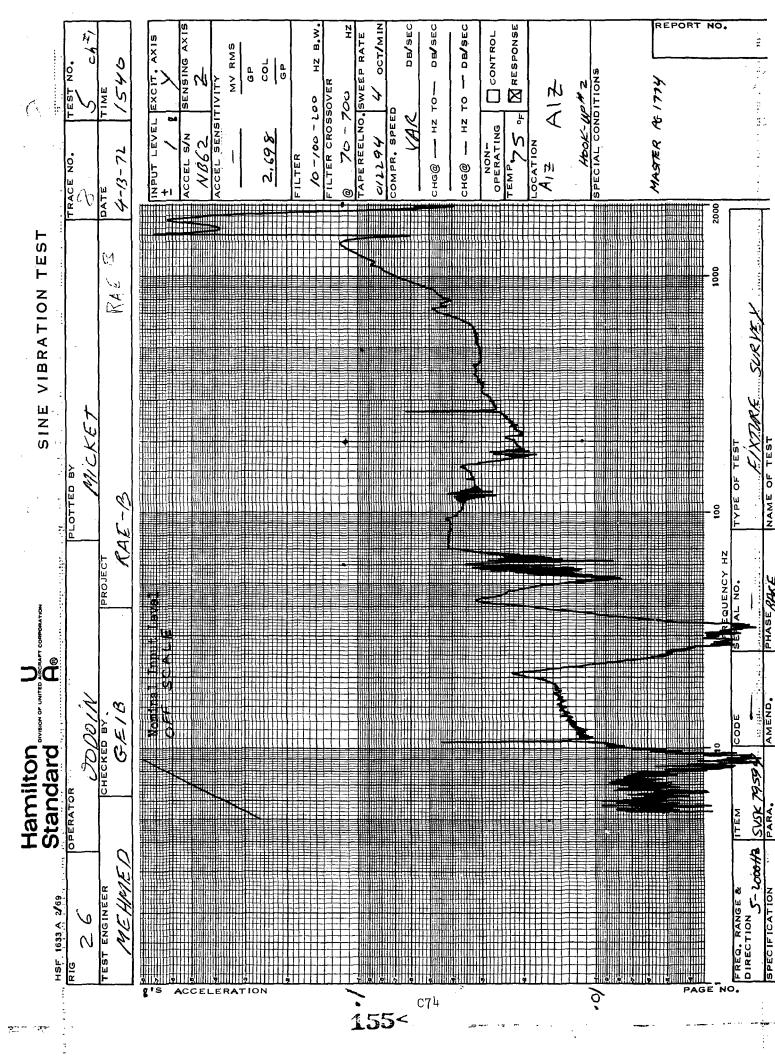
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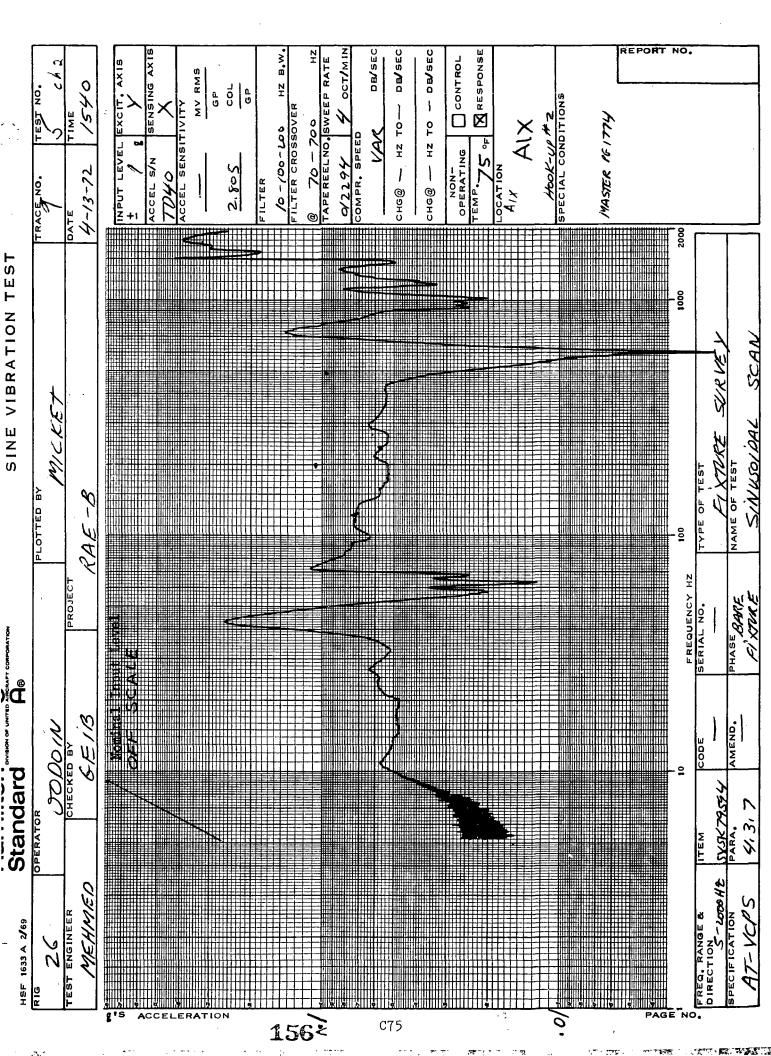
DB/SEC DB/SEC DB/SEC HZ B.W X CONTROL EXCIT, AXIS SENSING AXI 0451 COL G U HZ TO | HZ TO 70-700 007-00/-01 COMPR. SPEED OPERATING TEMP. 74 ° INPUT LEVEL 2,723 462210 ļ 4-13-72 FILTER OHG@ CHG@ SINE VIBRATION TEST PLOTTED BY RAE-B FREQUENCY HZ PROJECT GE1B Hamilton Standard OPERATO HSF 1633 A 2/69 PAGE NO.

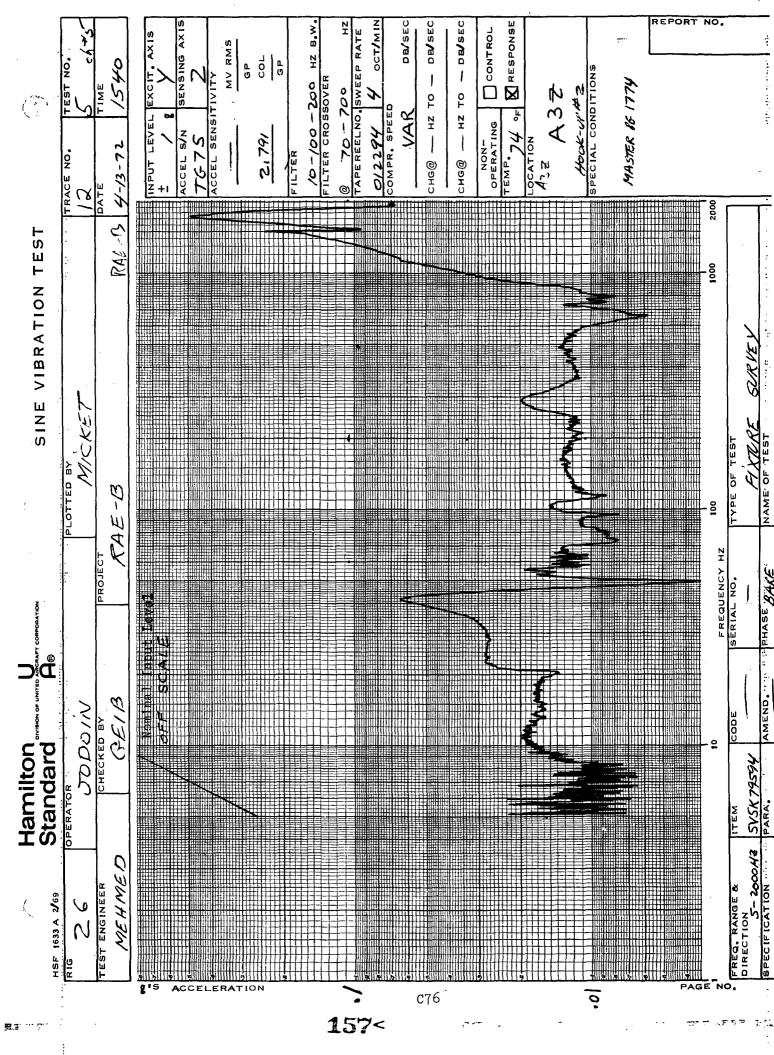
DB/SEC - DB/SEC X RESPONSE DB/SEC HZ B.W @ 70-700 HE CONTROL INPUT LEVEL EXCIT, AX COL 9 CLOSEST TO DRIVE 1 HZ TO 1 LTER CROSSOVER TIME СНG@ → НZ ТО COMPR. SPEED NON-OPERATING 462710 2.773 ACCEL S/N 4-13-72 FILTER CHG@ DATE 2000 SINE VIBRATION TEST \mathbb{C}^{j} ZZ ZZ NAME OF TEST PAE-B PLOTTED BY TYPE OF PROJECT DAIRCHAFT CORPORATION CHECKED BY CHECKED BY G/E/B AMEND. CODE **Standard** OPERATOR 26 TEST ENGINEER HSF 1633 A 2/69

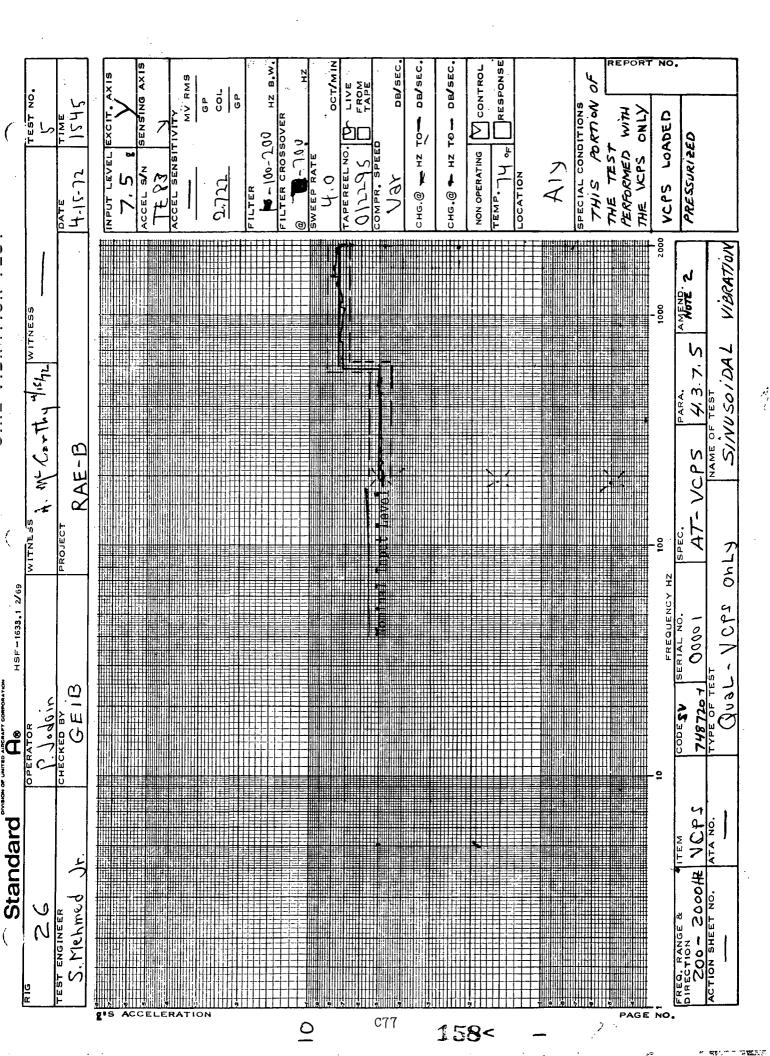


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DIRECTION
S-200/R
SPECIFICATION HSF 1633 A 2/69 C73

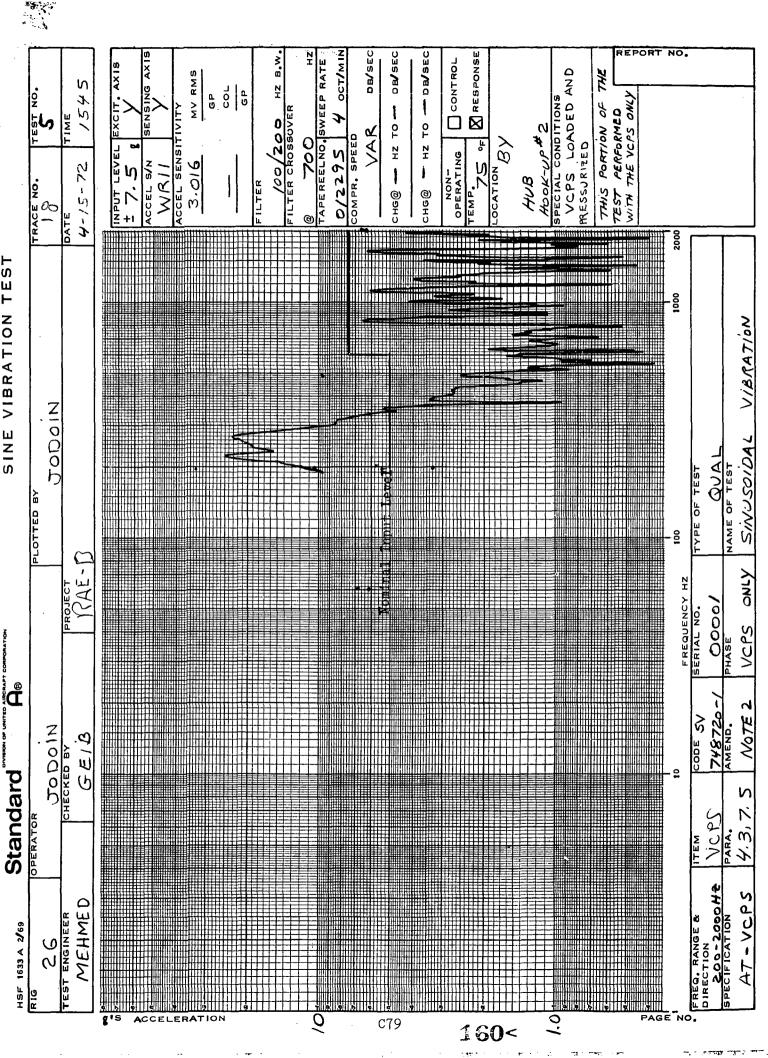


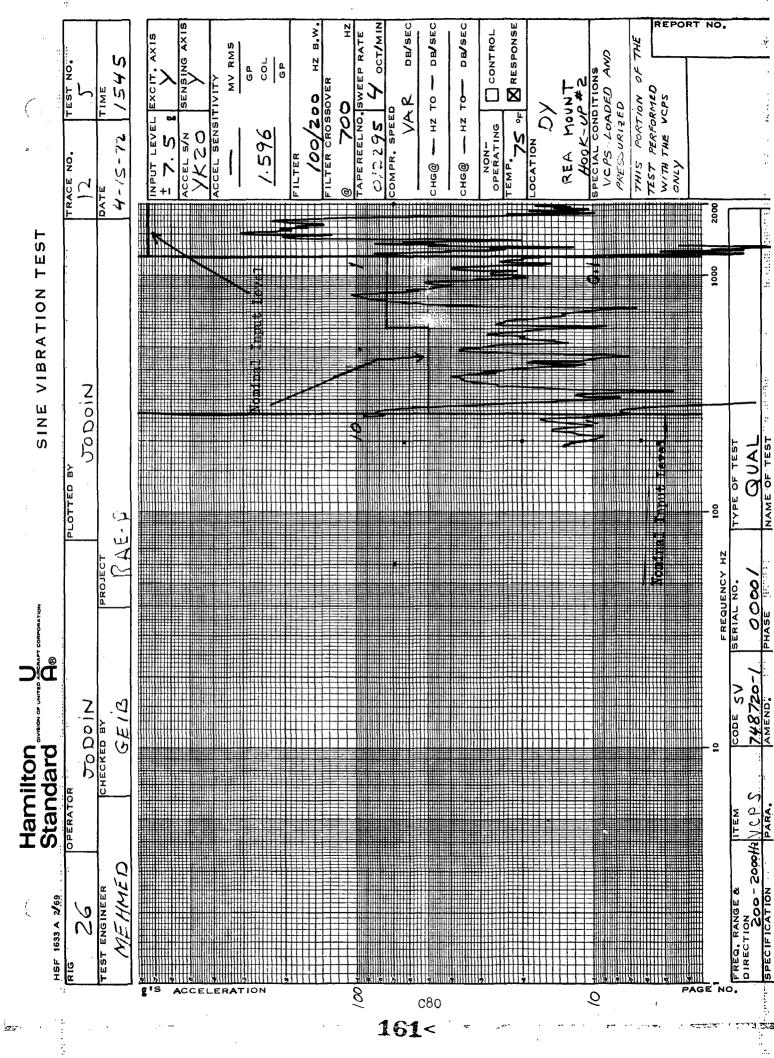


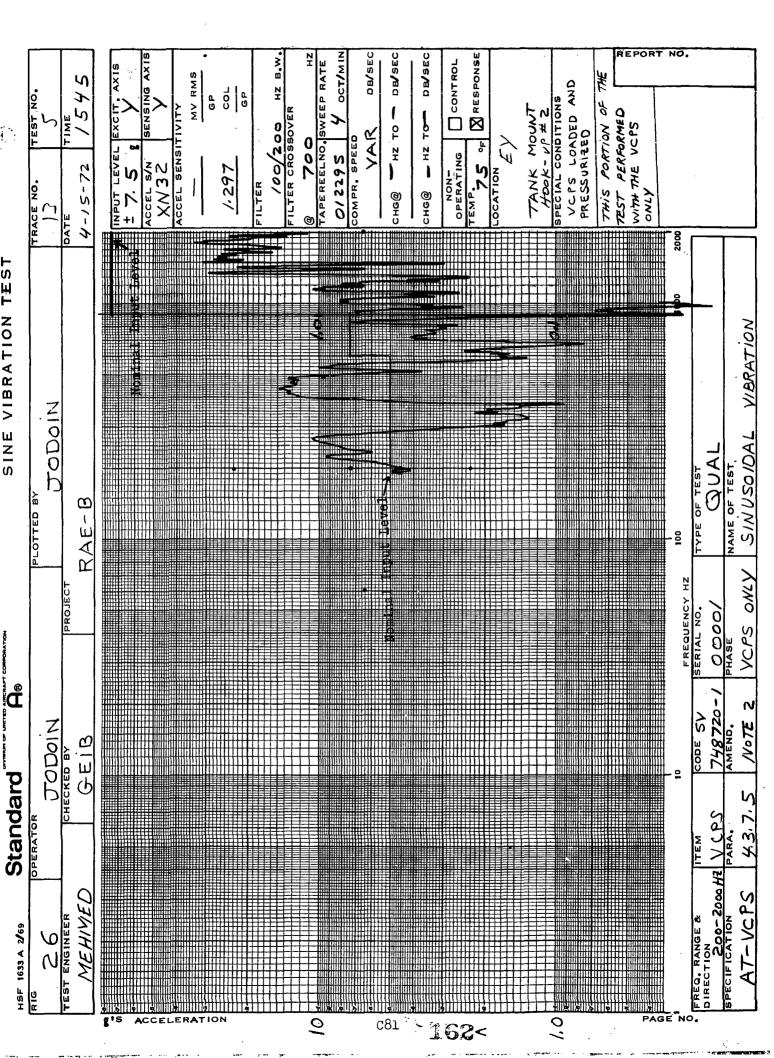


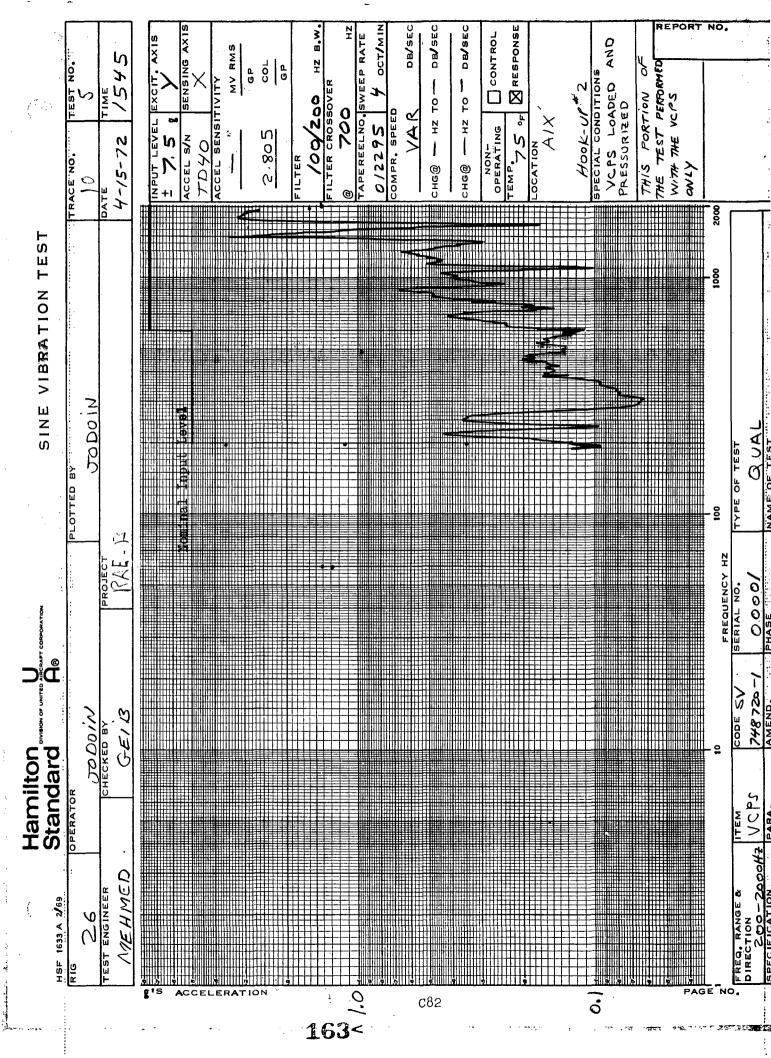


REPORT NO DB/SEC - HZ TO - DB/SEC RESPONSE ENSING AXIS OCT/MIN DB/SEC 3 700 HZ HZ B.W X CONTROL EXCIT, AXIS LOADED AND MV RMS COL 5451 G G TEST NO. PERFORMED WITH ONEY SPECIAL CONDITIONS 100/200 ILTER CROSSOVER HOOK-UP * 2 PORTION IME THIS PORTION OF THE TEST PRESSUR! BED HZ TO TRACE REPLOTED VAR R COMPR. SPEED ACCEL SENSIT ů. THE VCPS INPUT LEVEL 567210 ACCEL S/N 7E83 NON-OPERATING TEMP-74 . S 2.805 4-15-72 OCATION VCPS 1001 FILTER CHG@ сн6@ TRACE DATE 2000 SINE VIBRATION TEST NIODAN PLOTTED BY NAME OF TEST TYPE OF TEST 100 RAE- D FREQUENCY HZ SERIAL NO. PROJEC OOOO) 748720-CODE SV JODO/N CHECKED BY GE1B Hamilton Standard SPERATOR HSF. 1633 A. 2/69 ... 26 TEST ENGINEER FREG. RANGE & PAGE NO. 0.7 **C78**

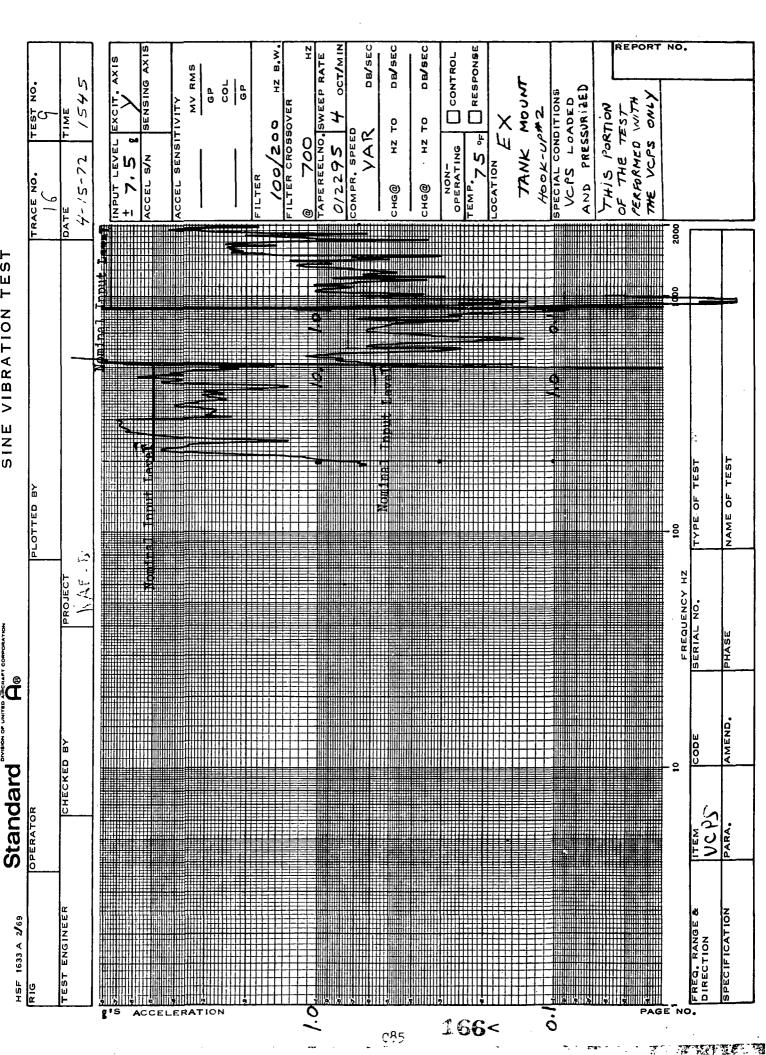


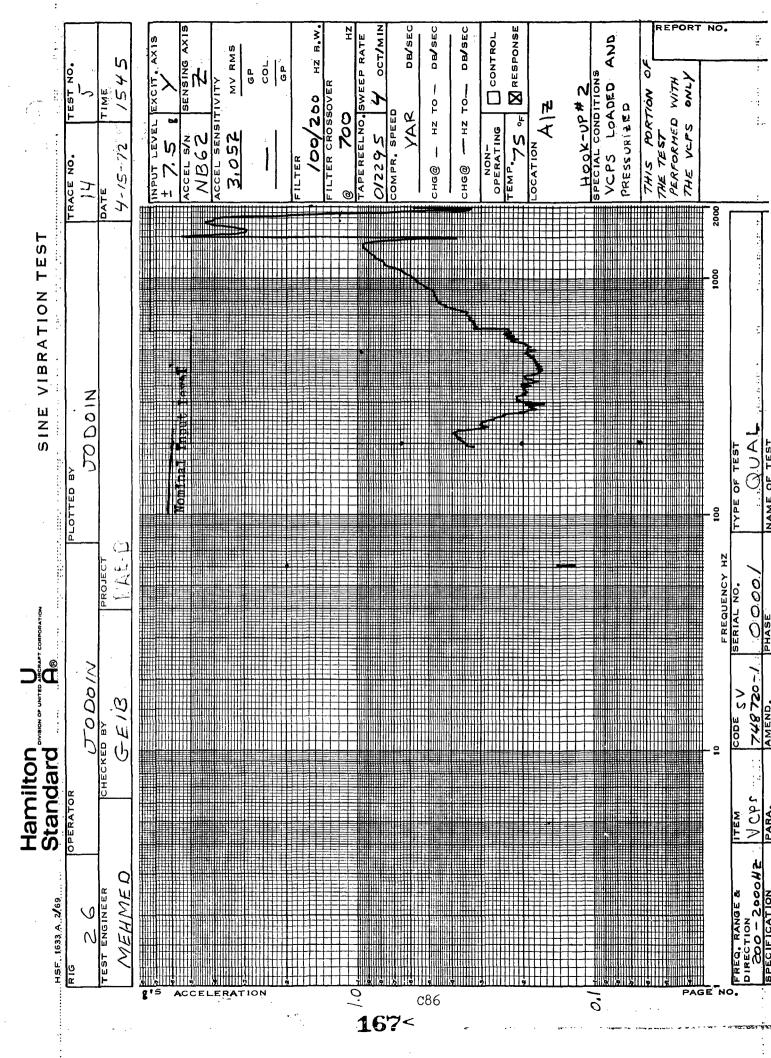






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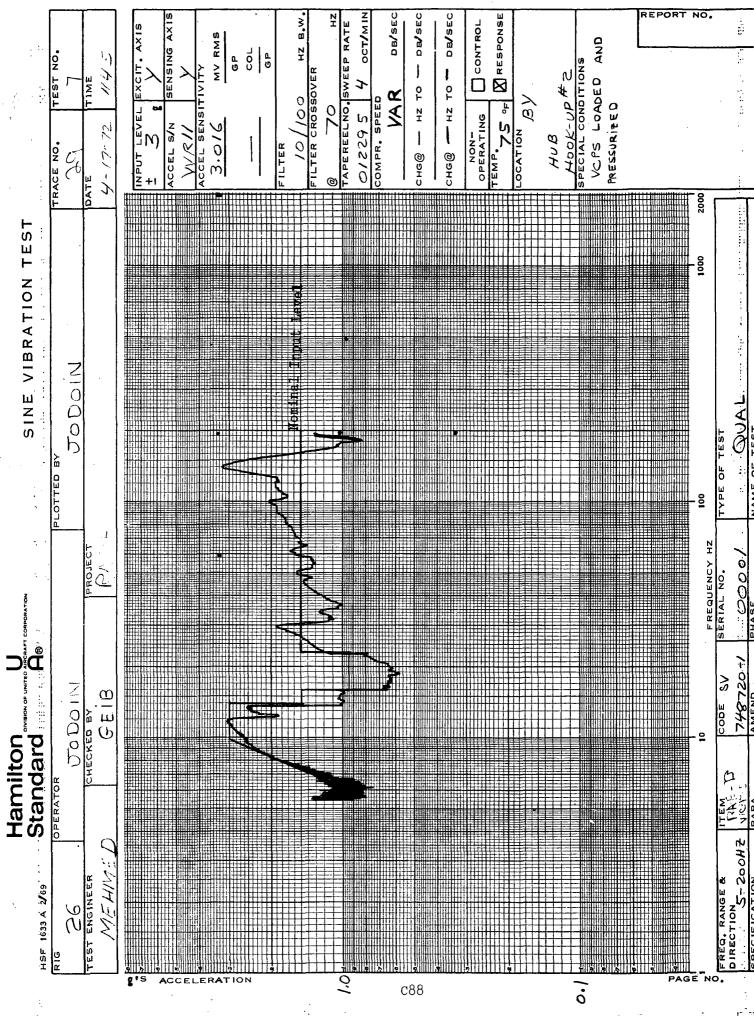


OCT/MIN HZ TO DB/SEC. RESPONSE DIS/SEC. DB/SEC. NON OPERATING | X CONTROL HZ B.W INPUT LEVEL EXCIT. AXIS MV RMS LIVE FROM TAPE COL TEST NO. PECIAL CONDITIONS VCPS LOADED AND G G 년 (C.G. MONITORED PRESSURIZED. VAR APEREEL NO. 101 CHG.@ CHG.® DATE 2000 WITNESS グラグの PAE-B AT-YCPS PROJECT SPEC FREQUENCY HZ SERIAL NO. CHECKED BY 8175 GE18 Standard Meh med ACTION SHEET NO. ν () EST ENGINEER PAGE NO.

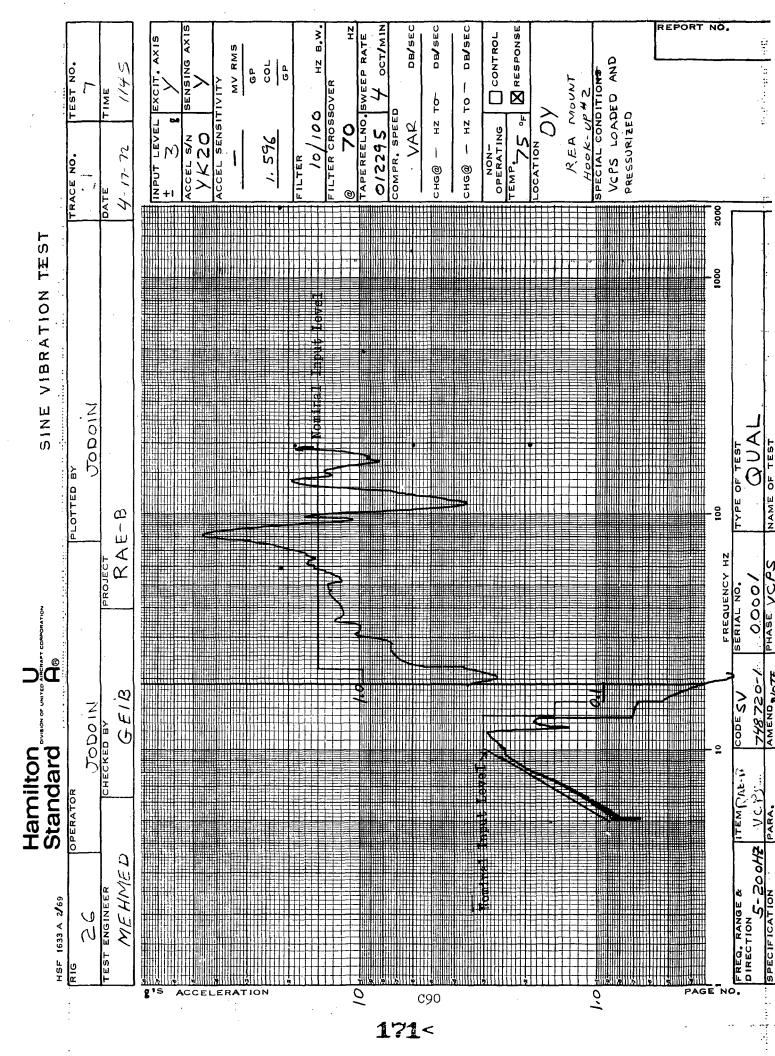
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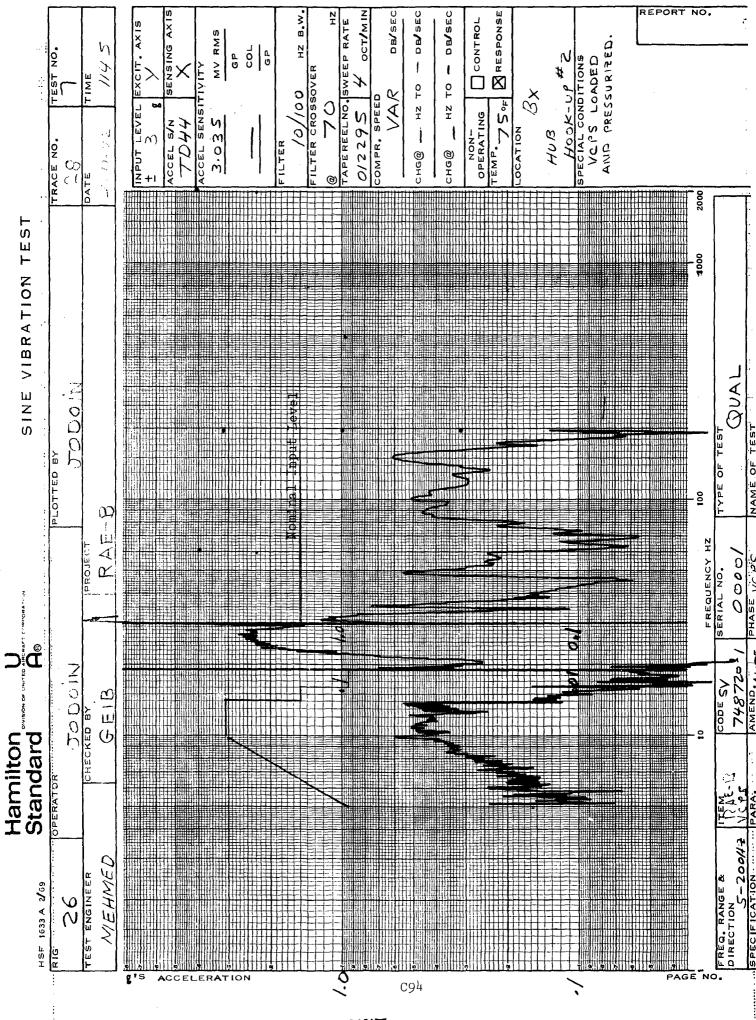


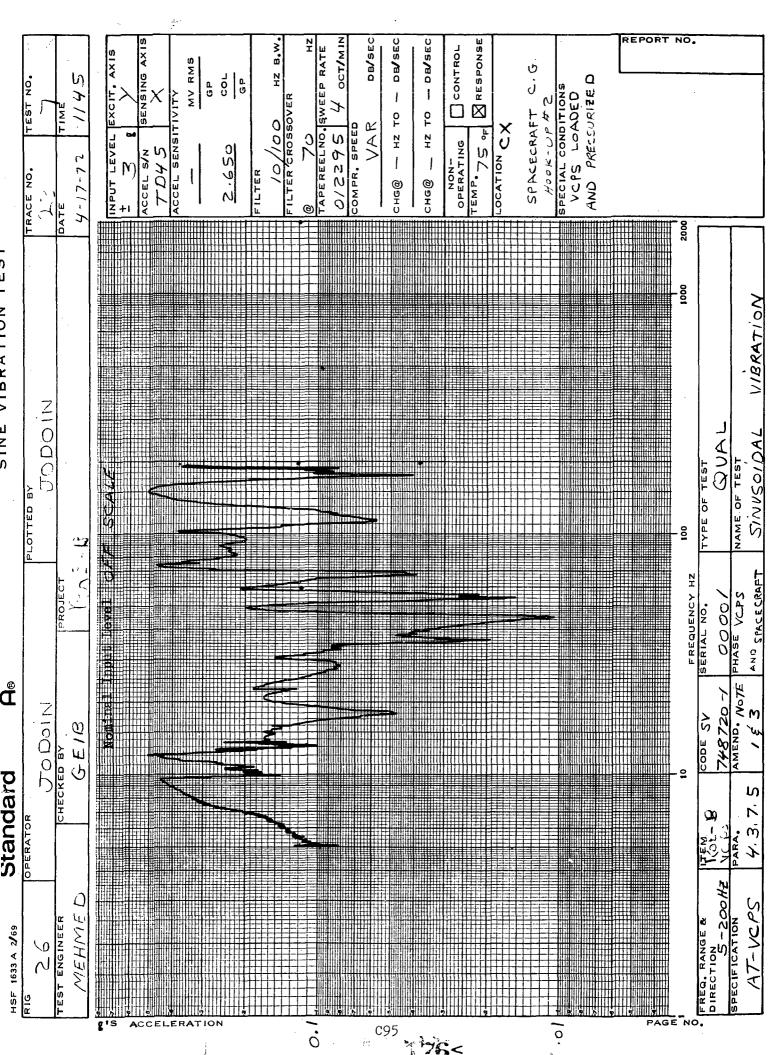
DB/SEC TEMP. 75 OF BRESPONSE DB/SEC - HZ TO - DB/SEC SWEEP RATE CONTROL EXCIT, AXIS MV RMS VCPS LOADED AND 0.0 0.0 0.0 G G SPECIAL CONDITIONS I ACCEL SENSITIVITY ILTER CROSSOVER TIME VAR HZ TO EV COMPR. SPEED INPUT LEVEL PRESSURIZED. TAPE REELNO. 001/01 562210 NON-OPERATING 1.297 ACCEL S/N TRACE NO. Сн6@ 0 НG 2000 VIBRATION TEST VIBRATION S/NUSO/DAL V10000 **HZIS** QUA) TYPE OF TEST NAME OF TEST PLOTTED SPACECRAFT PROJEC 0000 FREQUE SERIAL N Ď AMEND NOTE 748720-1 CODE SY CHECKED BY GEIB Standard 4.3.7. OPERATOR SPECIFICATION MEHINED AT-1005 EST ENGINEER FREG. RANGE & HSF 1633 A 2/69

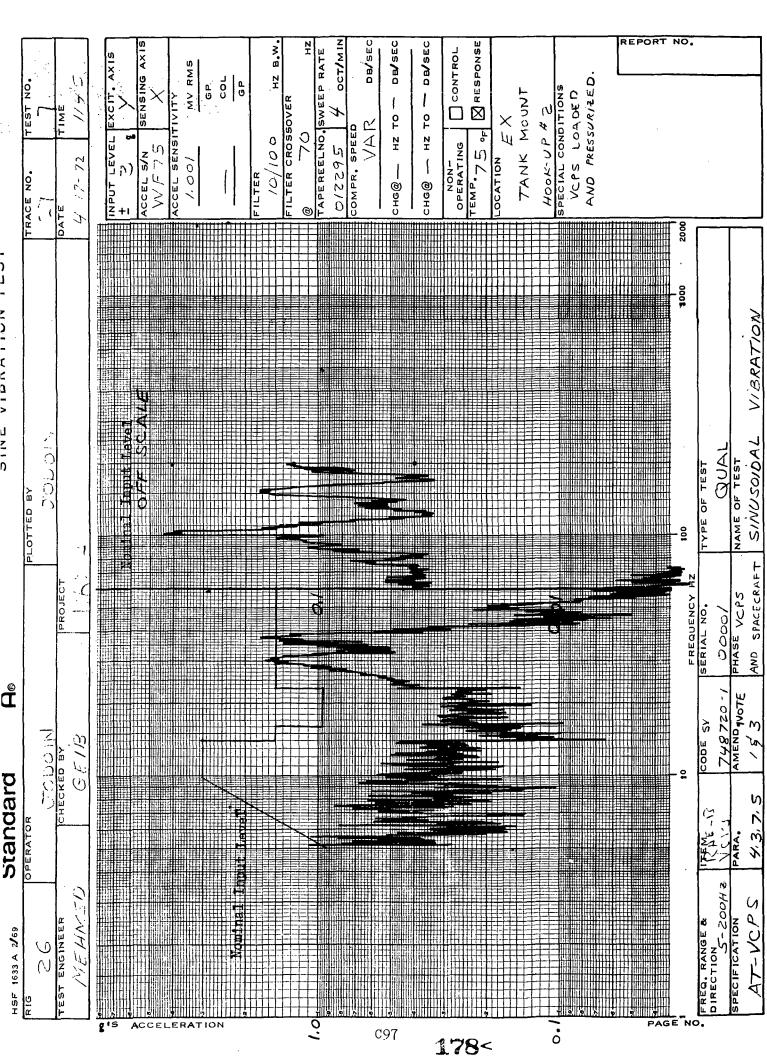
C91

DB/SEC DB/SEC DB/SEC X RESPONSE SENSING AXIS HZ B.W CONTROL APEREELNO SWEEP RATE INPUT LEVEL EXCIT, AXIS MV RMS VEPS LOADED AND COL GP TEST NO. 0 0 いたニ HOOK-UP#2 HZ TO /O//OO HZ TO MON-TEMP. 75 oF 7AR COMPR. SPEED PRESSURIZED. 2672/0 3.052 NB62 ACCEL S/N 4-17-72 CHG@ ı TRACE NO. FILTER OHG@ 2000 SINE VIBRATION TEST JODOIN PLOTTED BY LYPE OF RAE-B PROJECT 0000 Hamilton OF WINTED AIRCRAFT CORPORATION OF WINTED AIRCRAFT CORPORATION 748720 YODON CODE SV GE1B E-V OPERATOR TEST ENGINEER HSF 1633 A 2/69 Ö 173<

DESEC X RESPONSE DB/SEC DB/SEC CONTROL SWEEP RATE EXCIT. AXIS MV RMS COL VCPS LOADED AND W HOOK-UP # 2 SPECIAL CONDITIONS ١ ACCEL SENSITIVITY TIME 9 HZ TO XAX AR TEMP. 75 oF PRESSURIZED. N APEREELNO. NON-OPERATING 2.805 7040 ACCEL S/N İ CHG@ сн6@ $\bar{\Omega}$ DATE SINE VIBRATION TES VI BRATION SINUSOIDAL JODOIN 400 NAME OF TEST TYPE OF TEST PLOTTED BY RAE-B 0000 HASE ٣ .% W 748720-CODE SY JODO/N GE1B Standard 4.3.7. MEHMED TEST ENGINEER HSF 1633 A 2/69 50 c93 **174**<



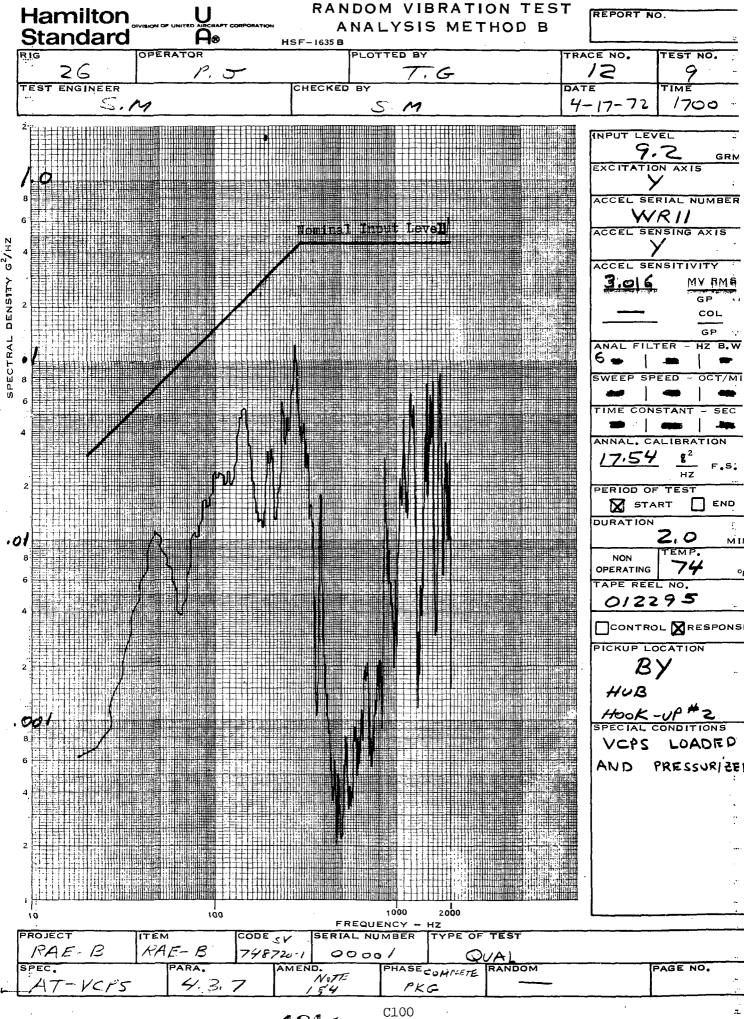




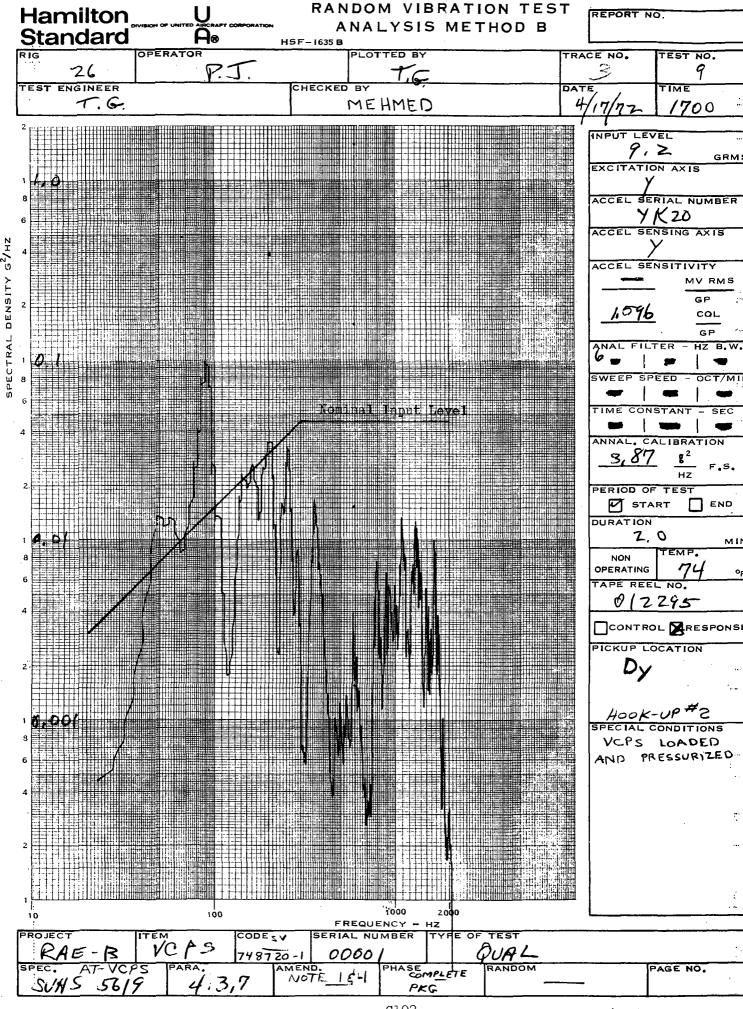
AX IS REPORT NO. AX IS MV RMS 00 00 05 ACCEL. SENSITIVITY START DEND ACCEL. SERIAL NO. EXCITATION ALONG Logged 4 Pressonized spacement DURATION OF TEST ACCEL, LOCATION ACCEL, SENSING PERIOD OF TEST GRMS INPUT TEMP. 74 TEST NO. WITNESS TEST 4-11-7 ANALYSIS METHOD A Q U & I RANDOM VIBRATION ACTION SHEET NO. SERIAL NO. 0000 RIG NO -021847VS ATA NO. TEST ENGINEER CODE GEIB COMPLE LE PKG VCPS Wilh Space Craft PARA. PHASE H.J. Cand Rand RE HMED CHECKED BY Standard Hamilton ITEM AI - Ve PS Je doin PLOTTED BY HSF-1634A SPECTRAL DENSITY PAGE NO. c98 5 179<

Hamilton Standard	ISION OF UNITED AIRCRAFT CORPORAT	RANDOM VIBRATION T ANALYSIS METHOD HSF-1635 B	JK & POI	RT NO.
26 TEST ENGINEER T. 6.	P J.	CHECKED BY CHECKED BY MEHME D	ZA DATE	TEST NO. 9 TIME 72 / 700
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				MV RMS GP 722 COL GP FILTER - HZ B, W.
			-	P SPEED - OCT/MIN
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			T co.	1295 NTROL RESPONSE
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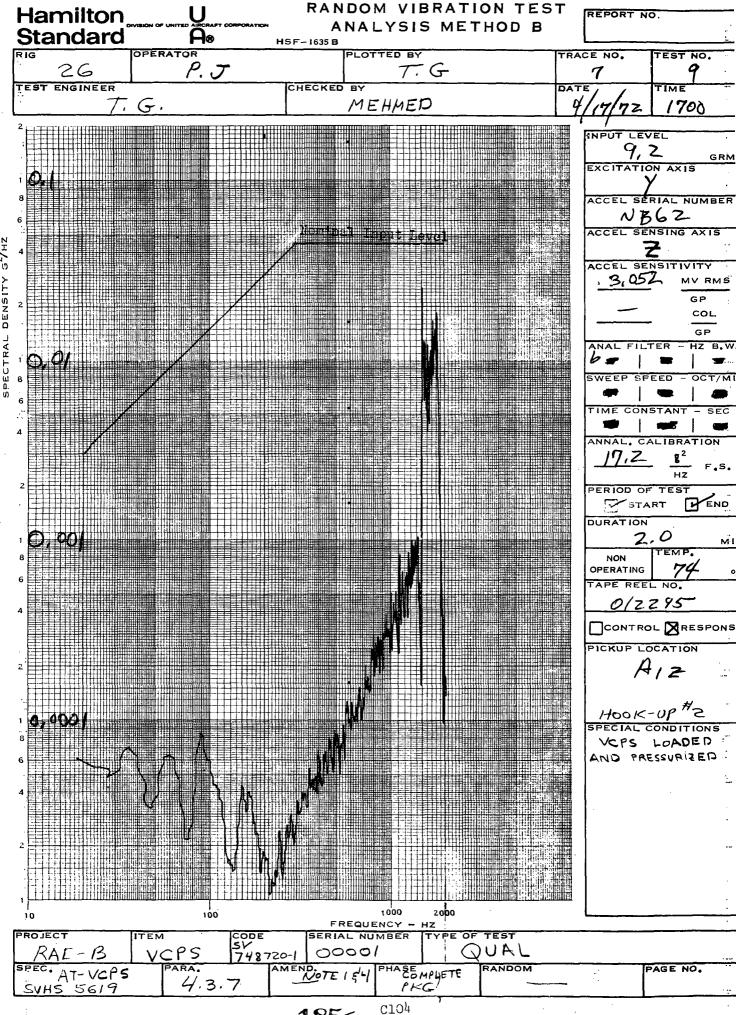
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Hamilton Standard	ED SIRCRAFT CORPORATION	RANDOM VIBRATION ANALYSIS METHO	INERUK	T NO.
TEST ENGINEER	P.J.	PLOTTED BY T. V7.	TRACE NO.	TEST NO.
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PROJECT ITEM	,	FREQUENCY - HZ SERIAL NUMBER TYPE OF TES		
RAE-B VEP SPEC. AT-VCPS PAI SVHS 5618	748720-1 RA. AMENI 4.3.7	D. PHASE COMPLETE RAN	UA L DOM	PAGE NO.



Hamilton Standard		NDOM VIBRATION T	
26 OPE	P.J.	PLOTTED BY	TRACE NO. TEST NO.
T.65		1E HMED	4/17/72 1700
8			4NPUT LEVEL 7, Z GRMS EXCITATION AXIS ACCEL SERIAL NUMBER
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2			PERIOD OF TEST START END DURATION Z.O MIN
6			NON OPERATING 74 OF TAPE REEL NO. 0/2295 CONTROL RESPONSE
2			PICKUP LOCATION Ey HOOK-UP #2
8			SPECIAL CONDITIONS VCPS LOADED AND PRESSURIZED
2			
10		2000 REQUENCE - HZ	
PROJECT ITEM RAE-B V SPEC. AT-VCPS SVHS 5611	ICODE . ISERIA	ONI TYPE OF TEST	FAGE NO.
SVHS 5611	4,3,7 AMEND. NOTE IS	H PKG	FAGE NO.



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SPEC. AT-VCPS PARA. AMEND. PHASE RANDOM PAGE NO.	SPECTRAL DENSITY 67	2 2 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		FREQUENCY - HZ SERIAL NUMBER TYPE OF TEST		ACCEL SE ACCEL	CONDITIONS
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	Hamilton Standard	DIVIBION OF UNITED AIRCRAFT CORPORATION	ANALYSIS MET		REPORT N	10.
!	26	OPERATOR P. J.	PLOTTED BY T.G.	TRAC	E NO.	TEST NO.
	TEST ENGINEER		CHECKED BY MEHMED	DATI 4	17/72	1700
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ITY G				16.794 16.74 10.41 a	ACCEL SE	MV RMS
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	4					0L RESPONS
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	6				AND P	RESSURIZED
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	RAE-B SPEC. AT-VCF SVHS 56	19 4,3,7 A	VOTE I S' LI PHASE COMPLETE	RANDOM		PAGE NO.

Hamilton	U TED AIRCRAFT CORPORATION	RANDOM VIBRATION	[KEFOKI	NO.
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26	P. 5	7.6	TRACE NO.	TEST NO.
TEST ENGINEER S.19	СН	S. M	4-17-72	1700
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001			DURATIO	2.0 MIN
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			TAPE RE	2295
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AT-VCPS	4.3.7 N	OTE COMPLETE PKG		

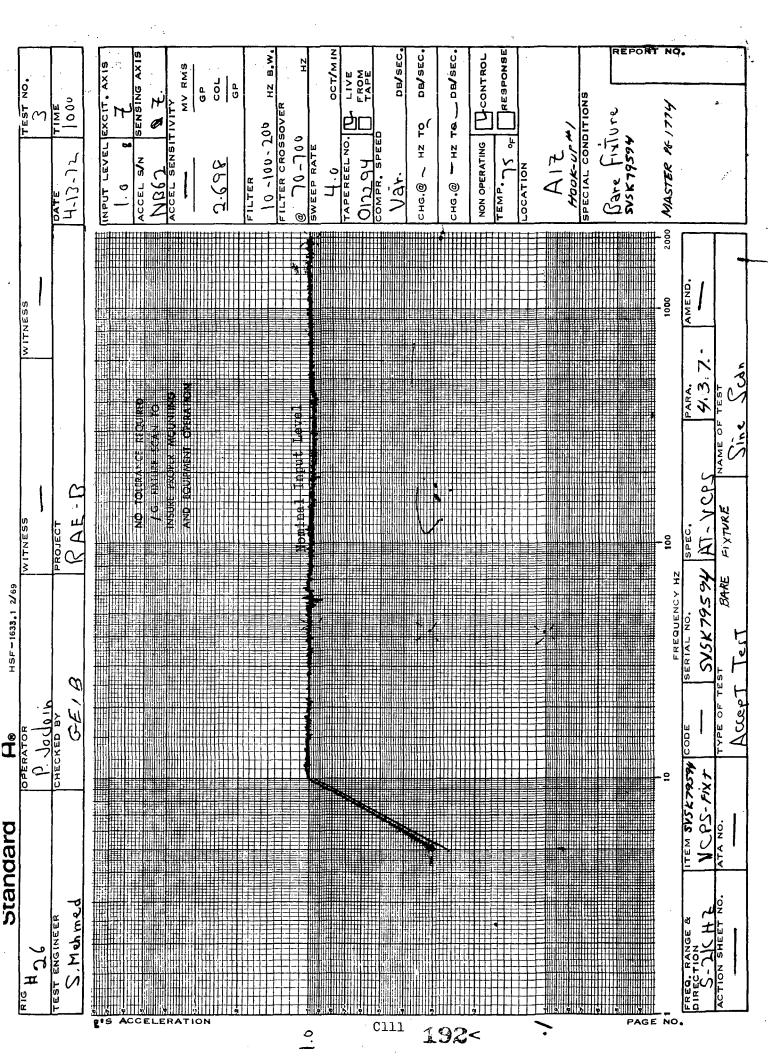
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RAE B SPEC. AT-VCPS	IPARA JAME	ND. PHASE RA	NDOM	Į,	PAGE NO.

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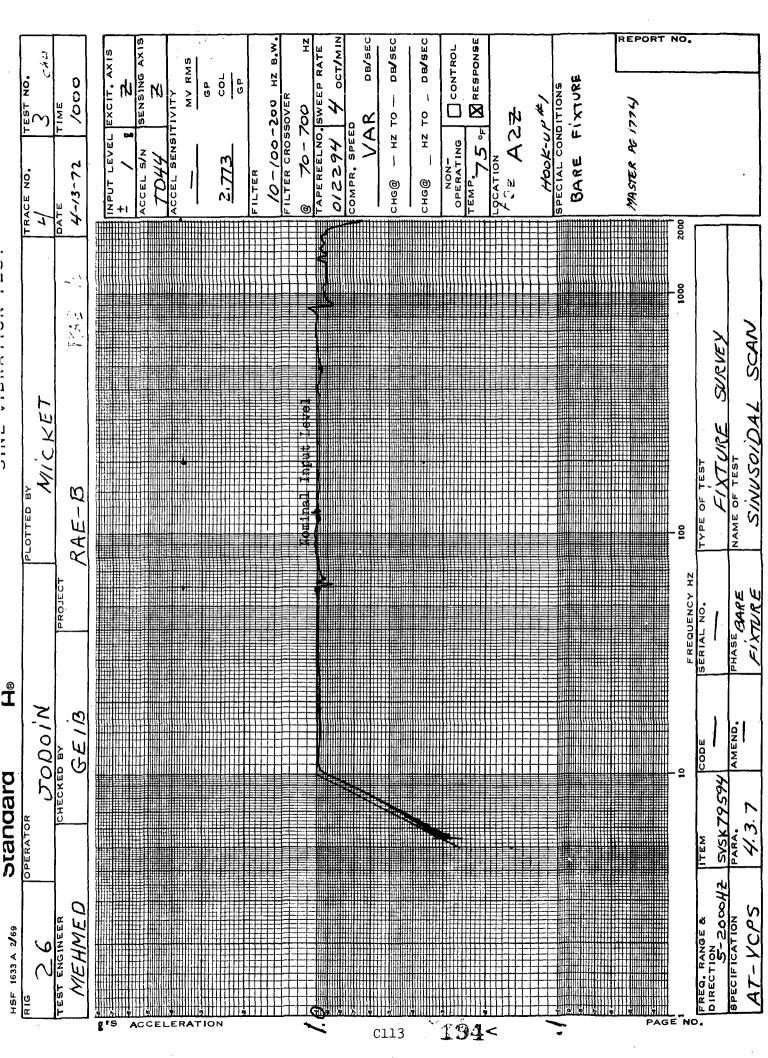
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IPROJECT LITEM	100	1000 2000 FREQUENCY - HZ SERIAL NUMBER TYPE OF TE		
RAE-B V	CPS 748720-1	0000/ QU		•
AT-VCPS	4.3.7 AMENE	4 PKG		

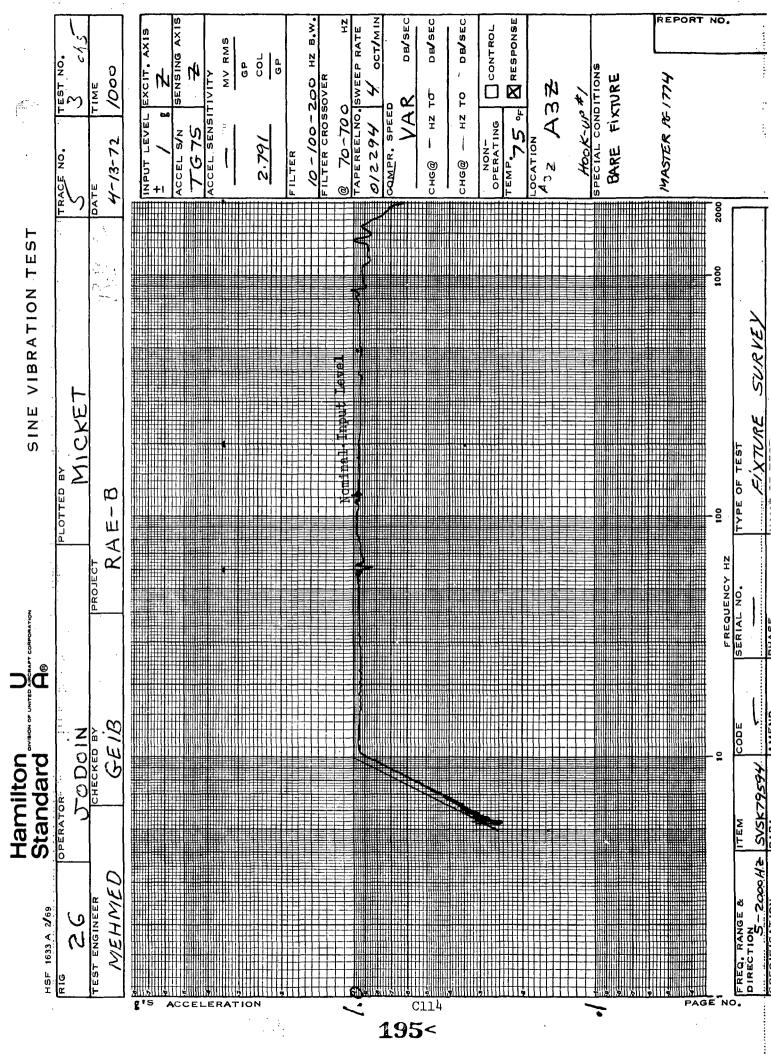
Section IV

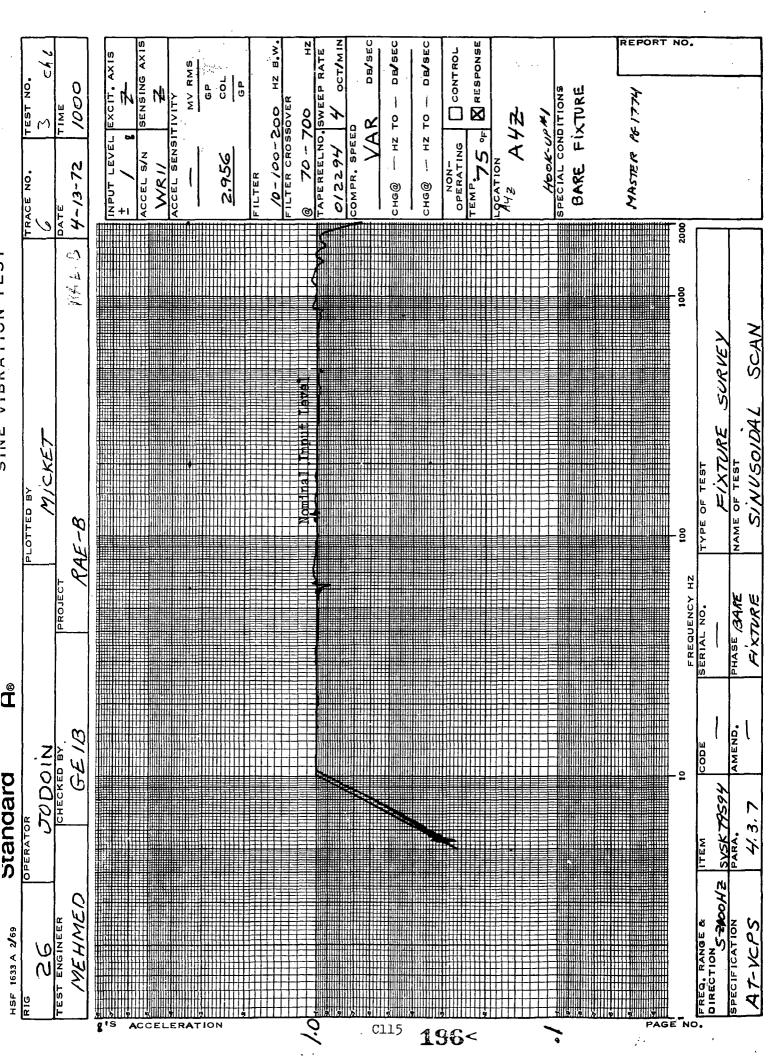
- Z Axis
 A) Sine Data
 - Random Data



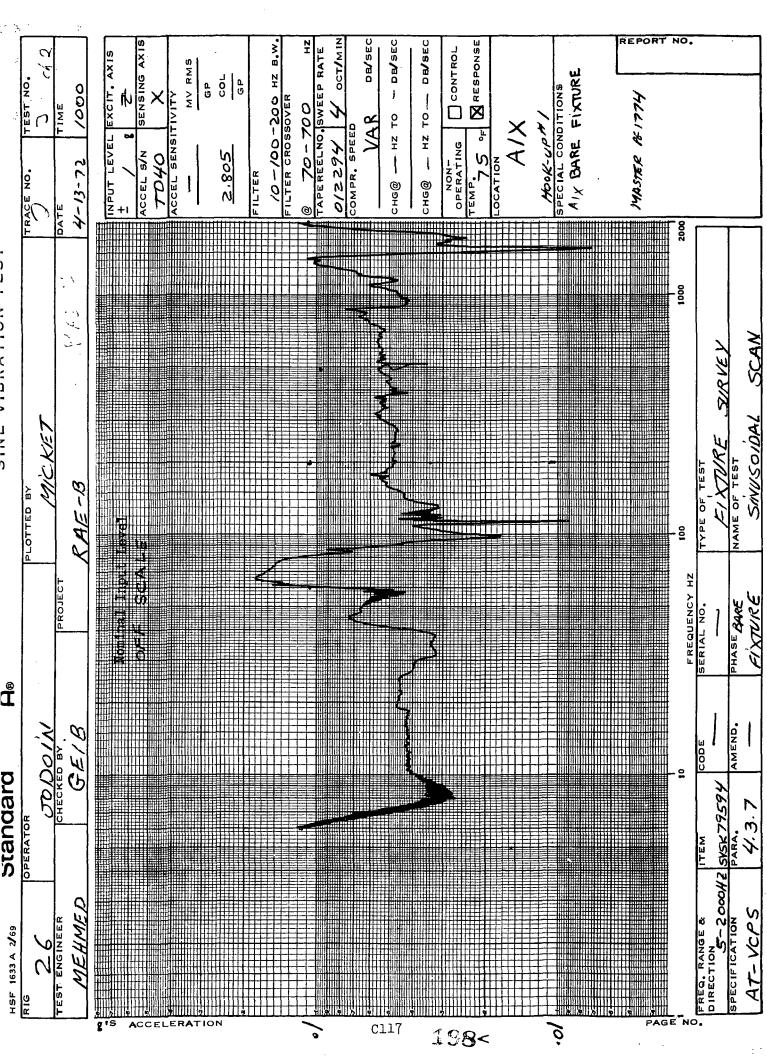
DB/SEC HZ HZ TO -- DB/SEC RESPONSE OCT/MIN DB/SEC TAPEREELNO SWEEP RATE X CONTROL INPUT LEVEL EXCIT. AXIS MV RMS ZH 002-00/-0, COL FIXTURE 000/ HOOK-UP HI ACCEL SENSITIVITY HZ TO _ TLTER CROSSOVER 70-700 ハマア c^ TEMP 75 oF COMPR, SPEED NON-OPERATING 462210 369.2 N862 ACCEL S/N BARE 4-13-72 FILTER сн6@ сн6@ 2000 SINE VIBRATION TEST タイプ FIXTURE TYPE OF TEST PLOTTED BY RAE-B PROJEC. OWISION OF UNITED AIRCRAFT CORP GE1B JODOIN CHECKED BY Hamilton Standard SVSK 79594 OPERATOR 5-2000HZ MEHMED ENGINEER HSF 1633 A 2/69 C112 **193**<



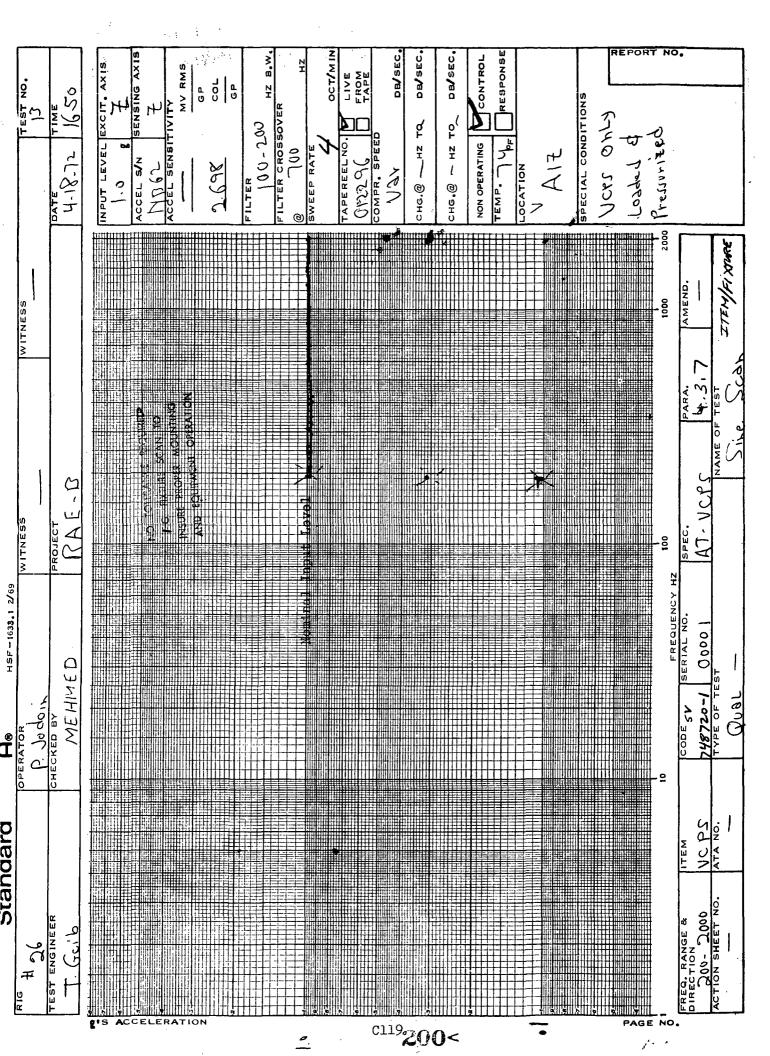


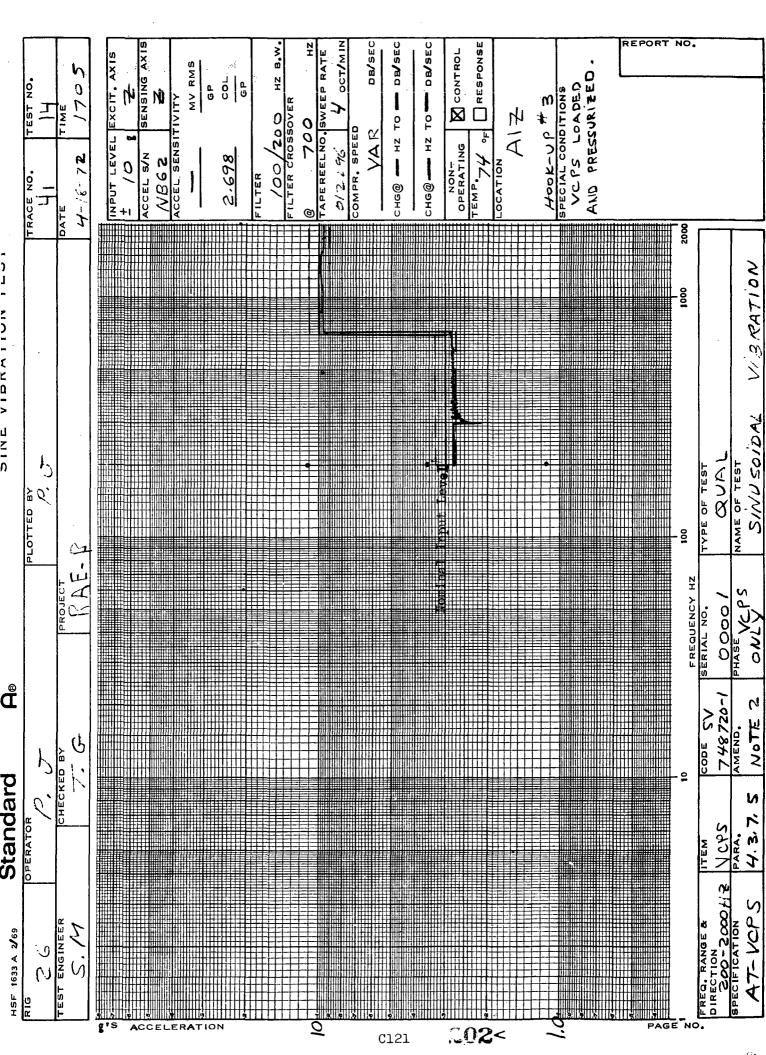


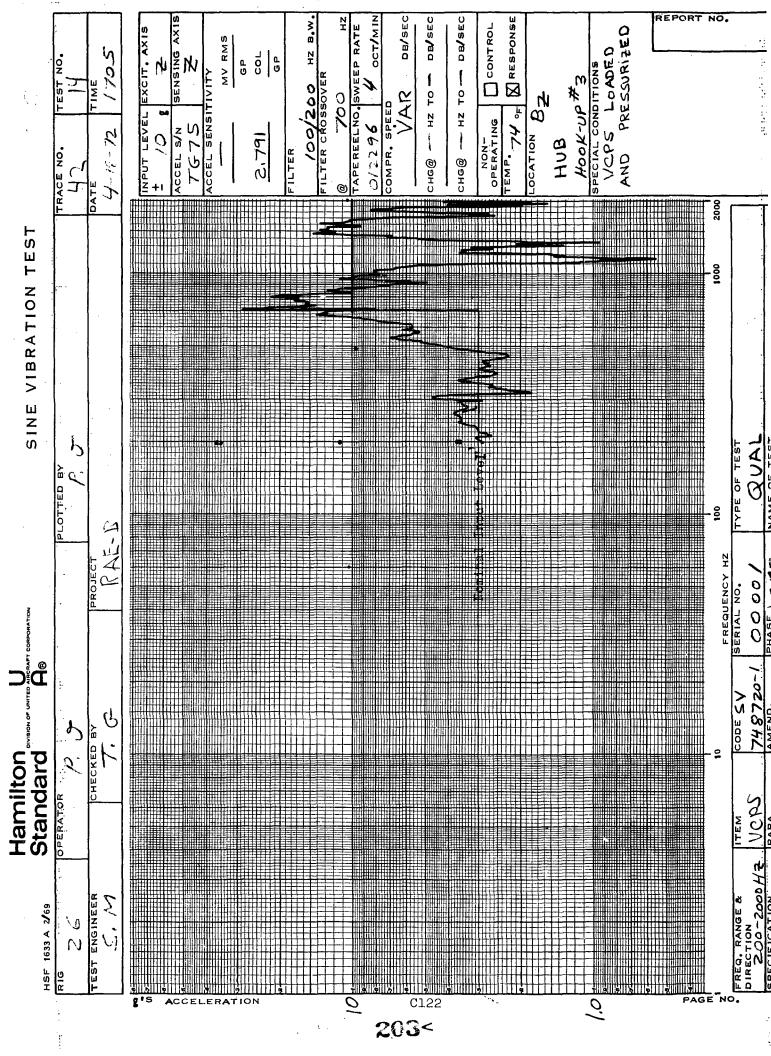
SENSING AXIS REPORT OCT/MIN DB/SEC DB/SEC DB/SEC X RESPONSE EXCIT. AXIS CONTROL TAPEREELNO. SWEEP RATE MV RMS TEST NO. COL 000, BARE FIXTURE HOOK-UPF1 сн**G**@ — нz то— TIME HZ TO ASZ MASTER PEITOH 70-700 COMPR. SPEED TEMP. 75 oF INPUT LEVEL NON-OPERATING 462210 288:01 OCATION TRACE NO. сн**с**@ 2000 SINE VIBRATION TEST 177 NCKK TYPE OF TEST RAE-B PLOTTED BY PROJECT DIVISION OF UNITED AIRCRAFT CORPORATION JODOIN CHECKED BY 813S Standard Hamilton SVSK7894 OPERATOR S-200HZ MEHNED TEST ENGINEER HSF 1633 A 2/69 700 c116 197<

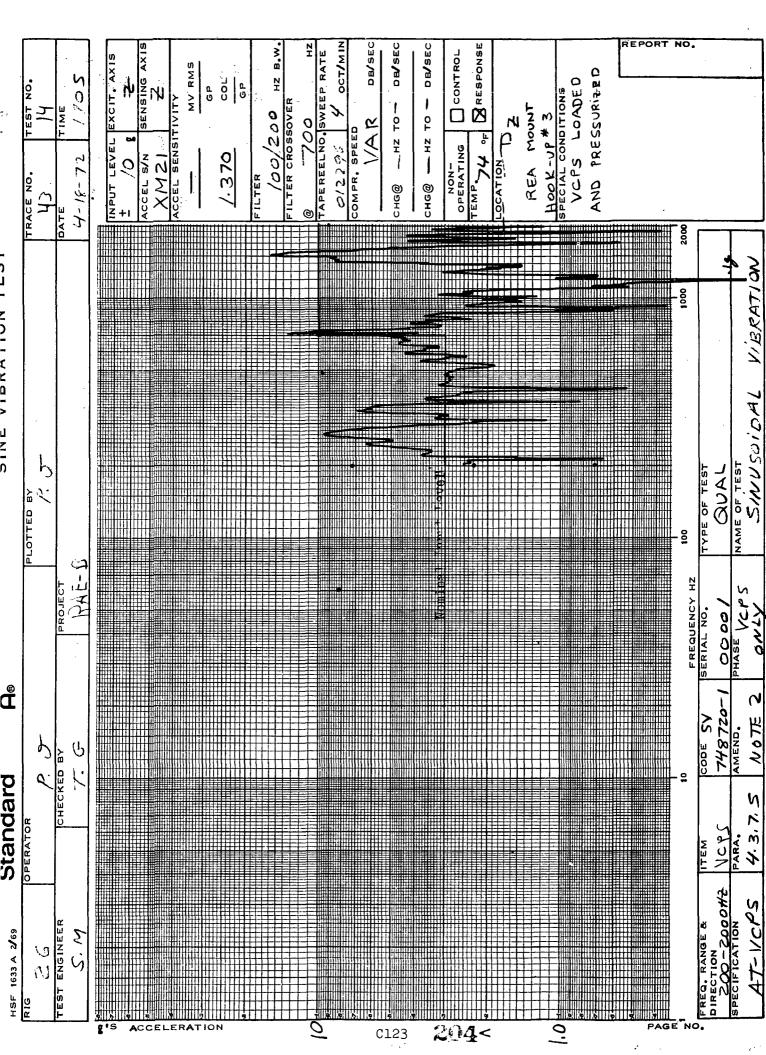


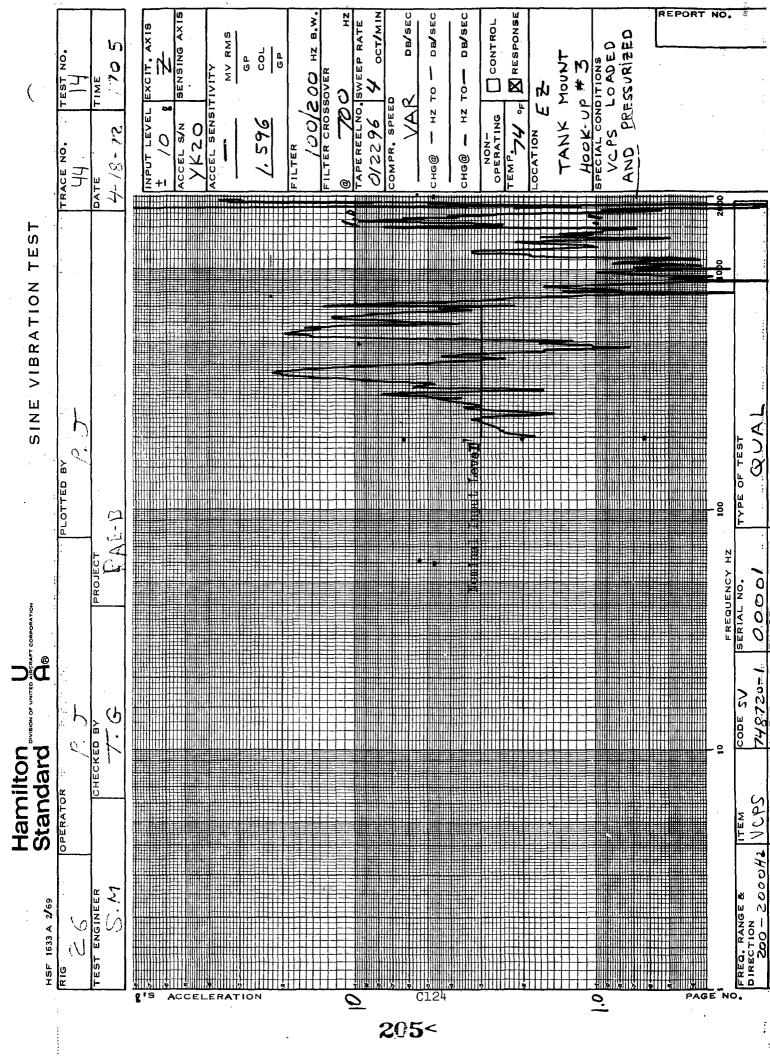
OCT/MIN DB/SEC X RESPONSE DB/SEC DB/SEC HZ B.W CONTROL TAPEREELNO, SWEEP RATE INPUT LEVEL EXCIT. AXIS MV RMS COL TEST NO. G G BARE FIXTURE 000/ ACCEL SENSITIVITY ILTER CROSSOVER TIME 00-100-500 70-700 HZ TO-OT ZH VAR COMPR. SPEED remp. 75 of NON-OPERATING 462210 2172 ACCEL S/N TE83 4-13-72 СН6@ ── TRACE NO. FILTER СнG@ @ DATE 2000 SINE VIBRATION TEST (12) (12) PLOTTED BY RAE-B PROJE GE1B CHECKED BY Hamilton Standard SVSK79594 OPERATOR FREG. RANCEDIRECTION 26 TEST ENGINEER MEHMED HSF 1633 A 2/69 C118 199<

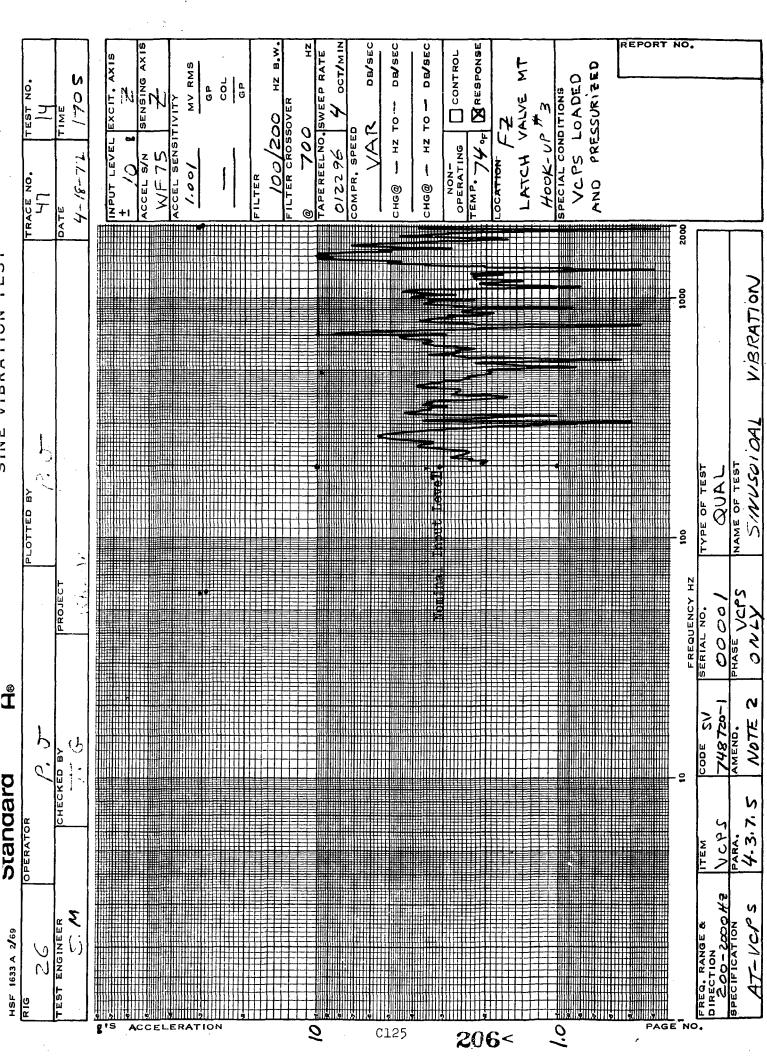


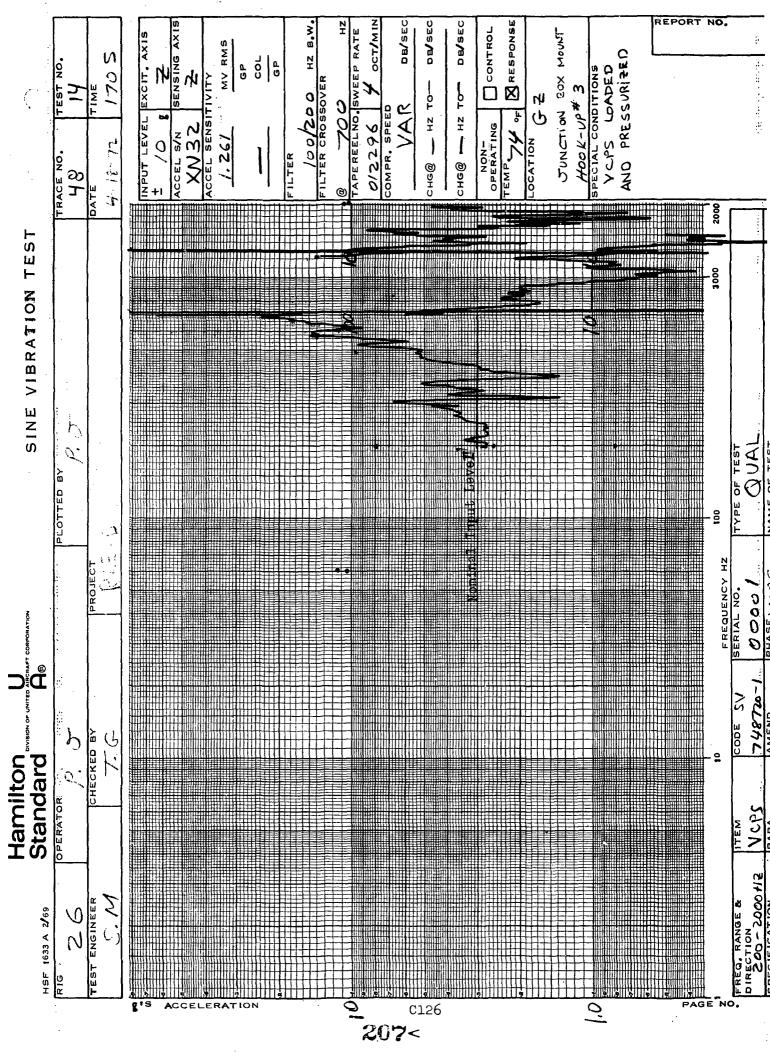


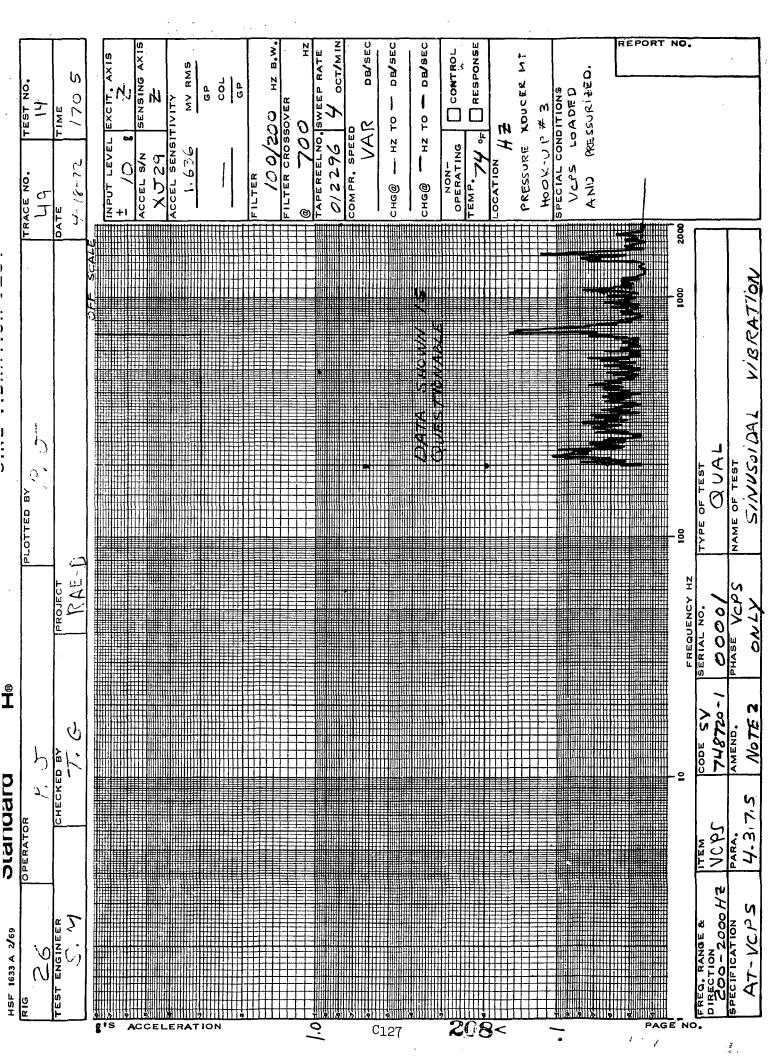


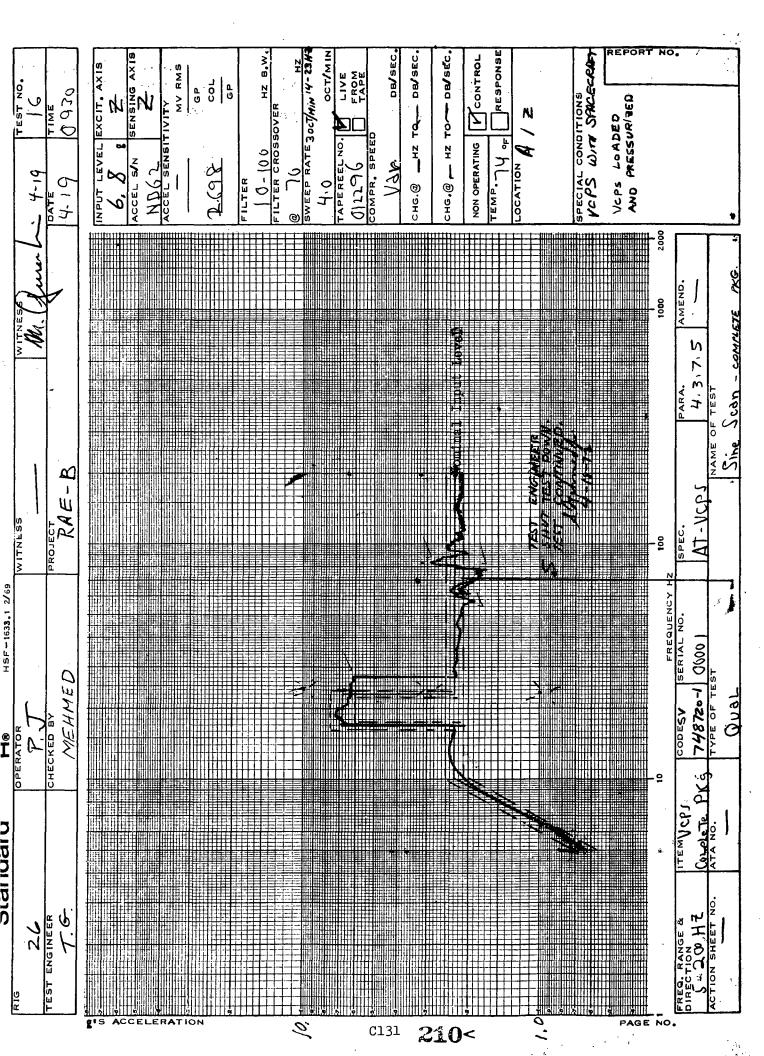


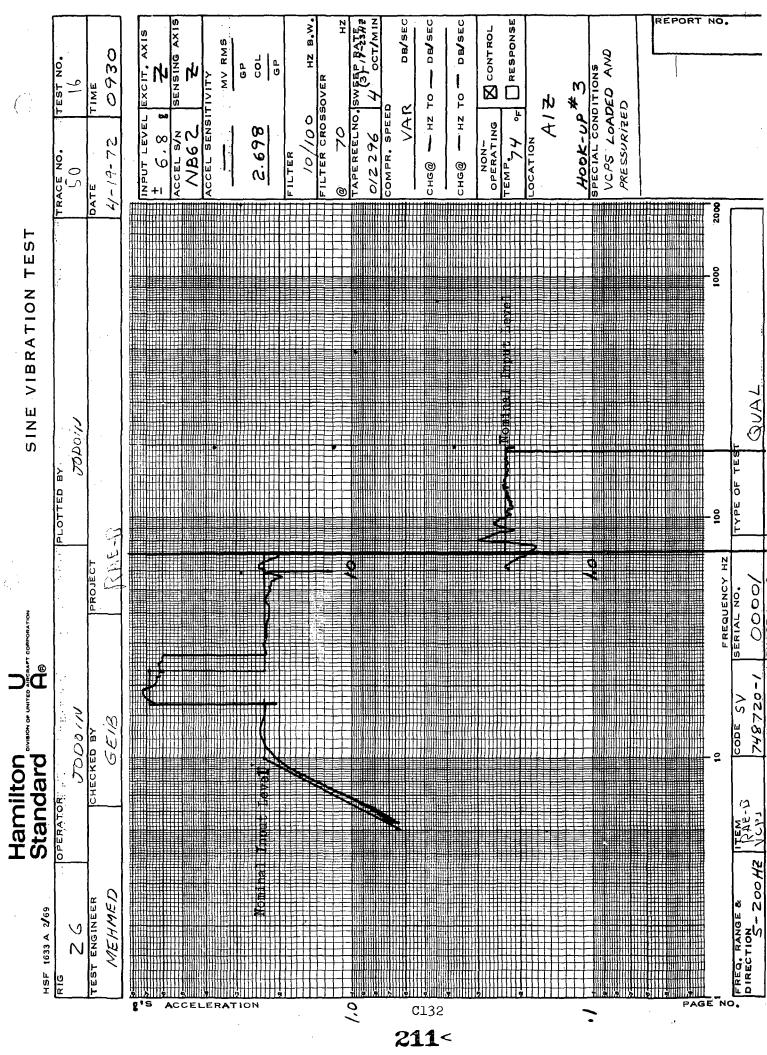


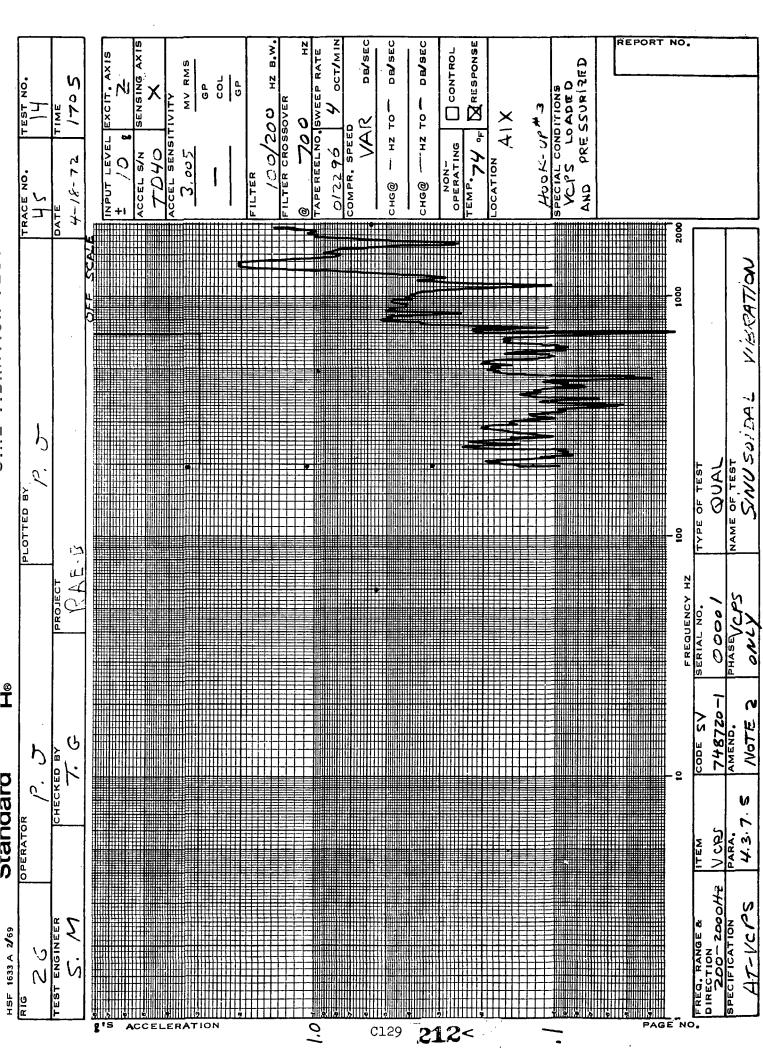


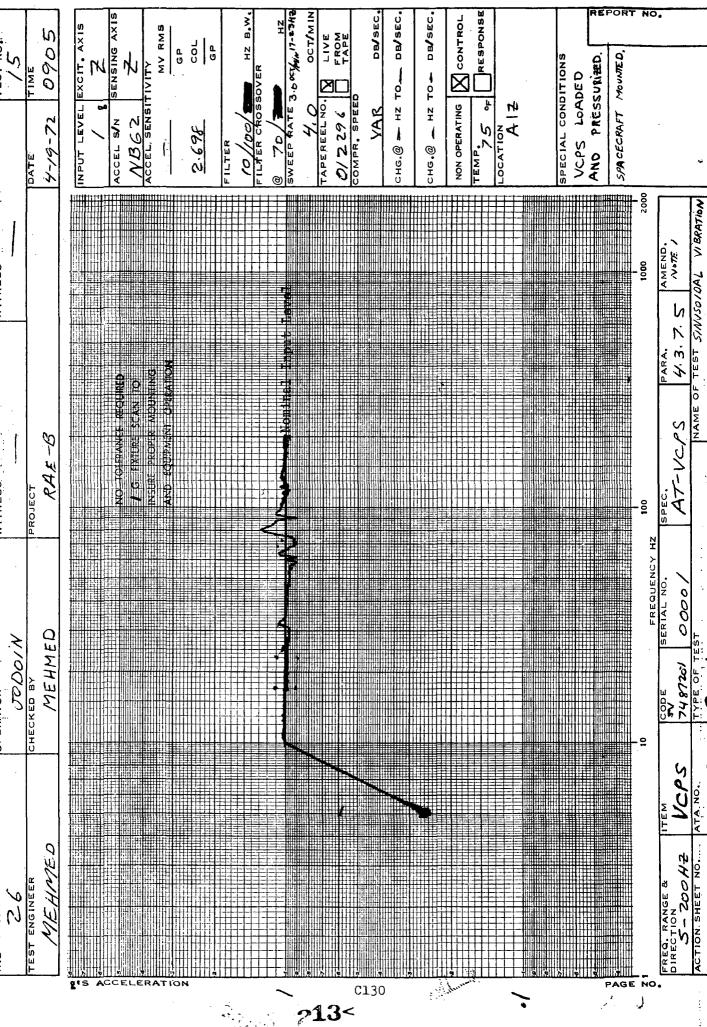


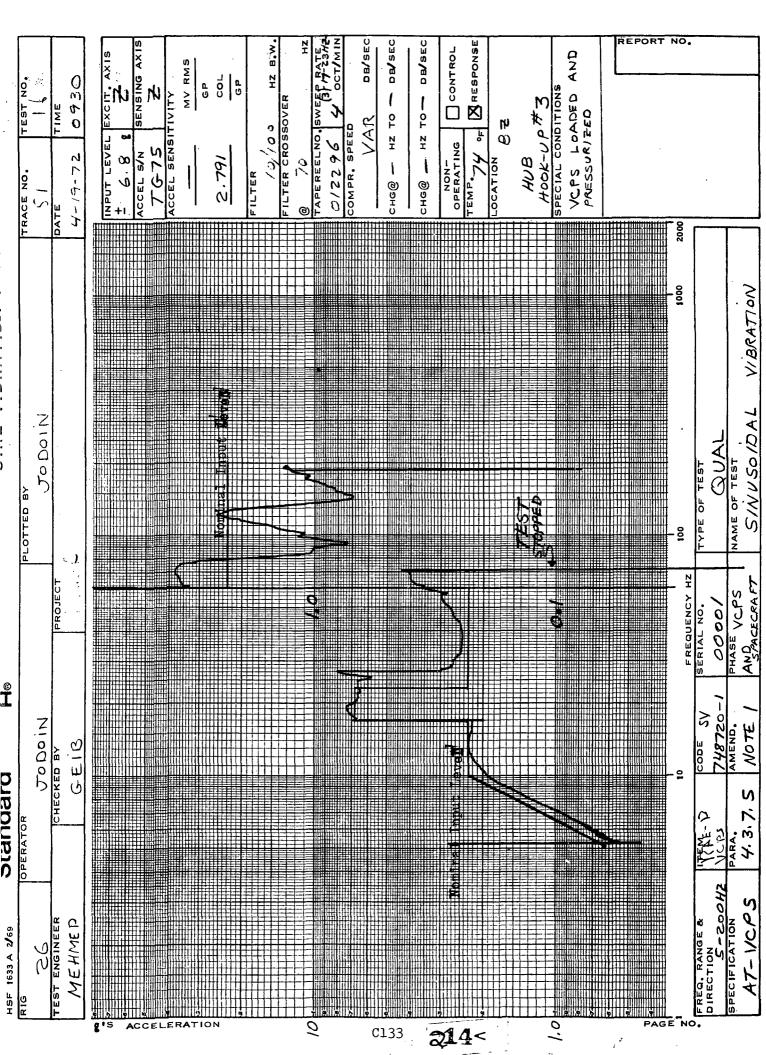


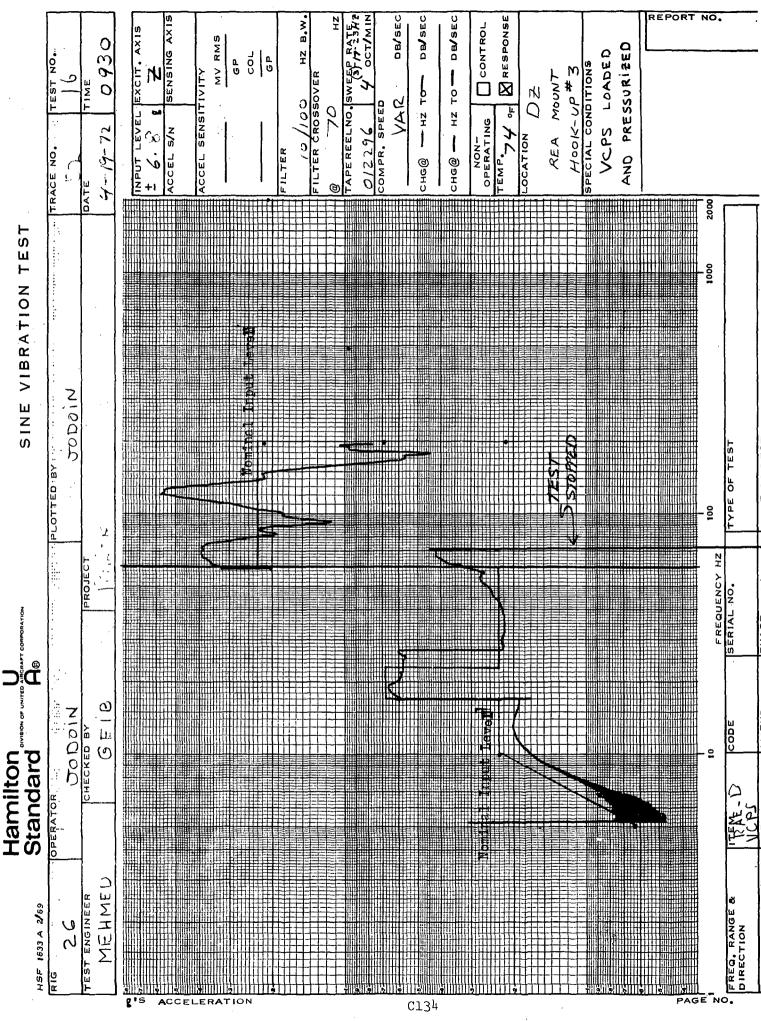


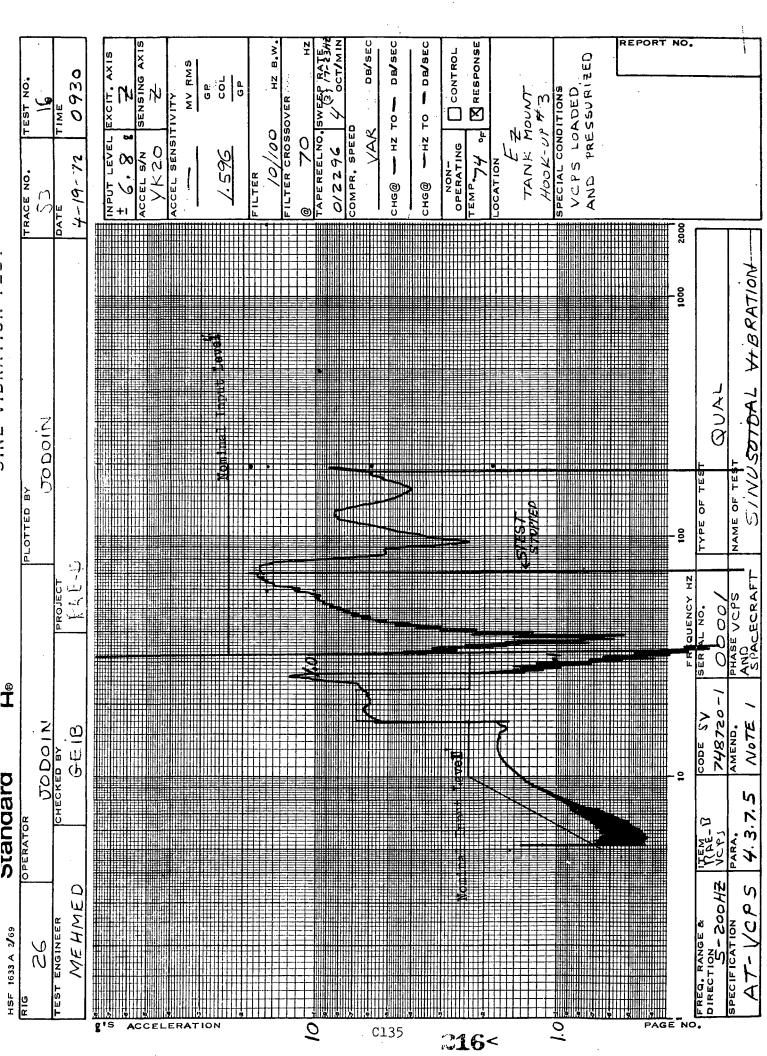


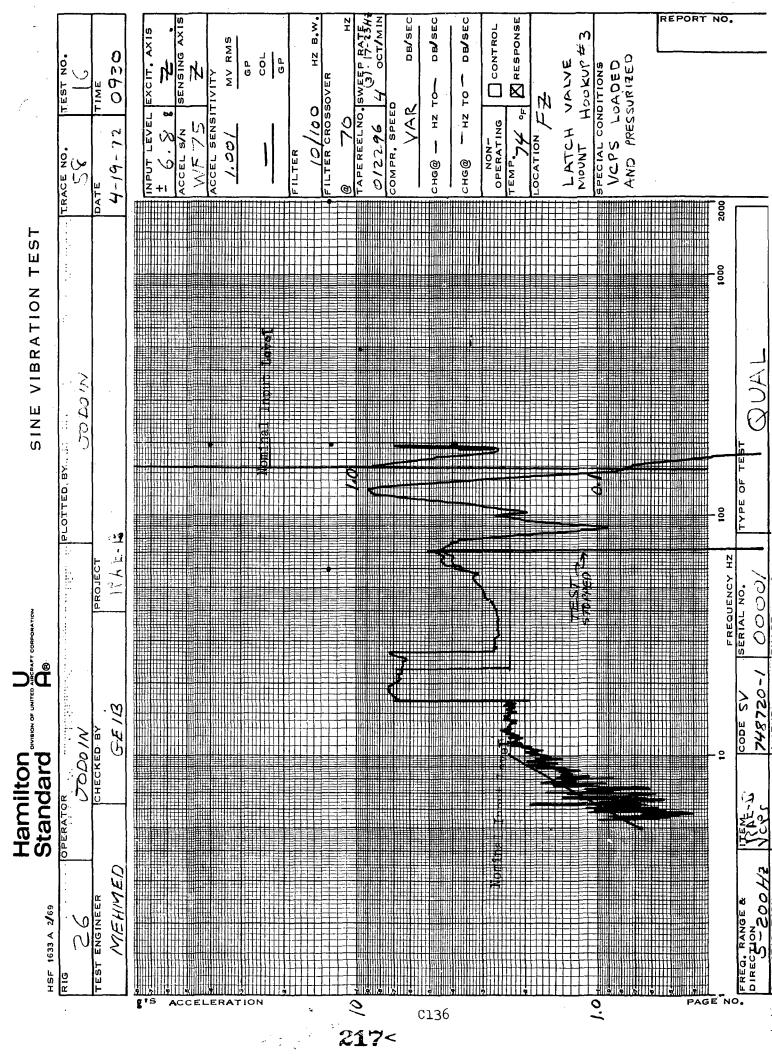


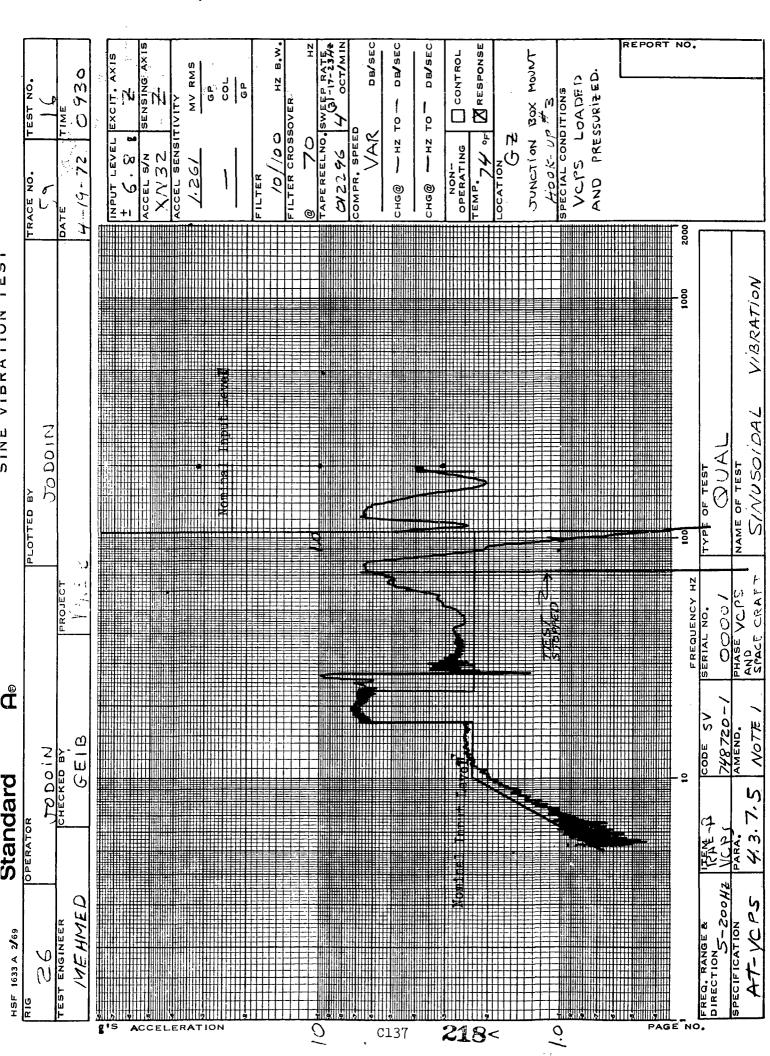


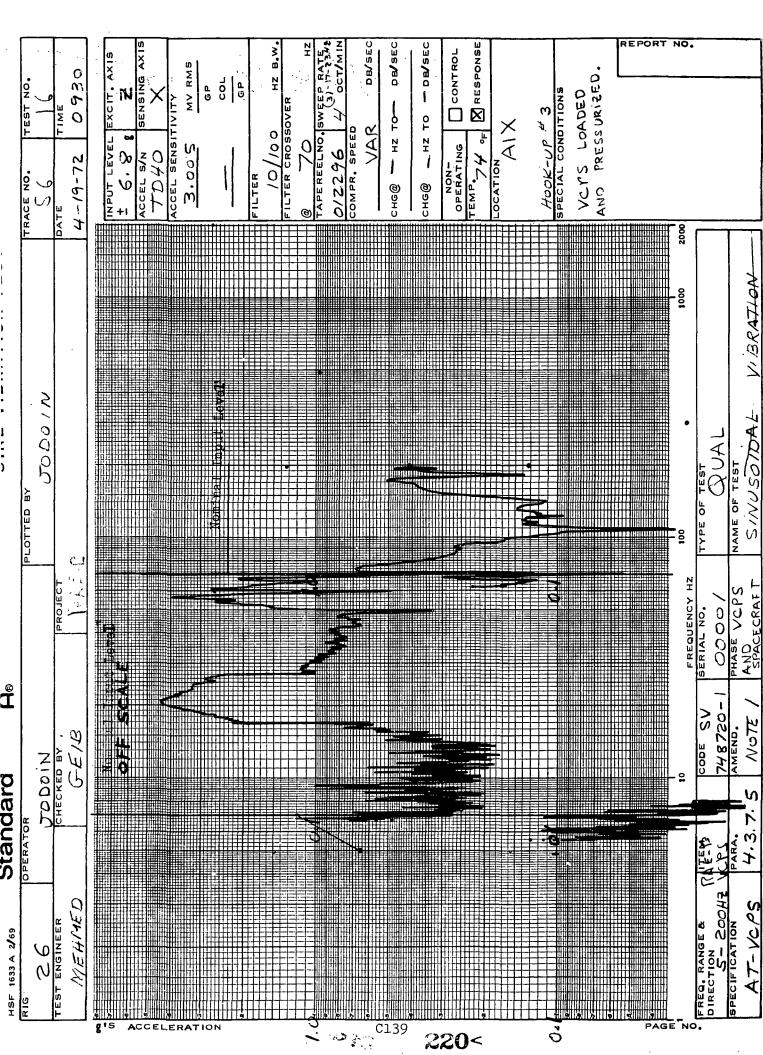


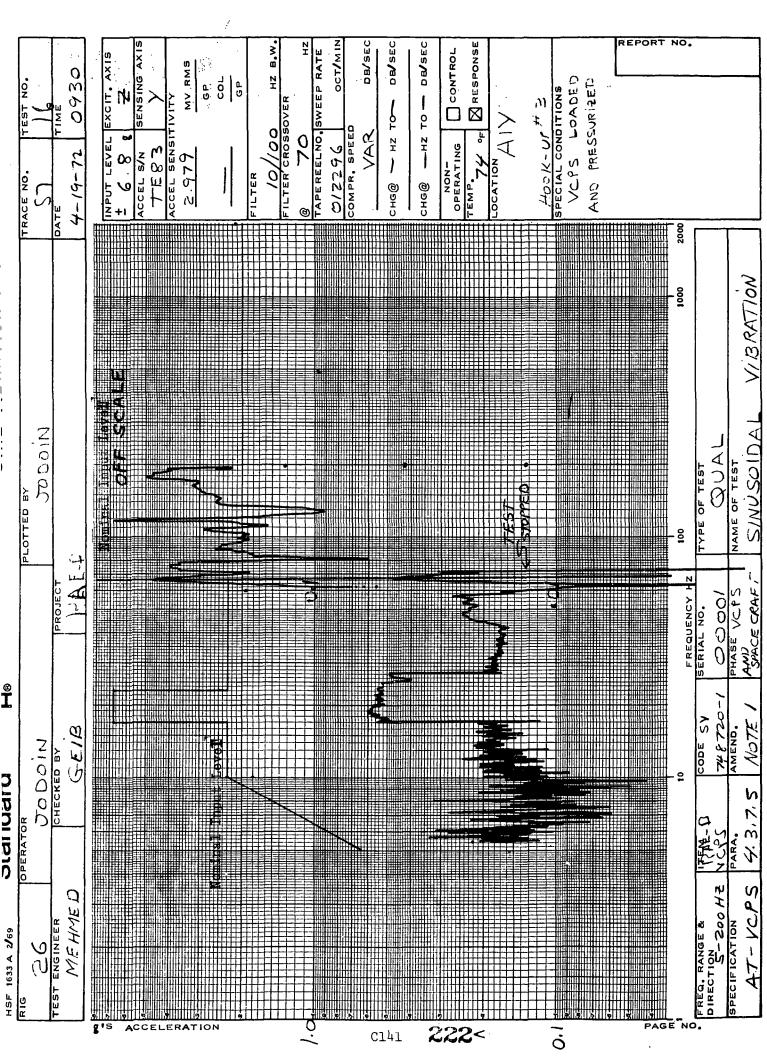


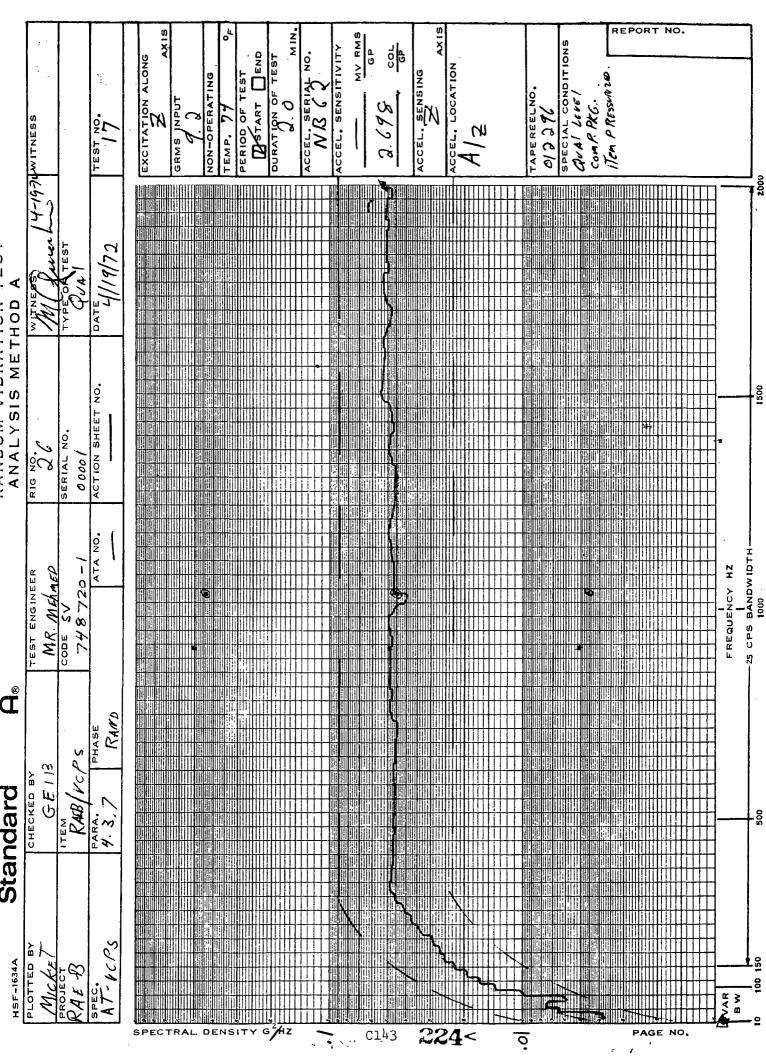












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		PERATOR A. M	PLOTTED BY	1	CE NO.	TEST NO.
	TEST ENGINEER		CHECKED BY	DAT	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	TIME 1015
/	8				EXCITATION ACCEL SE	2 GRM
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Hamilton	1.1		M VIBRATIO		REPORT NO	
Standard	HION OF UNITED AIRCRAFT CORPORA	HSF-1635 B	LYSIS METH			
26	B.M.		S.M		S 5	. 17
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					EXCITATION	GRMS
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ž 10					6 - 1	ER - HZ B.W.
и в С					-	ED - OCT/MIN
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					11.34	g ² Hz F.S.
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6				i Input 1 e	TAPE REEL	
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2						
1						
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AT- VCPS	4.3.7	AMEND.	PHASE VCPS AND SIACECRAFT		PA	GE NO.

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Hamilton Standard	DIVISION OF UNITED AIRCRAFT CORPORATION	RANDOM VIBRATION TES ANALYSIS METHOD B HSF-1635 B	INELOVI 4	ю.
RIG	OPERATOR	PLOTTED BY	TRACE NO.	TEST NO.
26	B.M.	CHECKED BY	DATE	TIME
	5. M	T.G.	4-19-72	1015
8 6 6 4 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	ITEM ICODE 6	Nomine 1 Tirgut Leve	ACCEL SE ANAL FIL SWEEP SF TIME CON ANNAL. C 47.08 PERIOD OI STA DURATION OPERATING TAPE REE O/2 CONTRO PICKUP LI REA HOOK SPECIAL VCPS	GP TER - HZ B.W PEED - OCT/MI STANT - SEC ALIBRATION 2 ALIBRATION 2 HZ F TEST ART
SPEC.	VCPS 74872 S 4.3.7	MEND NOTE PHASE VCPS RANDOM		PAGE NO.
AT-VCP	5 4.3.7			
		C146		/

Hamilton	IF UNITED AIRCRAFT CORPORATION	RANDOM VIBRATION ANALYSIS METHO		REPORT NO.
Standard OPE	As H	SF-1635 B		CE NO. TEST NO.
Z6	BIM	CHECKED BY	DAT	27 17
5, M)	T.G.	1	-19-72 1015
			Input Leve	ACCEL SENSING AXIS ACCEL SENSING AXIS ACCEL SENSING AXIS ACCEL SENSITIVITY MY RMS GP 1.596 COL GP ANAL FILTER - HZ B.W. SWEEP SPEED - OCT/MIN
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PROJECT ITEM	CPS 748720	SERIAL NUMBER TYPE OF TES	AL	
PAE-B VO SPEC. AT-VCPS	PARA: AM 4.3,7	PHASE VCPS RAN NOTE AND STACECRAFT	ІВОМ	PAGE NO.

Hamilton Standard	DIVISION OF UNITED AIRCRAFT CORPORA		IBRATION TES IS METHOD B	T REPORT N	10.
26 TEST ENGINEER	OPERATOR MICK	PLOTTED B		TRACE NO. 3 2	TEST NO.
B G A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	ITEM COL RAE-12 74	FREQUENCY - SERIAL NUMBER 9720-1 0000 /	TYPE OF TEST	ACCEL SE ACCEL	ON AXIS PERIAL NUMBE F75 ENSING AXIS COL GP COL GP TER - HZ B. PEED - OCT/N ALIBRATION 2 82 HZ F.S F TEST ART
AT-VCP	5 4.3.7	AMEND NOTE PHASE	E CKAFT		PAGE NO.

Hamilton Standard	ON OF UNITED AIRCRAFT CORPORATION		M VIBRATIO LYSIS METH		REPORT N	o.
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PROJECT IT	EM CODE	FREQUI	NOTE TO SECULATION OF THE OF T	TOTAL LANGE	ACCEL SE ACCEL	TEL 7.2 GRMS RIAL NUMBER 3.2 NSITIVITY MV RMS GP COL GP FER - HZ B.W. EED - OCT/MIN EED - OCT/MIN TEST RT
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	Hamilton Standard			M VIBRATIO Lysis met		REPORT N	ö.
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	2 Green und harman	M	T.G			4-19-72	1015
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	4						•
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	'(. 10 PROJECT	ITEM CODE		NCY - HZ	TEST ·		
	RAE-B SPEC. AT-VCP5	VCPS 7487 PARA: 4.3.7	20-1 000 AMEND. NOTE 5'4	PHASE VC. S	RANDOM		PAGE NO.
		1 //2/ /	231<	SPACECK AFT C150			1.0

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TEST ENGINEER	PERATOR 1910 KE	PLOTTED BY 5. M	TRACE NO. TEST NO 17	•
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6		idei Espub Leveni F SCALE	INPUT LEVEL 9, 2 EXCITATION AXIS ACCEL SERIAL NUM TE 83 ACCEL SENSING AX	
2			ACCEL SENSITIVITY 2.979 MV F GP CO GF ANAL FILTER - HZ	Y RMS
6 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4			SWEEP SPEED - OC TIME CONSTANT - ANNAL; CALIBRATIC 1/2.3 8 ² Hz	SEC
8 6			PERIOD OF TEST START DURATION ON NON OPERATING TAPE REEL NO.	MIN of
2			O12296 CONTROL RESP	
1			HOOK-UP # 3 SPECIAL CONDITION VCPS LOADED AND PRESSURIZE))
10	100	1000 2000 FREQUENCY - HZ		
PROJECT IT RAE-B SPEC. AT-VCP S	VCPS 748	ST SERIAL NUMBER TYPE OF T		
AT-VCPS	4.3.7	AMENDIVOTE PHASE VCPS AND SPACECRAFT	PAGE NO.	

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	Hamilton Standard	DIVISION OF UNITED AIRCRAFT CORPORATIO	" ANALISIS MEINO		REPORT I	10,
	RIG	OPERATOR	HSF-1635 B	l l	CE NO.	TEST NO.
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	10	100	1000 2000 FREQUENCY - HZ		L	
	PROJECT RAE-B	VCPS 748	SV SERIAL NUMBER TYPE OF TES			
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	AT-VCPS	4.3.7	154 SPACECRAFT C152			

Hamilton Standard	HEION OF UNITED AIRCRAFT CORPORATION		VIBRATION TE SIS METHOD B	[NEFOR I	NO.
	PERATOR	PLOTTE	S.M	TRACE NO.	TEST NO.
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.00(6 a	ILTER - HZ B,W.
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2					HZ F.S.
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8	/		M 1	NON OPERATI	_
	(1111141411411-ii	EEL NO. 22 <i>9</i> 6
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RAE-B	VCPS 74872 PARA. 4.3.7				PAGE NO.
AT- VCPS	4.3.7	NOTE A	ASE VCPS RANDOM		
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Hamilton Standard	Δ.	RANDOM VIBRATION TES ANALYSIS METHOD B 55-1635 B	T REPORT NO.
RIG OPER 26 TEST ENGINEER	MICKET	PLOTTED BY S. M	TRACE NO. TEST NO. 28 17 DATE TIME
			<u> </u>
PROJECT ITEM RAE-B VC	100 CODE SV		
RAE-B VC SPEC. AT-VCPS	4.3.7	TEND. NOTE PHASE VCPS RANDOM AND SPACECPAFT	PAGE NO.

Section V

Logs

- A) Operator Log
- B) Instrumentation Master & Running Log
- C) Data Reduction Log

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7 1015 Z RAND 437.7 9.2 2.0 443 con PKC 1 2 2.0 443 Con PKC 1 3 2.0 443 Con PKC 1 437.7 9.2 2.0 443 Con PKC 1 437.7 9.2 2.0 443 Con PKC 1 437.7 9.2 2.0 443 Con PKC 1 437.7 9.2 2.0 443 Con PKC 1 437.7 9.2 2.0 443 Con PKC 1 437.7 9.2 2.0 443 Con PKC 1 437.7 9.2 2.0 443 Con PKC 1 437.7 9.2 2.0 443 Con PKC 1 437.7 9.2 2.0 443 Con PKC 1 437.7 9.2 2.0 443 Con PKC 1 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	16		7	Sine		٥	43.15	-	#	ښ	二十	L.,		
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PROJECT RAE-B ITEM VCPS S/N 0000/50749730-1CODE DATE 4/19/72 LOG PAGE NO. 1999
TEST TITLE QUA!

NASTER PAGE NO 17.75
LOG PAGE NO. 1999
OPERATOR TOPOIN/MICKET

pret	RUN		TEST						PREAMPLIFI	ER SETTINGS							INPUT	SCAN	COMP	CONTROL	T	APE	VISI		
L.	NO	TIME	CODE	ו	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	VIB. AXIS	LEVEL	RATE	SPEED	FILTER	SPEED	TIME	CORDER SPEED	RIG	REMARKS
0	16	0930	PON	10	3 8	30	30	10/ AT 7	10/ 24=30	20	20	30	20	A	30	Z	6.8 Px	4.0	VAR.	10/100	1.5 1p	40	14/ 11PS	24	5/200HZ QUAL HU#3 SAUTDOWN COMP PKG + PRESSURIZED CONTINUED ON COMPLETE PKG ITEN Press.
1229	П	1015	Run	36	30	30	30		30		50		50		26	7	G. 2.	-	>	>-	,'s	2.0	_		Random Qual Run HX *3
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HSF 175.8

TEST LOG **VIBRATION**

S/N 00001 5v748720-1 CODE

MEhMED

ENGINEER

DATE 4/15/72

MASTER PAGE NO 1775 LOG PAGE NO. 1998

1354

Jopain/Micket **OPERATOR**

VISI-CORDER TEST TURE VIR AYIS **REMARKS** CODE LEVEL SPEED FILTER 2 3 7 11 12 SPEED SPEED TIME 6 9 10 1.0 VPK CAL@ 200 HZ CA = 1 TO 6 HU#1 CAI 1000 1600 1000 1000 200 NV RAS @ 200 HZ Ch 47 TO 12 = 1000 200 100 100 160 100 100 11.0 TIEM/FIXTURE SCAN
200-2000HZ HOOK-UP# !
PRESSURE RECORDED ON SAMOBORNO RUN 3 4.0 7/0 50 1.0 20 50 50 10 10 20 1G VAR VCPS ONLY

* HIGH RESPONSE
ON CHAN #4810. QUAL LEVEL 100 130 50 50 10 50 1420 RUN 200-2000HZ 100 S 100 7.5G 40 1.0 YCPS ONLY VAR 1.0 VPK CAL@ 200HZ FOR CHANNEL Nº 3 AND4 1000 1000 1000 1000 1500 CAL 1000 1000 10 HOOK-UT Nº2 HOOK-UP Nº Z 30 10 30 100 QUAL LEVEL 100 5º 50 100 7.5G 4.0 5 50 1545 RUN WAR 1200 1.0 YCPS ONLY 0 200-200042 1.000TPK CAI@ 200 HZ 4-17-7 MED 1000 1000 1000 1000 HUPT 1000 1000 Ch # 1 TOG FOR ALLS CHAMECS 6 09/8 CAI .3 6 21.065 NANUA/ BANDI RUBONANCE SEARCH RESONA 10/3/10 50 50 VAQ-20 20 10/3 30 30 10 30 10 GA 10 RUN 21.40'5 5/2004Z Qual Level HU#2 Pun 50 20 50 20 4.0 20 30 10 10 3.0 30 CNTRI C/#2 contlete 1 to ten Prossurio 50/ Complote Pkg, Item Pressurized 50 59 50) 50/ 3,0 9.16 10 30 10 30 10 1700 Run 20 20 H# 2 20 /20 120 20 GRMS Random Oval Run Complete Pkg. IT- Pressurized 100 100 100 ص ۱ 100 50 48 30 دس/ 100 100 Hay \$ 2 Run 2.6 GRMS 11.0. Equal 17ing HU#1 5. 30 COMPLETE PKG 050 ITEM PRESSURIZED. 30 RUN 30 30 30 9.16 2.0 50 50 10 So 50 50 10 EQUALIZATION TIME NOT NOTED. COMPLETE PKG ITEM PRESSURIERD HU #1 30 VAR ·US 50 4.0 115 RUN 10 10 10 50 70 50 1.5 1.0 30 OI QUAL SINE 1.0 v Px @ 200 HZ Ch = 1 To 6 1.00 PK 1-6 0120 96 FOR 1000 1000 1000 100 1000 100 12 1000 1000 100 100-100 OUT 2.0 200MVEAS-7-12 Z 200 MU RAS @ 200 HZ Ch# 720 (2 1010 DOO AV RAS PODO HB FOR ACLE JOOMPRAS 13 801 CHANGE ON Ch 12 0,2% VCRS ONLY 1,0 1.0g's VAR 10/104 4.0 50 13 1650 RUN -3 50 50. 50. 50 SEC PRESSURIZED 1200 H.U.#3 VCAS ONLY 10. 0.4 50 57) 50 50 50 1,0 100 子 4.0 1705 RUN 100 100 30 SEC PRESSURIZED IVAR, 0905 Run 20 1.06 PK 4,0 20 20 20 ە⊊ 10 10 20 Z 1sed 1100 5/200 HZ ITEM/FIXTURE SLAN # 1998 Sheet NEXT COMP PKG TEM PAGSSON 200 10 20 O

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PROJECT RAE-B

TEST TITLE

H\$F 178.8

ITEM VCPS

VIBRATION TEST ITEM YCPS DATE 4-13-72 PROJECT RAE. B CODE

LOG PAGE NO.

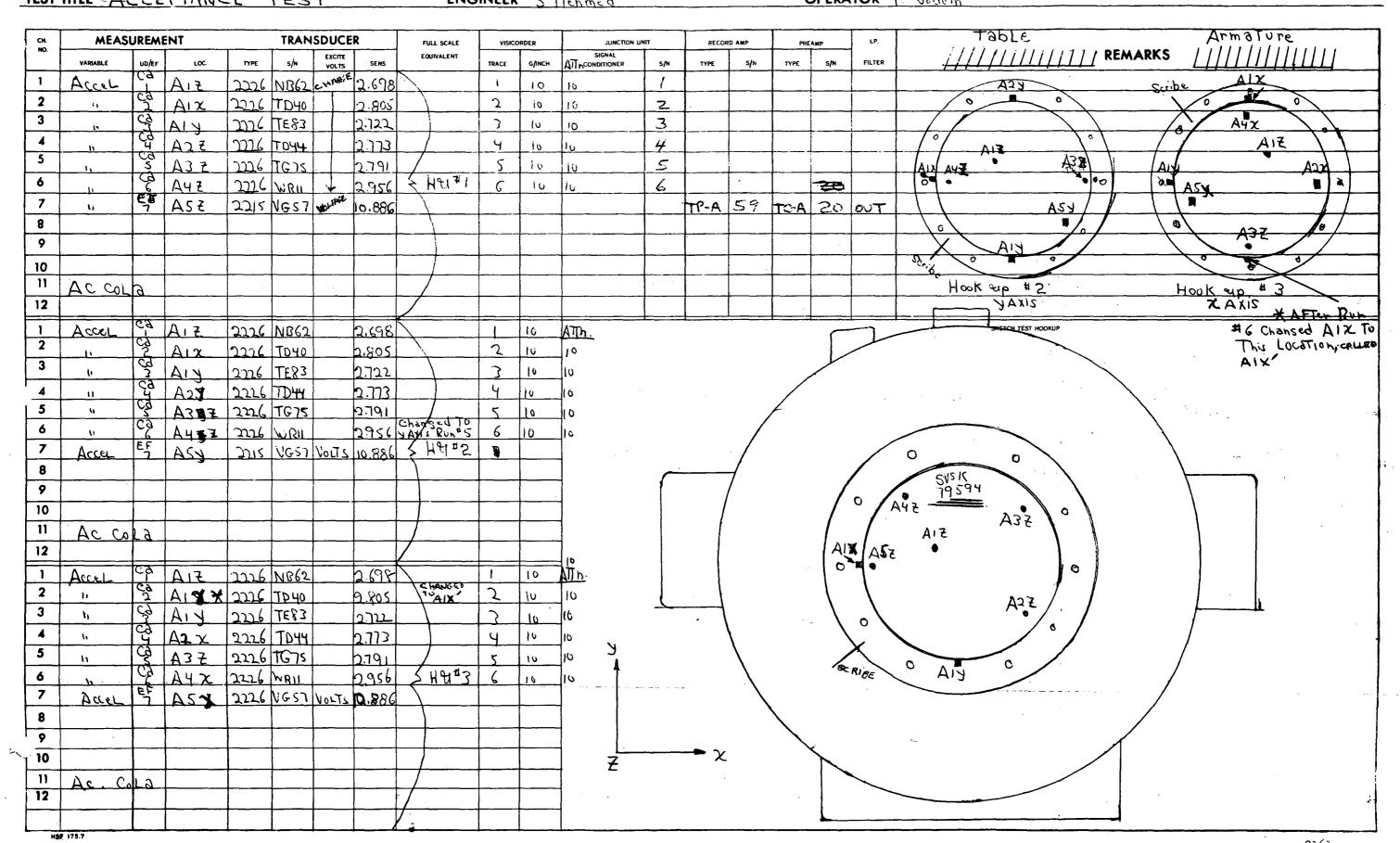
MASTER PAGE NO 1774

S/N CODE
ENGINEER S. Mehmed TEST TITLE Acceptance TesT

OPERATOR P. Jodoin

NO I	NO	TIME							PREAMPLIFIE	ER SETTINGS						VIB. AXIS	INPUT	SCAN	COMP	CONTROL	TA	PE	VISI- CORDER	RIG	•
1 1			CODE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	VIB. AXIS	LEVEL	RATE	SPEED	FILTER	SPEED	UDID で TIME(SPEED	RiG	REMARKS
		ا د ے د															_				1 ~			Ħ	H & # 1
0	1	1232	Car	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000					_A_		-				^	15	1.5	ſ	26	I VOLT PK Cal. @ 200 H7
2 3	ე.	0930	CaL	-	-	_	-	-	_	100				С		_	-	_	_	_	٦٩	1.0	-		200 MN. Car. @ 200 HZ
5	3	1000	RUN	3	3	3	10	10	10	10				С		7	1G	HOLT	VAR	10/100/	1	2.1	·4"/ SEC		S- 2000 HZ BARE FIXTURE SCAN
9/2			RUN	+			3	3	3	20	. –	-	-	0		V		4 at	VAR	19/100	h	2./	.4"/ sa		S/2K BARE FIXTURE SCAN HU#2
4 '				'		3								g		/	1.6		1	1					Ch"3 CN/R/, LOC AIY
5		1540	Run	3	3	3	3	3	3	20				a 		Y	1.06	Most		1001 1001 000	K	J. /	sec.		Ch#3 CN/R/ LOC AIY S/DIC BAREFINTURE SUAN HU = 2 Ch = 3 CUTR/ LOC AIX (Ch = CN NOW PRIMARY) S/DIC BARE FIXTURE SUAN HU = 3
4-14	- 1	1010	RUN	3	3	3	3 DIRID	3	3	20 EVRID						X	1 px	4 oct/	VAR	10/10/200	m d	2.1	sec		S/2k BARE FIXTURE SLAW HU#3
7		1120	Pun	3	3	3	10	3	3	50						<i>Y</i>		400\$	VAR.	10/10/		2./	.4%		Ch*2 OVIR/ COC* A/X 5/DK BAREFIXTURE SCAN HU#3
		(13-														.X	1. P/c	min		1200	9	σ. <i>i</i>	Sec		ch'2 CATRL LOCA IX'
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 DATE 4 - 13-72
 MASTER VIBRATION LOG
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DATE 4/15/72 PROJECT RAE-B ITEM VCPS TEST TITLE QUAL

MASTER VIBRATION LOG S/N 50748720 1 CODE

ENGINEER MR MEhmED

WPIA51-103-101A RIG 26 **OPERATOR**

JODOIN MICKET

MASTER PAGE NO 1778 LOG PAGE NO. 1998

MEASUREMENT **TRANSDUCER** FULL SCALE VISICORDER JUNCTION UNIT POFAMO EQUIVALENT CA SENS CHARGE SENS **REMARKS** TYPE S/N FILTER TRACE G/INCH CONDITIONER 2226 1040 - 2.805 Alx' ACCEL 2226 TE83 2.72 2 10 2222 XM21 Dx .370 10 2222 WF75 1.031 4 2226 TU45 2.650 5 10 2.718 (#0 C y ** 2226 TG74 CHANGE TO TO48, SENS 2 788 FERE l 2026 NB62 3,052 AIZ 2222 YK20 1.523 EF8 DY 8 2222 XNB2 1.261 EY 2226 1044 3.035 EFIO BX Accel 10.0 AC CO/A AC COLA AC COXA 12 EF11 BY 226 WR11 3.016 Aurl SKETCH TEST HOOKUP ACCEL ALX' 2226 T040 2,805 CAL 10 2 10 2226 TE83 AIY 2,722 REFERENCE PHOTO'S 3 3 DY 2222 YK20 1.596 CA3 10 EY 2222 XN32 1,297 10 10 CHANGED TO TOUS 5 CX2226 7045 2,650 10 CAS io CHARGE SENS = 2.788 PAPE #> CY 2226 TE7# 2.719 ادر CHETTER STARTING WITH AIZ 2226 NB62 3052 EF7 RUN 6 DX 2222 XM2/1.325 EF8 2222 WF75 1.001 EX FF9 10 BX 2226 7044 3.035 ACCEL EFIO 11 AC COLA COLA BY 2226 WRII 3.016 ACCEL EFI 20 10.0 3.698 CAI AIZ 2224 NB/2 F42 BZ 2 12226 TG75 2.791 ACCEL 10 2222 XM21 43 DZ - 1.370 CAY EZ 1.596 2224 1045 2.650 40 ACC51 2226 7048 2.788 1#. ACCEL ETT AIX' 2226 1040 3.005 ACCE! 2226 TE83 2.979 EF9 FZ 2222 WF75 1.001 10 6F10 G Z 2222 XN32/26/ 10 Co /A CHANGED TO RN 81 STARTING W/RUN 13 X 12 XHZ 2222 XJ29V636 BRN81 UISI CALDATA LOCHZ 100

SINUSOIDAL DATA REDUCTION LOG

RAE-B MASTER PAGE NO. 1774 TEST DATE 4-13-72 D.R. DATE 4-13-72 PROJECT QUAL ITEM SIXTURE SERIAL NO. W.P.I. A52-102-124A TAPE REEL NO 01999 7 CAL VOLTAGE 200 MVrms OR 1000 MVpk (AT 200 Hz) TAPE REEL 012294 CALCULATION CALpt = RUN x CAL VOLTAGE MVrms OR MVpk CAL ACCEL SENS MVrms/Gpk Coul Gpk S/N SENS RUN/CAL L (RUN/CAL) X VOLT CAL/RUN CAL/RUN CAL F.S. TRACE RUN CHAN ACCEL (ACCEL SENS) ACCEL LOG ATT RANGE ATT PT jö 50 A/Z 2.698 2.698 NB62 1./2 1000 20 3/ 2.805 20 41X Z 2 ルロフ 2,805 7040 1000 ly 3 3/2,722 20 3 TE 83 2.722 1000 1.10 20 10/2,773 22 身 20 3,6 1044 1000 2.773 20 10/2.741 10 ろそ 5 3.45 T&75 2,791 20 10/2,956 20 10 6 42 6 WRII 1000 3.4 2.956 19/00×200 ゴヱ 1.85 20 VG 57 16.886 10 100 10.886 -12 20 5 1000 1.12 12 8 9 2 20 1.07 IX. 1000 10 1000 3 10 20 1.10 20 3/2,773 1000 20 1.08 10 20 10 3/17/ 5 1000 20 32 /2 1.07 10 3/2956 6 1000 20 10 13 1.02 29/00×200 20 10 5Y 14 7 20 3668 100 10.566 20 15 1.12 1000 1.07 2 00 1000 10 20 10 3 1000 20 /./0 10 x/8 1000 3.6 10 17/9 5 1000 1.07 20 4x 20 3 6 1000 20 1.07 10 X 21 20 100 9.25 C163 244<

RANDOM DATA REDUCTION LOG

	MASTER :	PAGE	NO	1775	5	_PROJECT_f	RAE-P TEST	DATE 4-15-7	D.R. DATE	1
(Table 1997)	ι							AL NO. 0000/		,
	CAL VOL				MVrms			k (AT 200Hz)	DEG. OF FREE	s. <u>/28</u>
	CALCULA	TION	CONS	T. 3989	9 MV ² rma HZ(G ₁	s(Grms) ² pk) ²	OR 9.82(10)	MV ² pk (Grms HZ (Gpk)2) ² Based on	E.BW=6.
	CALCULA	TION	CONS	T. 1595	7.6 OR	5.928 (1	O) 4 Based on	E.BW=16		
01729	S TRACE	RUN	CHAN	S/N ACCEL	SENS. ACCEL	ATT.	(RUN/CAL) ² (ACCEL SENS) ²	CAL/RUN INPUT ATT.	CAL/RUN OUTPUT ATT.	CAL PT
W RIN	9 0x	9	8	YK20	1.523		4×10 2 (1.523) 2	200 100		68.78
Ŋ-	10 EX		9	XN32	1.261	20/00	44102 (1.261)2	200		100.3
	11 BX		10	TD44	3.035	20 100	4×10-2 (3.035)2	200 10	0 20	1.7.32
	12°CY,	k	12	WRII	3.016		(3.016)2	20 30	0 20	17.59
				:			·	· (a)	D	
HUHI	(A) (A)	0	1	TD40	2,805			200 300		1423
hel.	IYAIY		2	TE83		30/1000	9×164 (2,722)2	100		11.92
D	X15		3		1.370	30/1000	9×104 (1137)2	200	0 30	47.08
EX	16	1	ij	WF15		30/1000	9 x 10 4 (1,051)2	200 10	0/10	80.01
	172		5	T045	2.650		1 × 10-4	108	020	1.398
СУ	18,0		6	TD48	2.788		1×104 (2:788)2	100	0 20	1.263
	19.		7	NB62	3.052	50 100	125 (3.052)2	200 10	0 20	107.06
DY	v		8				· 25 (1523)2	2000	0/0	429.9
EY	21		9				125 (1.261)2	200	0	627.1
EX	22	-	10		3,035	50 100	(2.035)2	W 10	0/0	108.56
124	23		12	VYRII	3.016	10	·25/2 1/0	WODATA -	Rectal	109.63
•			-				7.0		FBEL ORE	
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i.		+			!		200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200			1
*	* .	+					·			1
		<u>i</u>					<u> </u>			

RANDOM DATA REDUCTION LOG

MASTER PAGE	E NO	1775	<u> </u>	PROJECT_1	RAE-13 TEST	DATE 4-18-77	D.R. DATE	·	
TAPE REEL !	NO. <u>0</u>	1229	6	ITEM V	CS SERIA	L NO. 0000/		·	
CAL VOLTAGE	E	200	MVrms		OR 1000MVpk	(AT 200Hz)	DEG. OF FREE	E. <u>/2</u>	8
CALCULATION	N CONS	T. 3989	HZ(G ₁	s(Grms) ² pk) ²	OR 9.82(10)	MV ² pk (Grms HZ (Gpk)2	$\frac{)^2}{}$ Based on	E.BW=6	-4
CALCULATION	n cons	T. 159 5	,.6 or	-3.928 (1	e) 4 Based on I	E.BW-16			
TRACE: RUN	CHAN	S/N ACCEL	SENS. ACCEL	ATT.	(ACCEL SENS)	CAL/RUN INPUT ATT.	CAL/RUN OUTPUT ATT.	CAL PT	F.S.
24/17		NB6 2	2.698	30 1000	(2.691)2	10(9)	0 10	12.14	1.0
25	Z	TG75	2,791	30/1000	9 × 10 4 (2.791)2	10 -10	0	11.34	10
260	3	XMZI	1:370	30/1000	9 X 10 - 4 (1, 370)2	203 20	OW	47.08	1.0
27	4	YKZO	1,596	30 1000		W W	0 20	34.69	1.00
28	5	T045	2,650	30 1000	94104	100 100	0 20	12.58	1.0
19	6	T 048	2,788	30 1000	9 X10-4 (2.788)2	1000	0/10	11.37	./
130	フ	TD40	3.005	50 100	(2,005)2	20 6	0 20	110.4	/31.T
314	8.	TE 83	2.979	50 100	25 (2.979)2	200	0 20	//Z.3	.0/
32 45 1	9	WF 75	1.001	50 100	17.001)2	20 10	0 20	995.2	1.0
33 50 M	10	X/V32	1.261	50/100	·25 (1.20)2	w 10	0 10	627.1	10
34101	12	χ Σ 2 9	1.636	20 100	(1.636)2	20 10	0 10	59.6	100
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		<u>-</u>							
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RANDOM DATA REDUCTION LOG

MASTER PAGE	E NO	177	5	PROJECT_K	AB-B TEST	DATE 4/17/77	D.R. DATE	4/17/	72
() es REEL I	NO. 01	12295	••	ITEM VCP	5 SERI	AL NO. 8000	W.P.I. A < 2	-101-	12.1
CAL VOLTAGE		200	_		OR 1000MVpl	(AT 200Hz)	DEG. OF FREE	. 128	
CALCULATION	ONS	T. 3989	172 G	figrins) ² pk) ²		MV ² pk (Grms HZ (Gpk)2		E.BW=6	(4.)
CALCULATION	o Cons				O) Based on				
									=
TRACE RUN	CHAN	S/N ACCEL	SENS. ACCEL	RUN/CAL	(RUN/CAL) ² (ACCEL SENS) ²	CAL/RUN INPUT ATT.	CAL/RUN OUTPUT ATT.	CAL PT	F.
		.						, .	,
1 9	1	7340	2.605	10 1000	7,89: = 127K	10 10 II	0 20	1,25	0,1
Z = 24	7	TE (3)		30	9K1074 -1,22X10		0 20	12.1	
				10	1×10-4 -	4 (4)	0		
3		YKZO		30	910-4	4(4)-0 ==	0 10	387	_\(\frac{1}{4}\)
4	4	1	1,297	10	1.68 b,36K		0 20	525	1/3
5	_5_	TD45	2,650	1000	7.0 = 143×10	(P) 20	20	1,41	Ø,
, k	6	T548	2.788	10 1000	7.78 - 129X10	20	.20	1,27	į.P,
7 1	7	NBGZ	3.05	20/100	4×10-2 -2 9,3=,43×10	(C) 20	0 20	172	8.
								-	-
S 10	1	7040	2,605	30/1000	94154 1.14234	10 W	0 70	11.2	/
			·		1-35				-
9 9	8							 	
									
(0)	9							·	1
//	10	,	· '					<u>.</u>	
12 1	12							· 	<u> </u>
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SINUSOIDAL DATA REDUCTION LOG

MASTE	R P	AGE	NO	1775	- I	ROJECT RA	NE-B TEST DA	TE 4-15/	4-19 D.R.	DATE_	
					• •	`.	S SERIAL	/			
CAL V	OLT	AGE					(AT 200 Hz)				
CALCUI	LAT:	ION	Us	E RUN	1 OR 6	FOR CHAN	HU#1 & #2 RES	premivel. Fo	or channel.	1-6	• •
CALp	t =			L VOLTA	AGE	MVrms	OR MVpk				
		CA	L AC	CEL SE	NS	MVrms/Gpk	<u>Coul</u> Gpk				
					couc	DIDI /OAT	/ DIRI (OLT). CAB				~~~~
TRACE	R	UN	CHAN	S/N ACCEL	SENS ACCEL	ATT	(RUN/CAL) × Constant	LOG ATT	CAL/RUN RANGE ATT	CAL PT	F.S.
' /	73		1	TD40	2.805	30/1000	20/205	20	,	10.7	10.6
2_					2,722	10 1000	10/21722	26 26	1	3.68	1:0
. 3				700	1:370	100 1000	10%.370	20/0		73	100/10/1
4		_	4	WF75	1.051	30 1000	30/1.051	26 20/6		30	10/1
5			7	NB62		100 100	200/3052	20	10	65.7	10
6		_	8/	YKZO	1.523		160/	20/0	10	65,5	10/1.0
7		 	9	XN32	1.261	50 100	100/1.251	20 0/20	10	79,5	1.0/10/1.0
8			10	TD44	3.035	100 100	200.	10	10/1	66.6	100/10
9	V		12	WR/I	3:016	50 100	10.0%	30	10	33.2	1.0
104	£	5	ı	7040	2.805	10 1000	10,0000	20	10 10	3.58	1.0
1			٦	1	2.722	30 1000	30/2 122	20	10	11	10
124			3	YK20	1.596	100 100	100/1516	20 200	10/1	62.9	100/10/1.0
13V			4	XN32	1.297	30 1000	30/1297	20	10	23.2	10/1.0
144			7	NB6Z		100 100	200/3.052	20	10	65.7	1.0
150			8	XMZI	1.325	50 100	100/	20 20	10	75.8	10.0
16	<u>, </u>		9	WF75	1.001	50 100	100/1001	20 0/20	10	100	1.0/10/1.0
170			10	TD44	3.035		20/3.55	20/0	10	66.6	10.0/1.0
18		_	12	WRII	3.016	50 100	100/3.016	20 20	10	33.2	10.0
				! ! :		!	•				1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

SINUSOIDAL DATA REDUCTION LOG

	3			177	_			. /			•, •
	MASTER	PAC	GE NO	///	>P	PROJECT RI	AE-B TEST DA	TE 4-15/4	-19 D.R.	DATE	
	TAPE R	EEL	NO	1229	<u>5</u> 1	TEM_YC	PS SERIAL	NO. 000	0/ W.P.I	. <u>A51</u>	-/03-
	CAL VO	LTA	3E 20	O MVrms	OR	1000 MVpk	(AT 200 Hz)	ecu pova	annel #1-6		·
	CALCUL	ITA	ON OS	CAL X	1010 7 67 Why 1 1 1 100	CH 7-12	. I G Z RESIDECTIVE	•••			
	CALpt	=]	RUN x CA			MVrms	OR MVpk				•
		(CAL AC	CEL SEI	VS	MVrms/Gpk	Coul Gpk				• :
•	 										:
#	TRACE	RUI	N CHAN	S/N ACCELL	SENS ACCEL		(RUN/CAL) CALAS (ACCEL SENS)	CAL/RUN	CAL/RUN RANGE ATT	CAL PT	F.S.
	19V	7	1	TOHO	2.805	10 1000	10/2.80=	20	1	3.58	1
	20)	1	2	TE83	2,722	10 1000	10/2,722	20		3.68	
•	2/4		3	YKZO	1.596	30 1000	30/1.59 6	50		18.8	10.0/1
.,	224	1	4	XN32	1. 297	30 1000	30/1,297	20 200	1		10.0/1
	23	1	5			10	10/2,650	200		3,77	14. 1.
	241	1	6		C1830	-	10/2.788	20		3.6	1.0/1
	×25		7			٠,٠	100/3.052	20 20/0/2	10	 	
	+26V	4	18	NB62			40/1325	20	10	33.2	
	27	+	9	X1421	1.325	2	40/1.001	20 7	15	30.5	1. /
	-	\dashv	10	WF75			100/31035	20/0	10	40	1.0/1
	284	/	+,_	7044	3.035		ļ	20 20	10	33.4	
	29 V	<u> </u>		WRII	3.016	100	1/3/016	20	1	33.3	
b/+	30	<u>//</u>	1/	7040	2.805	1000		20	1	3,58	1.0
KIA	31		2/	TE83	2.722	10 1000	7	20	10	3.68	<u> </u>
	32	4	3	XM21	1.370	30 1000	39/1.370	20 20	10	21.9	1, 0
EX	33		41	WF75	1.051	30	1	20	1	30	1.0
ct	134	_	50	1045	2,650	10 1000	7 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	20 20		3.77	1.0
U	35		6	7048	2,788	10 1000	7	200		3.6	1.1
	35 236	\perp	7	NB62	3.052			30	10	33.2	1.0
Ya	37	\perp		YKZO	1.523	100	40/1.523		10	26.3	1.0/.1
*	38		9	XV32	1.261	20 100		20/0		31.7	1.0/
e+	39		10V	7044	3.035	50 100		20 20	10	33.2	- 10
0	40	V	12	WRII	3.016	10	10%3,016	20	10	33.4), 6
	::.			•			C168		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

•		·								
	;	e NO.		_		AE-B TEST DA	:		;	77
TAPE	REEL N	10. 01	1229	<u> </u>	ITEM VC P	25 SERIAL	NO. 000	00/ W.P.I	· <u>45/</u>	-/03-/0/#
CAL V	OLTAGI		O MVrm	s OR Run *	1000 MVpk	(AT 200 Hz)	•	•	•	print.
CALCU	LATION	1 .	· () T. L	KUW	12				į,	•
$\mathtt{CAL}_{\mathbf{p}}$	$t = \frac{RU}{CA}$		AL VOLT.		MVrms	OR MVpk				3
		in W	.∨el se	,	MVrms/Gpk	Coul Gpk			·′ .	
3 TRACE	RUN	CHAN	S/N ACCEL	SENS ACCEL		(RUN/CAL) x \$25. (ACCEL SENS)	LOG ATT	CAL/RUN RANGE ATT	CAL PT	F.S.
1441	14	/	NBGZ	2,698	30/1000	30/2,698	20	,	11.3	10.0
2 <u>42</u>		2	7G-75	2,791	100,000	100/2,791	20	1	35.7	10.0
×43		3	X421	1.370	100/000	100/137	20 20	10	73	10.0
£x44		4	YK20	1.596	100 (00	100/1.596	30200	10	62.7	10,0/1.0
X'45		7	7049		50 100	100/3.005	30 20	10	33.4	1.0
146		8	1503	2.979	50/100	100/ 1979	20	16	33.4	10
x 47		9	W575	1.001	50 100	109/1001	20	10	100.	
X48		10		1.261	50 100	100/1.261	3020	10 1/10/1		10.0/100/10.6
149	V	12	XOZ9	1.636	50 100	100/1.636	200	10	61.3	1
150	16	1	NB62	2.698	10 1000	10/21698	3620/40		4	1.0/10.0
i 51		2	TG75		30 1000	1	200		10.8	10/1.0
×52		3	XM21	1,370	30 1000	3%37	20/0	10	7	10.0/1.0
153		4	YKZO	1.596	30 1000		20	10/1		10.0/1.0
+54		5	7045	2,650	10/30 1000	T	20 0120	1111	3.78	13./
155		6	1048	1	10/30 1000		20 /20/2	!	3.6/	1/010/10
156		7	I		20	40/	20 200	110	1 .	1.0/.1/1.0
57			1	3,005	100	492,97	20	10	13.4	1 7
58		9	7E83	2.171	200	40/1.601	20/0	10	40	10/10
x 59			WF75		100	40/1.261	20	10	1	10.0/10
		/0	XV32		- 10		20/0	10	31.7	1-4
(60)	L.V.	/2	X J29	1.636	25 100	, ,,,,,,,,	20/40		24.4	11.0/10
	<u> </u>					- 65				
						c169			7	

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Standard		A	

SVHSER 6226

GSFC MASS PROPERTIES REPORT

V.C.P.S. MASS PROPERTIES

<u> BALANCE</u>

NOTE: ALL ANGLES ARE REFERENCED AS FOLLOWS. THE S/C +X

AXIS IS DEFINED AS O. ANGLES INCREASE C.W.

LOOKING DOWN ON THE TOP OF THE V.C.P.S.

A SINGLE BALANCE WT_WAS MOUNTED ON THE UPPER RIM OF THE VCPS INTERIOR_STRUCTURE. THE WT TOTALED 426 am, was located 8.29" FROM THE GEOMETRIC CENTER OF THE VCPS, AND AT AN ANGLE OF 220°.

AFTER THE ADDITION OF THE ABOVE WT. THE RESIDUAL IMBALANCE LEVELS WERE DETERMINED TO BE AS FOLLOWS:

RESIDUAL IMPALANCE (LIGHT SPOTS)

7. AMIC 605:6 oy-in /115° 454.2 oy-in /123°

7. AMIC 605:6 oy-in /115° 454.2 oy-in /123°

7. AMIC 605:6 oy-in /115° 454.2 oy-in /123°

252<

V.C.P.S. MASS PROPERTIES

WT, M.I., C.G., (ZERO FUEL CONDITION)

NOTE: ALL MEASUREMENTS MADE WITH BALANCE WT ADDED

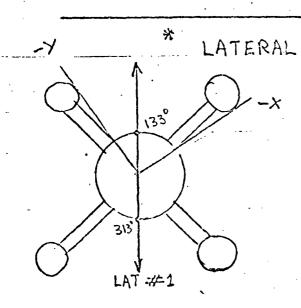
TOTAL WEIGHT = 41.6 LBS.

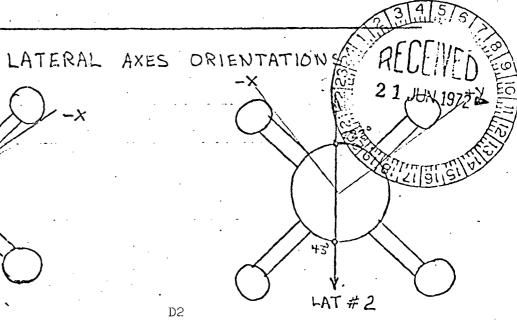
____SPIN_M.I. = 1.703 SLUG-FT2

LATERAL #1 MI = . 0.925 SLUG-FTZ

LATERAL #2 MI = .. 0.883 SLUG-FT2

C.G. LOCATION = ... 4.33 (FORWARD OF THE AFT'





V.C.P.S. MASS PROPERTIES

WT, M.I., C.G., (FULL FUEL CONDITION)

NOTE: ALL OF THE VALUES FOR THE FULL FUEL CONDITION

WERE OBTAINED BY ANALYTICALLY ADDING 45 LBS

OF HYDRAZINE TO THE ZERO FUEL CONDITION, IT WAS

ASSUMED THAT ALL OF THE FUEL WAS LOCATED IN

THE TANKS.

TANK

THIS CREATES A SLIGHT ERROR DUE TO THE PRESENCE DF A CERTAIN AMOUNT OF FUEL IN THE FEED LINES.

TOTAL WEIGHT = 86.6 LBS.

SPIN M.I. = · · · · 7.2 SLUG-FT2

2 SLUG-FT 8 21 JUN 1972

LATERAL #1 MI. = .. 3.7 SLUG-FT2

LATERAL #2 M.I. = 3.7 SLUG-FT2

C.G. LOCATION = 5.11 (FORWARD OF THE AFT)

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APPENDIX E

SVHSER 6184 - RAE-B

GAS MANIFOLD MODIFICATION REPORT

RAE-B VCPS GAS MANIFOLD

MODIFICATION REPORT

Prepared by:

E. K. Moore

RAE-B Project Manager

Approved by:

R. L. Steinberg

RAE-B Program Manager

Date:

15 March 1973



INTRODUCTION

This report summarizes the program undertaken by Hamilton Standard in response to contract change order #18 to modify the Radio Astronomer Explorer -B, Velocity Control Propulsion Subsystem (RAE-B, VCPS) to offset intertank transfer of fluids.

The need for such a modification was revealed during a Goddard Space Flight Center (GSFC) system analysis wherein it was shown that an initial minor VCPS fluid unbalance would ultimately cause major unbalance and vehicle Z axis perturbation.

The program at Hamilton Standard included a study of various methods to eliminate intertank transfer of fluids, the implementation of the selected system and acceptance testing to confirm system leakage and cleanliness integrity.



OBJECTIVE

To select and implement a method of preventing intertank transfer of fluids in the RAE-B VCPS with minimum impact on weight, reliability, schedule and the Propellant Servicing Cart (PSC) configuration.

CONCLUSIONS

- 1. A method was selected which did not require changes in basic loading and pressurizing procedures.
- 2. The method was implemented without sacrifice of system cleanliness or leakage as evidenced by acceptance testing.
- 3. Weight increase was minimal at plus 0.4 pounds.
- 4. The modification to the subsystem requires rebalancing and redetermination of mass properties.
- 5. The VCPS modification was accomplished within the time period allotted.



SVHSER 6184

RECOMMENDATIONS

It is recommended that:

- 1. The VCPS be rebalanced and mass properties be redetermined by the NASA.
- 2. Liquid and gas loading procedures be reexamined including both vacuum and pressure fill methods.

DISCUSSION

I. Study Phase

A number of candidate methods to prevent intertank transfer of fluids were studied and were previously reported. See Appendix A, "RAE-B VCPS Intertank Propellant Transfer Modification Report". The report suggested either of two methods be used.

Method IV-B provided a weight saving but required new fluid and gas loading procedures. Method III added a small amount of weight but did not require new liquid and gas loading procedures. GSFC elected to use Method III.

II. Design Phase

The design requirements for implementing Method III, which utilizes four Fill and Vent Valves instead of a single Fill and Vent Valve, consisted of:

Establishing locations for four fill and vent valves so that; one common mounting bracket design could be used, pressurizing hoses could be installed without interference with each other or space vehicle components, weight increase was minimized and finally, unbalance was held to a minimum.

It was determined that two brackets and valves could be attached to the hub in quadrant + x-y and two in quadrant - x+y. In each quadrant the valves would face one another but be offset along the Z axis for hose clearance. The new gas lines from tanks to valves utilized existing arm mounted tube clamps to minimize new hardware and reduce hole drilling requirements. Page 2 of drawing SV748720 Appendix B, shows the new valve, bracket and gas line locations.

The new bracket is similar in design to other brackets, but is covered with aluminized mylar tape instead of gold plate as a procurement expediency. Drawing SV755431, Appendix B, shows the new valve bracket.

The bracket used to locate the original Fill and Vent Valve was left attached to the +x arm so that the arm would not have to be detached to remove the loose rivet segments from the interior of the arm which would have resulted if the bracket were removed.

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III. Qualification Test Phase

The valve and bracket were assembled and subjected to a qualification test per specification SVHS 5997 (See Appendix C).

The valve which was planned to be used for the test was the VCPS spare (GFE) Fill and Vent Valve. This valve leaked excessively when tested and rather than delay testing pending disposition of the valve by GSFC, a new valve was substituted and the test resumed.

The qualification test was completed without incident except that the test unit was misindexed relative to the X-Y axis by 36°. Since the misindexing resulting in higher effective loadings to the test unit than the true position, GSFC agreed that the outage was acceptable.

The leaking valve was delivered to GSFC for failure analysis. The bracket was delivered to government stores as a VCPS spare and the qualification valve was installed as one of the four on the VCPS.

The qualification test report is in Appendix D.

IV. VCPS Modification Phase

The VCPS modification was accomplished in several steps:

- 1. Gas manifold removal
- 2. Bracket and valve installation
- 3. Tube fit-up, cleaning and passivation
- 4. Tube welding
- 5. In process inspection

Step 1. To accomplish gas manifold removal without system contamination, the following procedure was used for each tubing cut:

- a. Pressurize system to 5 psig using dry filtered nitrogen.
- b. Slowly cut tubing using "chipless" tube cutter.
- c. Install squaring tool and square end of cut tube using fine cut file.
- d. Ream tube I.D. and remove burrs.
- e. Remove squaring tool and flood area with clean Isopropyl Alcohol to remove all visible particles. Allow to dry.
- f. Tape tube end.

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Step 2. The hub bracket mounting holes were drilled and burred using the following procedure:

- a. Remove insulation blanket from hub.
- b. Establish hole locations
- c. Set up shop vacuum to catch drill chips
- d. Drill and burr holes
- e. Assure all chips have been collected

After hole drilling and burring, the brackets were mounted to the hub, then the valves were mounted to the brackets using required bolts, washers and nuts. The brackets were taped with aluminized mylar tape before installation.

Step 3. After the valves had been installed, each tube which had been prebent to design layouts, was fitted and cut to length, following which it was cleaned to specification HS 3150 level CE-5. (See Appendix E for CE-5 level).

Following cleaning, the tubes and valves were passivated per note 68 of drawing SV748720 except pressure was 15 psia. The passivation procedure is as follows:

- a. One hour application of a 30-35% N_2H_4 remainder H_2O solution at 73 ± 10°F with wetted interior portions of the tubes and valves completely filled.
- b. Fill completely as in step (a) with 100% N₂H₄ and attach an external ullage volume of 30 ± 2 cu. in. With the system vented, raise the temperature to 120 ± 5°F. After 4 hours, close the vent and maintain temperature for 24 hours while monitoring pressure. Pressure rise shall not exceed 7 psid in 24 hours. Note: If pressure rise does exceed 7 psid, terminate test.

No pressure rise was observed in the 24 hour period.

Following passivation, tube cleanliness was again verified to the CE-5 level.

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Step 4. Prior to tube welding, the tubes were taped with aluminized mylar to within approximately 1 1/2 inches of the tube ends. The tubes were then held in position by a fixture clamp at one end and by the Astro-Arc welding head at the other. Each weld was made automatically using previously established machine settings. Two weld samples were made prior to welding and two additional samples were made after all welding was complete. All weld samples were radiographically examined.

Step 5. Following welding, each of the eight welds was die penetrant inspected and "snoop" checked at 300 psig. The system was then checked for cleanliness per HS 3150 using isopropyl alcohol.

Finally the insulating blanket was reinstalled and the VCPS released for Acceptance Testing.

V. Acceptance Test Phase

Following the modifications and in-process inspections (Phase IV), the unit was acceptance tested per SVHS 5618 ATA No. 2 (See Appendix F). The acceptance test consisted of the following individual tests:

Examination of Product Weight Proof Pressure External Leakage Contamination Check Post Test Inspection

Following completion of the contamination check, and before Post Test Inspection, taping with aluminized mylar tape was completed.

All tests were completed in accordance with acceptance criteria.

VI. Schedule

The VCPS was modified in accordance with the plan and schedule of Appendix ${\tt G}\, {\scriptsize \raisebox{-.3ex}{\textbf{.}}}$

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APPENDIX

Intertank Propellant Transfer Modification Report

RAE-B VCPS

INTERTANK PROPELLANT TRANSFER MODIFICATION REPORT

PREPARED BY: Thomas Maretta

Thomas Marotta

Carl Arvidson

APPROVED BY:

Earl K. Moore

Hamilton	DIVISION OF UNITED AIRCRAFT	CORPORATION
Standard		

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INTRODUCTION

SUMMARY

RAE-B VCPS PROPELIANT FEED SYSTEM MODIFICATION TRADEOFF

FLOW ANALYSIS OF HS SELECTED MODIFICATION

SUMMARY OF FLOW DEMONSTRATION TEST

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INTRODUCTION

At the direction of NASA/Goddard Space Flight Center to modify the VCPS to prevent intertank propellant transfer, a study of various system modifications was undertaken to decide which changes would have the least impact (manufacturing, weight and cost) to the subsystem. Also, a flow analysis of the selected tank isolation methods was prepared to further substantiate the choice. This report includes both the various system tradeoffs and the flow analysis associated with the VCPS modifications.

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SUMMARY

After reviewing the various modification options which could be incorporated on the VCPS, the analysis associated with modification Method IV-B, and the demonstration flow test, changing the VCPS propellant feed system to the configuration illustrated in the Method IV-B schematic appears to be the best approach for retrofitting the VCPS. This method offers the advantages of lighter weight and minimum impact on mechanical changes to the VCPS and GSE Cart.

The addition of individual fill and drain valves for each tank is also an acceptable approach but results in additional VCPS weight and a more complex VCPS rework. This approach, Method III, was not analyzed since the fill procedure is identical to that used for the present system except for manifolding the four pressurant fill and drain valves together. This permits simultaneous gas pressurization of the tanks from a single source on the GSE Cart.

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RAE-B VCPS PROPELLANT FEED SYSTEM MODIFICATION TRADEOFF

The following propellant feed system schematics represent methods of accomplishing prevention of intertank propellant transfer. Each schematic modification has comments regarding the impact of the change to the VCPS, to the RAE-B spacecraft, or to the GSE.

After reviewing the various options available to prevent intertank propellant transfer, the subsystem modification which appears to offer the greatest advantages is Method IV-B. This change offers the least impact to the system while providing a subsystem of lighter weight. The second choice would be Method III where the use of RAE-B qualified hardware could be utilized with no restraints on the spacecraft other than additional weight of the VCPS. The flow analysis which is in the following section is for Method IV-B.

The weight impact of the two modification methods considered is as follows. The results are for the worst case which assumes the VCPS balance weight to be in the region of the existing gas manifold.

Delta Weight

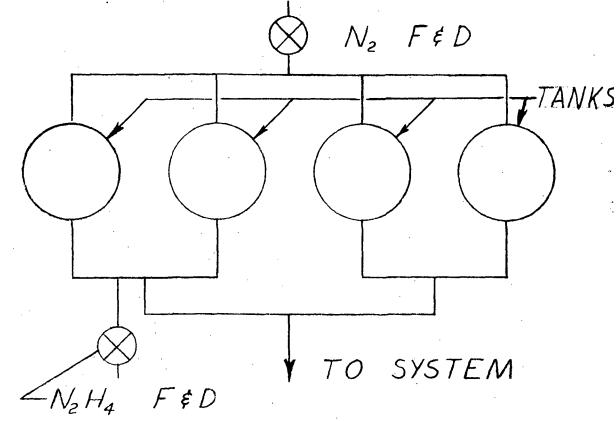
Method IV-B

≈ .411 lbs reduction

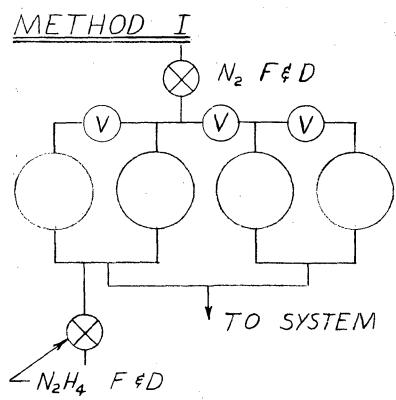
Method III

≈ 1.18 lbs additional

PRESENT VCPS CONFIGURATION



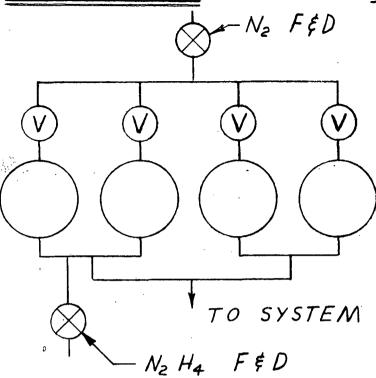
INTERTANK ISOLATION CONFIGURATIONS



COMMENTS:

- VALVES ISOLATE
 TANKS ON GAS SIDE
 BUT PROVIDE NO
 REDUNDANCY
- NO VEHICLE POWER REQUIRED.
- NO EFFECT ON PROPELLANT FLOW.
- AVAILABILITY OF QUALIFIED VALVE IS QUESTIONABLE.
- SYSTEM WEIGHT INCREASE.
- (V) VALVE (TYPE NOT ESTABLISHED)

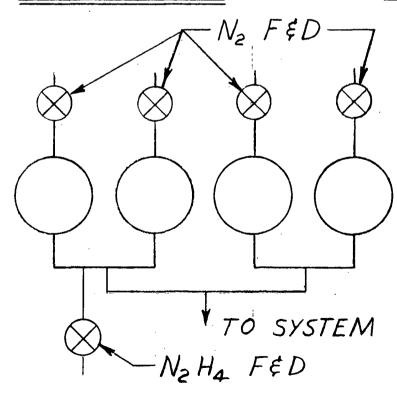
METHOD II



COMMENTS:

- VALVES ISOLATE TANKS ON GAS SIDE AND PROVIDE RE-DUNDANCY.
- NO VEHICLE POWER REQUIRED.
- NO EFFECT ON PROPELLANT FLOW.
- AVAIL ABILITY OF QUALIFIED VALVE QUESTIONABLE.
- SYSTEM WEIGHT

METHOD III



COMMENTS:

- VALVES ISOLATE

 TANKS NO POSSIBIL
 ITY OF INTERNAL

 LEAKAGE
- NO VEHICLE POWER REQUIRED.
- NO G.S.E. POWER REQ'D.
- NO EFFECT ON PROPELLANT FLOW.
- USE OF RAE-B QUALIFIED HARDWARE
- FOUR POTENTIAL OVER-BOARD LEAK SOURCES
- SYSTEM WEIGHT

AKB METHOD IV

COMMENTS:

FLUSHED, CLEANED OR A & B . VCPS CANNOT BE THRU PURGED.

POWER REQUIRED, SYSTEM WEIGHT DECREASE NO VEHICLE OR GSE

FILL OF DEAD-ENDED TANK CRITICAL SINCE OVER PRESSURIZATION

CANNOT BE VENTED.

Q

GSE CART CANNOT LOAD N2 H4 UNDER REQUIRED CART PRESSURE WITHOUT CONSIDERABLE

DO TANKS LOAD EQUALLY? MODIFICATION.

 \mathfrak{Q}

TO SYSTEM NZ & NZ H4. F & D A - LOAD N2 H4 UNDER PRESSURE.

PRESSURE - THEN PRESSURIZE B-LOAD No HA UNDER LOW

WITH No TO OPERATING

PRESSURE.

Éĺ8

METHOD

TO SYSTEM No FED HA FED

COMMENTS:

- AND PROVIDE REDUNDANCY VALVES ISOLATE TANKS
- VEHICLE POWER REQUIRED · ADDITIONAL TELEMETRY
 - CHANNELS PROBABLY REQUIRED.
- ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT. IMPACTS SPACE CRAFT
- FAILED CLOSED POSITION CAN CAUSE LOSS OF M/SS/0N.
 - VALVES HAVE THERMAL THERMAL ANALYSIS AND MAY REQUIRE IMPACT ON LINE HEATERS.
- SYSTEM WEIGHT INCREASES
- AVAILABILITY OF QUALIFIED VALVE IS QUESTIONABLE.

METHOD

TO SYSTEM N2 H4 FED

(LV) LATCHING VALVE

COMMENTS:

- BUT PROVIDE NO REDUN-VALVES ISOLATE TANKS DANCY.
 - FROM SYSTEM CHANGES REMOVAL OF TWO EXIST-ING LATCHING VALVES ORIGINAL PHILOSOPHY OF SYSTEM.
- REQUIRES ADDITIONAL POWER. LATCHING VALVE CIRCUIT
 - IMPACT ON SPACE CRAFT
- OF ANY LATCHING VALVE CAN ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT FAILED CLOSED POSITION
- IMPACT ON LINE THERMAL CAUSE LOSS OF MISSION.
 VALVES HAVE THERMAL AND MAY HEATERS. A NAL Y 5/S REQUIRE

FLOW ANALYSIS OF HS SELECTED MODIFICATION

The flow analysis presented in this section is prepared against propellant feed system modification Method TV-B. The analysis is divided into the following three sections:

Propellant Fill

Pressurant Fill

Propellant Withdrawal

The primary objective of these analyses is to determine the unbalance effects, if any, on the VCPS.

The propellant fill case is not of primary concern other than assuring that propellant flows to all tanks equally with the exception of the line volume effects. The primary goal of the pressurant fill analysis is to determine the degree of unbalance that exists between propellant tanks after pressurant fill and the system pressure has stabilized -- equal pressure in all tanks. The objective of the propellant withdrawal analysis is to determine the propellant expulsion efficiency. Without the tank pressurant manifold, each tank blows down independently where it is possible for one tank to ingest pressurant just before the others because of slightly different initial pressurant volumes.

The analysis indicates that an unbalance of 13 oz-in may exist after propellant and pressurant loading without adjustment of the balance weight. To assure that the system does fill as predicted for Method IV-B, an evaluation of the fill process would be demonstrated using the actual VCPS. This would be accomplished by cutting into the pressurant manifold at discreet positions, which would not affect the final direction of the modification, and sealing off these lines.

The propellant "blow-down" analysis indicates that the expulsion efficiency will be 99.83 percent instead of 99.98 percent which was initially predicted.

CASE I - UNBALANCE DUE TO LIQUID FILLING

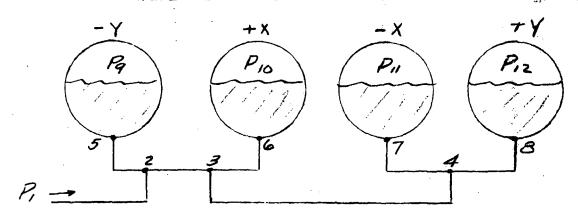


FIG. I

STATEMENT OF PROBLEM

THE PROBLEM IS TO DETERMINE ANY UNBALANCE
RESULTING FROM INITITIAL LIQUID FILL. THE
PROBLEM STEMS FROM THE INITIAL GAS VOLUME
IN THE TANKS AND PARTICULARLY IN THE
SYSTEM LINES. DURING THE FILLING PROCESS;
THE GAS IN THE LINES IS DISPLACED TO THE
TANKS AND COMBINES WITH THE GAS ALREADY
IN THE TANKS TO BECOME COMPRESSED. THE
FACT THAT THE TANKS WILL HAVE A DIFFERENT;
AMOUNT OF GAS, BECAUSE OF THE DISTRIBUTION
OF THE PLUMBING, WILL RESULT IN SOME PROPELLAN
MASS UNBALANCE UPON PRESSURE EQUALIZATION
IN THE SYSTEM

ANALYSIS

- ASSUME AT END CONDITIONS Pg = Pio = Pi = Piz
- · ASSUME THAT DURING LIQUID FILLING, VAPOR LIQUID INTERFACE IS MAINTAINED SUCH THAT GAS
 IN LINES IS COMPLETELY DISPLACED INTO
 THE TANKS (ASSUMPTION VISUALLY CONFIRMED

· ASSUME DISTRIBUTION OF GAS IN SYSYEM RESULTS AS FOLLOWS

TANK 9: $V_9 = 25\% V_{1-2} + V_{2-5} + V_{9 |NIFIAL}$ TANK 10: $V_{10} = 25\% V_{1-2} + 33\% V_{2-3} + V_{3-6} + V_{10 |NIFIAL}$ TANK 11: $V_{11} = 25\% V_{1-2} + 33\% V_{2-3} + 50\% V_{3-4} + V_{4-7} + V_{11 |NIFIAL}$ TANK 12: $V_{12} = 25\% V_{1-2} + 33\% V_{2-3} + 50\% V_{3-4} + V_{4-8} + V_{12 |NIFIAL}$

WHERE V IS THE VOLUME ASSOCIATED WITH THE DIFFERENT COMPONENTS SHOWN IN FIG. I

A. . CONSIDER NOMINAL CASE

FROM TABLE I

LINES

V1-2 = .4362 IN³

V2-5 = .8376 IN³

V2.3 = .1919 IN³

V3-6 = 1.0295 IN³

V4-7 = 1.0295 IN³

V4-8 = 1.0295 IN³

V4-8 = 1.0295 IN³

V4-8 = 1.0295 IN³

V4-8 = 1.0295 IN³

V4-8 = 1.0295 IN³

V4-8 = 1.0295 IN³

V4-8 = 1.0295 IN³

V4-9

V4-8 = 1.0295 IN 3 INTITAL GAS VOLUMES

V9 = (.25 x.4362) + (.8376) + 508.90

Vio = (.25x.4362)+(.331,1919)+(1.0295)+ 509.46

VII = (.25x.4362) + (.33x.1919) + (.50x1.1168) + 1.0295 + 508.63

V12 = (.25x.4362) + (.33x.1919) + (.50x1.1168) + 1.0295 + 510.01

 $V_{0} = 509.847 \text{ IN}^{3}$ $V_{10} = 510.662 \text{ IN}^{3}$ $V_{4} = 510.390 \text{ IN}^{3}$ $V_{12} = 511.770 \text{ IN}^{3}$

Vy = TOTAL INITIAL GAS VOLUME IN SYSTEM = V9 + VIOTVII +VII

= 2042.669 IN

ASSUME INITIAL PRESSURE = 15 psia

E23

ASSUME ADDITION OF 45/65 OF PROPELLANT TO THE SYSTEM

VFIN = 2042.669"-1250 = 792.669" N

ASSUME AN ISOTHERMAL FILL PROCESS

PEINAL = PINITIAL & VT

VEIN

PEINAL = 15 × 2042.669 = 38.654 PSIA

WITH THIS FINAL PRESSURE IN EACH TANK, DETERMANTHE FINAL GAS VOLUMES IN EACH TANK:

GAS VOLUMES FINAL

 $V_9 = \frac{15 \times 509.847}{38.654} = 197.850 \text{ m}^3$

Vio = 15x 510.662 = 198.164 IN3

VII = 15 x 510.390 = 198.061 IN3

V12 = 15x511.770 = 198.594 IN3

TANK PROPELLANT VOLUMES, FINAL

VP9 = 508,90 - 197,850 = 311.050,N

VP,0 = 509.46 - 198.164 = 311.2981

VP., = 508.63 - 198.061 = 310.569.1

VP,2 = 510.01 - 198.594 = 311.4161

MASS OF PROPELLANT IN TANKS

M9 = 11.1978 16ms

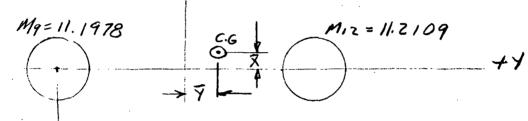
M10 = 11.2066 16ms

M.1 = 11.1804 1bms

M12 = 11.2109 16ms

LOOK AT SYSTEM UNBALANCE DUE TO THE ABOVE PROPELLANT DISTRIBUTION - ASSUME A BALANCED DIRY SYSTEM

M, = 11,2066 *



MASS SYSTEM = 65/65

C.G. SHIFT

 $\overline{Y} = (11.2109 - 11.1978) \times 23.5$

V= +.00473

x = (11,2066-11.1804)=235

X= +.00946 IN

TORQUE DUE TO C.G. SHIFT!

T= Mass x 1 x + y

T= 65 165 x 1603 x 1,00973 = ,00942 = 65×164.010 5

T= 1.1.00 IN-03

280<

B. CONSIDER AN EXTREME CASE WHERE THE TOLERANCES OF THE TANKS & LINES ARE IN A CONDITION THAT WILL MAKE THE UNBALANCE A MAXIMUM. INVESTIGATE EFFE OF HAVING LINES IN MIN & MAX CONDITION ASSUME THE FOLLOWING - (APPARENT WORES CONDITION V2-5 15 MAXIMUM V3-6 = MINIMUM VIZ IS NOMINAL Vaining Actuals
VII init V2-3 15 NOMINAL V3-4 15 MINIMUM V4-7 15 MAXIMUM V4-8 15 MINIMAM · FROM TABLE I V2-5 MAX = , 974/ 1N3 V3-6min = ,8841 ,N2 V1-2 NOM = .4362 V9.N = 508.90 V2-3 MOM = . 1919 VIOIN = 509.46 V3-4 MIN = ,9583 VIIIN = 508.63 IN3 V4-7 MAX= 1.1973 V12,N = 570,01 IN3 V9-8 MIN = . 8841 GAS VOLUME BEFORE LIQUID FILLING

TANKY Vq = (.25x.4362) + (.9741) + 508.90 = 509.983 , N 3

" 10 Vo = (.25x.4362) + (.33x.1919) + .8841+509.46 = 510.516 , N

" 11 V1 = (.25x.4362) + (.33x.1919) + (.50x.9573) + 1.1973+508.63 = 510

" 12 V12 = (.25x.4362) + (.33x.1914) + (.50x.9573) + .8841+510.01 = 511

\[
\text{V}_T = \text{ToTAL | NITIAL GAS VOLUME | N SYSTEM = 2042.523 in Assume | NITIAL PRESSURE OF SYSTEM = 15 psia
\[
AFTER ADDING 45 | bs PROPELLIANT WHAT | S GAS VOLUME | Vg FINAL = 2042.523 | N

\text{FINAL PRESSURE | N EACH TANK}
\]

E26

PriNOL = 15x 2042.523 = 38,659 psA.

TANK GAS VOLUMES, FINAL

V9 = 15 x 509.983 = 197.887 /N3

38.459

Vio = 15 x 510.516 = 198.084

VII = 15 x 510,479 . 198.069

Via = 15 x 511.545 = 198.483

TANK PROPERLANT VOLUMES, FINAL

Vpg = 598.90 - 197.187 = 311.013 ,N3

Upio = 509.46 - 198.084 = 311.376

Vp11 = 508.63-198.069 = 310.561

V,2 = 510.01 - 198.483 = 311.527

MASS OF PROPELLANT IN EACH TANK

Mg = 11. 1964 16m

Mio= 11.2095 169

M. = 11.1802 16m

Miz = 11,2149 16m

LOOK AT C.G. SHIFT & UNBALANCE

+X

MIO=11.2095

-Y - ()... Mg=11.196 Y-> M.2 = 11.2149

- MII = 11.180 2

$$\overline{Y} = \frac{(11.2149 - 11.1964) \times 23.5}{65} = +.00668$$

$$\overline{X} = \frac{(11.2095 - 11.1902) \times 23.5}{65} = +.01059$$

CONCLUSION: THE STATIC UNBALANCE RESULTING

FROM THE LIQUID FILL PROCESS IS ESTIMATED

TO BE 13.0 IN-03 MAX, HOWEVER,

THIS CONDITION WILL CHANCE DURING

THE PRESSUR IZATION PROCESS, REFERENCE

CASE IL

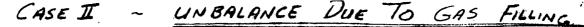
TABLE I

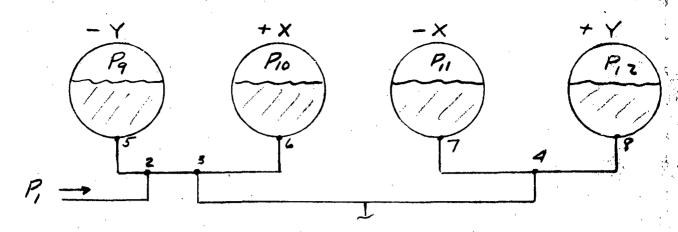
LINE VOLUME SUMMARY

LINE	VOL NOM (IN3)	VOL MAX (N3)	VOLMIN (IN3)
/- 2	. 4362	.5074	,3746
2-5	. 8376	.9741	.7193
2-3	.1919	,223/	. 1648
3-6	1.0295	1. 1973	. 8841
3-4	1.1168	1.2988	,9583
4-7	1.0295	1, 1973	.8841
4-8	1.0295	1.1973	. 8841

TANK VOLUME SUMMARY

TANK	AXIS	(ACTUALS) VOLUME	
9	-Y	1N 3 508,90	REF ACCEPTANCE TEST DATA
10	+ ×	509.46	TEST DATA
//	- X	508.63	
12	+ 4	510.01	in the second second





STATEMENT OF PROBLEM

DETERMINE WHAT UNBALANCE WILL RESULT FROM THE GAS PRESSURIZATION PROCESS AND SUBSEQUENT STABILIZATION OF LIQUID

ANALYSIS

THE APPROACH WILL BE TO TAKE THE
RESULTS OF THE MASS DISTRIBUTION

DETERMINED IN CASE I-B AND DETERMIN

WHAT THE FINAL DISTRIBUTION OF

PROPELLANT WILL BE WITH THE SYSTEM

FULLY PRESSURIZED.

II · ASSUME THAT INITIALLY, THE PROPELLANT

DISTRIBUTION IS THE SAME AS CASE I-b

VOL. OF PROPELLANT IN EACH TANK INITIAL

VPg = 311.013 143

VP10 = 311.376 in3

VP = 310.561 IN 3

PP, = 311.527 IN 3

REF Pg. 6

E30

285<

ASSUME THAT UPON INITIATION OF

GAS FLOW, ALL THE PROPELLANT IN THE

LINES FLOWS INTO THE TANKS AND

REMAINS IN THE TANKS DURING, FILLING OF

GAS. (ASSUMPTION VISUALLY CONFIRMED)

ASSUME THAT EQUALIZATION OF PRESSURES

OCCURS WITHOUT THE FLOW OF PROPELLANT

FROM TANK TO TANK. (ASSUMPTION VISUALLY

CONFIRMED)

FINAL VOLUMES OF PROPELLANT IN EACH TANK: $V_{Pq} = V_{Pq} + 25\% V_{I-2} + V_{2-5}$ $V_{P_{10}} = V_{P_{10}} + 25\% V_{I-2} + 33\% V_{2-3} + V_{3-6}$ $V_{P_{10}} = V_{P_{11}} + 25\% V_{I-2} + 33\% V_{2-3} + 50\% V_{3.4} + V_{4-7}$ $V_{P_{12}} = V_{P_{12}} + 25\% V_{I-2} + 33\% V_{2-3} + 50\% V_{3-4} + V_{4-8}$ $V_{P_{12}} = V_{P_{12}} + 25\% V_{I-2} + 33\% V_{2-3} + 50\% V_{3-4} + V_{4-8}$ $V_{P_{12}} = V_{P_{12}} + 25\% V_{I-2} + 33\% V_{2-3} + 50\% V_{3-4} + V_{4-8}$ $V_{P_{12}} = 311.013 + (25\%.4362) + (.9741) = 312.0961 \text{ IN}^3$ $V_{P_{13}} = 311.376 + (.25\%.4362) + (.33\%.1919) + .8841 = 312.4325$ $V_{P_{12}} = 310.561 + (.25\%.4362) + (.33\%.1919) + (.50\%.9583) + .8841 = 313.000$ $V_{P_{12}} = 311.527 + (.25\%.4362) + (.33\%.1919) + (.50\%.9583) + .8841 = 313.000$

ASSUMING THAT THESE CONDITIONS ARE
MAINTAINED AFTER PRESSURE EQUALIZATION,
THE FINAL MASS OF PROPELLANT IN EACH OF
THE TANKS IS

$$M_{q_{FINAL}} = 312.0961 \times .036 = 11.2355 \text{ lbm}$$
 $M_{10_{FINAL}} = 312.4325 \times .036 = 11.2475 \text{ lbm}$
 $M_{11_{FINAL}} = 312.4098 \times .036 = 11.2467 \text{ lbm}$
 $M_{12_{FINAL}} = 313.0626 \times .036 = 11.2703 \text{ lbm}$

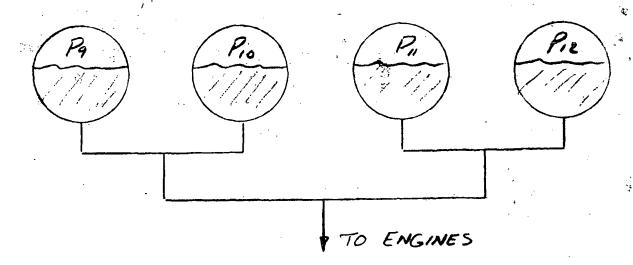
$$M_{10} = 11.2475^{\#}$$
 $M_{10} = 11.2475^{\#}$
 $M_{11} = 11.2703^{\#}$
 $M_{11} = 11.2467^{\#}$
 $M_{11} = 11.2467^{\#}$
 $M_{12} = 11.2703^{\#}$
 $M_{13} = 11.2467^{\#}$
 $M_{14} = 11.2467^{\#}$
 $M_{15} = 11.2467^{\#}$
 $M_{15} = 11.2467^{\#}$

G.G. SHIFT

$$\overline{Y} = (11.2703 - 11.2355)(23.5)$$
 $\overline{X} = (11.2475 - 11.2467)$
 $\overline{X} = (11.2475 - 11.2467)$
 $\overline{X} = + .000289$

TE 65 x 16 V.0125 + , 00259 1

CASE III - UNBALANCE DUE TO LIQUID WITHDRAWAL



STATE MENT OF PROBLEM

- DETERMINE UNBALANCE RESULTING DURING
 LIQUID WITHDRAWAL FROM THE SYSTEM.
 USING A SYSTEM WHERE THE TANKS
 ARE NOT JOINED TO A COMMON GAS,
 MANIFOLD. THE FACT THAT THERE ARE
 INITIALLY DIFFERENT VOLUMES OF GAS
 AND PROPELLANT IN EACH TANK (AT THE
 SAME INITIAL PRESSURE) MEANS THAT
 EACH TANK WILL EXPELL PROPELLANT
 AT DIFFERANT RATES IN ORDER TO
 MAINTAIN A PRESSURE BALANCED SYSTEM.
 THE NET RESULT IS PROPELLANT MASS
 UNBALANCE IN THE VARIOUS TANKS.
 - . DETERMINE EFFECT ON EXPUSION EFFICIENCY,

ANALYSIS

THE APPROACH WILL BE TO ASSUME THAT

THERE IS SOME PROPELLINT MASS AND GAS

VOLUME DISTRIBUTION (BASED ON RESULTS OF

CASE I & IT ANALYSIS). REMOVING PROPELLANT

E33 288< FROM THE SYSTEM WILL PRODUCE A FINAL

CONDITION IN THE SYSTEM

(P9 = P10 = P11 = P12) WHEREBY THE GINAL

GAS VOLUMES AND PROPELLANT

MASSES IN EACH TANK CAN BE

ESTIMATED AND RELATED TO UNBALANCE.

AND EXPULSION EFFICIENCY,

- ASSUME A MASS DISTRIBUTION AS

DETERMINED IN CASE II FOR INITIAL CONDITIONS

 V_{OL} , OF PROPELLANT IN EACH TANK: $\overline{V_{Pq}} = 312.0961$ IN³ $\overline{V_{P_{10}}} = 312.4325$ IN³ $\overline{V_{P_{11}}} = 312.4098$ IN³ $\overline{V_{P_{12}}} = 313.0626$ IN³

... THE VOLUME OF GAS IN EACH TANK 18 $\overline{Vg9} = 508.90 - 312.0961 = 196.8039 \text{ in}^{3}$ $\overline{Vg_{10}} = 509.96 - 312.4325 = 197.0275$ $\overline{Vg_{11}} = 508.63 - 312.4091 = 196.2202$ $\overline{Vg_{12}} = 510.01 - 313.0626 = 196.9479$

TOTAL GAS VOL = 786.999 1N3

ASSUME INITIAL PRESSURE IN EACH TANK = 275psiA

AFTER IST MID COURSE CORRECTION, DM = 31.4 lbm

AVP = 31.4 - 872 IN3

P = 275 x 786.999 = 130.455 psiA

VOLUMES OF GAS IN EACH TANK AFTER IST

Vgg = 275 × 196 8039 = 414.8639 IN3

Vg,0 = 275 × 197.0275 = 415.3353 IN3

Vg, = 275 x 196,2202 = 413.6333 IN3

Vg,2 = 275 x 196,9474 = 415.1664

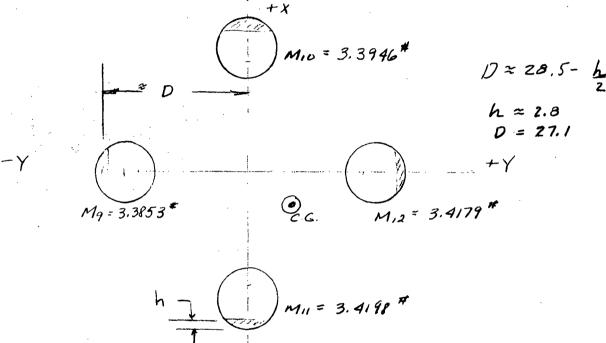
E35 **290**<

THEREFORE THE MASS OF PROPELLANT IN EACH
OF THE TANKS AT THE END OF THE 1ST MIDCOURSE
CORRECTION 15:

$$Mq = (508.90 - 414.8639) \times .036 = 3.3853/bm$$

 $M_{10} = (509.46 - 415.3353) \times .036 = 3.3946$
 $M_{11} = (508.63 - 413.6333) \times .036 = 3.4198$
 $M_{12} = (510.01 - 415.1664) \times .036 = 3.4179$

LOOK @ C.G. SHIFT & STATIC UNBALANCE



NOW LOOK AT END OF MISSION WHERE

GAS INGESTION INTO THE LINES OCCURS:

AT THE TIME OF GAS INGESTION, ASSUME

THAT THE VOLUME OF PROPELLANT IN THE

TANK AT WHICH INGESTION OCCURS IS

Vp = .03/12 3

(THIS QUANTITY HAS BEEN DETERMINED FROM PREVIOUS ANALYSIS DATED 7-71 BY P.FALK)

AS A FIRST GUESS, ASSUME THAT INGESTION OCCURS AT TANK 9.

(508.90-,031) = 106.355ps.A

··. FINAL VOLUME OF PROPELLANT IN OTHER TANKS IS

VPG = .031 IN 3

VPG = 509.46 - 275x 197.0275 = .010 IN 3

VP11 = 508.63 - 275x 196.2202 = 1.263 m3

VP,2 = 510.01 - 275 x 196.9474 - . 755 in 3

NOTE: SINCE VPIO L VPQ INGESTION WILL
OCCUR IN TANK 10

FOR THIS CONDITION THEN, THE FINAL PRESSURE BECOMES

PF = 275 x 197.0275 = 106.360 (509.46-.031)

 $MP_{0} = (508.90 - \frac{275 \times 196.8039}{106.360}) \cdot 036 = .00173 /bn$ $MP_{10} = .031 \times .036 = .00111 /m$ $MP_{11} = (508.63 - \frac{275 \times 196.2202}{106.360}) \times .036 = .04630$ $MP_{12} = (510.01 - \frac{275 \times 196.9474}{106.360}) \times .636 = .02829$

E37 **292**<

TOTAL PROPELLANT MASS IN TANK = , 0774316m

LOOK AT C.G. SHIFT & STATIC UNBALANCE

$$D = 28.5$$

$$T/P$$

$$M_{10} = .00111$$

$$M_{10} = .00111$$

$$M_{12} = .02829^{1}$$

$$C.G.$$

$$M_{II} = .0463^{\#}$$

$$\overline{Y} = \frac{(.02829 - .00173) \times 28.5}{20.077} \times \frac{7.0377}{100} \times \frac{7.037}{100} \times \frac{7.03$$

$$X = (.00111 - .0463) \times 28.5 = -.064/10$$

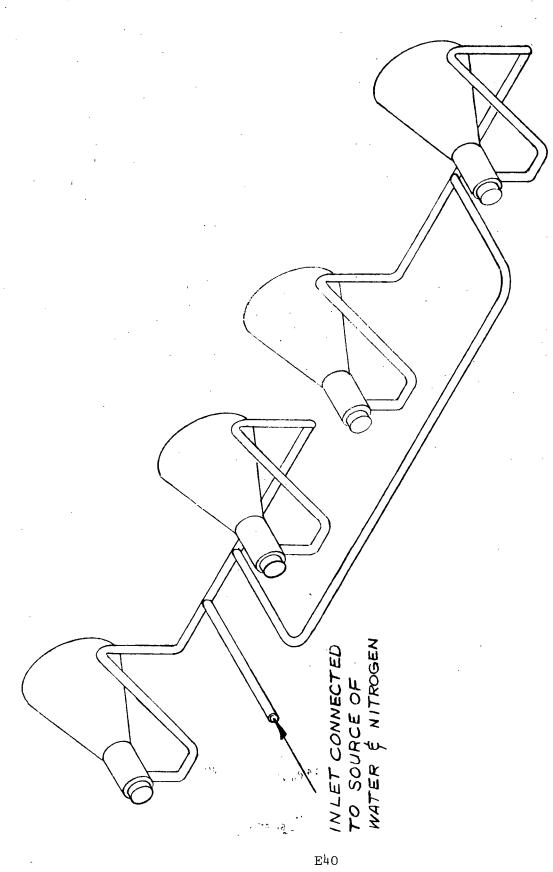
CONCLUSIONS / SUMMARY :

- · STATIC UNBALANCE AT START OF LIQ. WITHDRAWAL = 13.0 1.
- · STATIC UNBALANCE AT END OF IST MIDCOURSE CORRECTION = 17.8
 - " TIME OF GAS INGESTION = 23.9.
- · EXPULSION EFFICIENCY = 99.83%

SUMMARY OF FLOW DEMONSTRATION TEST

Prior to preparing the flow analysis for Method TV-B a laboratory test set-up was made of the system to demonstrate physically how the liquid and gas flowed in this configuration. Using flasks and tubing the conceptual arrangement of the VCPS tanks and lines was simulated. This set-up was then connected to a source of water and nitrogen to demonstrate the liquid and gas fill procedure. A sketch of the demonstration set-up is included.

The fill procedure was that which would be required to fill the arrangement as shown in Method IV-B where the propellant must be loaded prior to final pressurization thru the single fill and drain port. Water was introduced into the system and the flow observed as each of the line and flasks filled. As expected, the line to the flask closest to the fill port started to fill first with flow continuing to the remaining flasks. This filling sequence results because the gas remaining in the lines is displaced and compressed into each of the flasks. In the actual system this procedure will occur and the first part of the preceding flow analysis shows the magnitude of this effect. After partially filling the flasks with water, nitrogen was introduced slowly into the set-up and the flow visually observed. Again the fluid in the line closest the fill port was displaced first with the longest lines filling last. As the flasks were pressurized with nitrogen there was no evidence that any uneven flow condition existed other than the initial distribution of fluid within the feed lines to the flasks. The magnitude of the propellant quantity differences between tanks after final pressurization and stabilization is shown in the previous analysis section. As a part of the flow demonstration test, the flasks closest and farthest from the fill port were weighed prior to and after filling and pressurization. The difference in weight was that attributable to the fluid displaced in the manifold. The fluid flow analysis and demonstration test appear to indicate that the tanks will fill equally by Method IV-B with any propellant unbalance being the result of tank geometry tolerances and propellant displaced from the feed lines.



APPENDIX

Specification SVHS 5997

"Valve and Bracket, Qualification Test Plan For"

Hamilton	
Standard	3,4

U AIRCRAFT CORPORATION

CODE IDENT NO. 73030

SPECIFICATION NO.

SVHS 5997

PAGE 1 OF 6

SPECIFICATION TITLE	VALVE AND BRA	CKET,		;
	QUALIFICATION	TEST PLAN FOR		
				<u>.</u>
	, _			
PREPARED BY	DATE	APPROVED BY	QUALITY	//29/7 DATI
APPROVED BY PROJECT	DATE	APPROVED BY	PURCHASING	DATI
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E42

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CODE IDENT NO. | SPECIFICATION NO. | REV | 73030

SV HS

5997

PAGE 2

	•	
1.0	SCOPE	
	the Valve and Brack bracket will be add tests and the tests	Ifies the Qualification Testing to be performed on ket to be used on the RAE-B VCPS. The valve and led to the VCPS subsequent to its qualification a required herein will demonstrate the suitability racket for use on the qualified subsystem.
2.0	GENERAL	
2.1	Applicable Document	ts .
2.1.1	Military	
	MIL-STD-810	Environmental Test Methods
2.1.2	Others	
•	S-723-P-19	Subsystem Specification, VCPS
·	S-320-G-1	General Environmental Test Specification for Spacecraft and Components
	S-320-RAE-3	Subsystem Test Specification for RAE-B
	NHB 5300.4 (1B)	Quality Program Provisions for Space Systems Contractors
,	NPC 200-3	Inspection, System Provisions for Suppliers of Space Components
·	NPC 250-1	Reliability Program Provisions for Space Systems Contractors
3.0	TEST OBJECTIVE	
		s qualification test is to demonstrate the suitand Vent Valve and Bracket subassembly for use on B VCPS.

4.0 TEST PROGRAM

The test program shall consist of the following tests:

Test	Test Paragraph
Leakage	4.1.1
Vibration	4.1.2
Leakage	4.1.1

CODE IDENT NO. 73030

SPECIFICATION NO. SV HS 5997

PAGE 3

4.1	Test	Descriptions

4.1.1 Leakage

- Objective The purpose of the leakage test is to demonstrate leakage 4.1.1.1 integrity of the valve before and after being subjected to vibration.
- Facilities The leakage test shall be performed using standard helium 4.1.1.2 leak test equipment, such as the Veeco leak detector.
- Test Setup The leakage test shall be setup and tested per Figure 1. 4.1.1.3

4.1.1.4 Test Procedure

- Mount the valve per Figure 1.
- Calibrate the helium leak detector.
- Pressurize the valve to 300 \pm 5 psia with helium with the cap off.
- d. Record valve leakage rate for 3 minutes.
- Depressurize and cap the valve. e .
- f. Pressurize the valve to 300 ± 5 psia with helium.
- Record valve leakage for 3 minutes.
- Shut off helium supply and depressurize.

To close fill and vent valves, torque nut to 25 ± 2 in-lbs NOTE: above running torque. (Running torque is that torque required to turn nut before valve bottoms out). To open fill and vent valves, turn nut 1 1/2 turns in opening direction from closed position. When caps are installed, torque to 45 - 60 in-lbs.

4.1.1.5 Acceptance Criteria

- Leakage in the uncapped condition shall not exceed 1.0 x 10-4 scc helium.
- Leakage in the capped condition shall not exceed 1.0 x 10⁻⁶ scc helium



CODE IDENT NO. 73030

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PAGE 4

4.1.2	Vibration

- 4.1.2.1 Objective - The purpose of the vibration test is to demonstrate the capability of the valve and bracket to withstand without deleterious effects, the vibration requirement of SP-723-P-19.
- Facilities The vibration test shall be performed at Hamilton Standard 4.1.2.2 in the Space Systems Laboratory.
- 4.1.2.3 Test Setup - The valve and bracket shall be hard mounted to a fixture per Figure 2. Accelerometers shall be installed per Figure 2. The valve shall be closed and capped (see note paragraph 4.1.1.4). For axis definition see SV748720.
- 4.1.2.4 Test Procedure - Subject the valve and bracket to the vibration levels below.

Sinusoidal

Axis	Frequency (Hz)	Level	Sweep Rate Octave/Min.
Z	5-11	.48 in. DA	2.0
	11-17	± 2.3 gpk	2.0
	17-23	± 6.8 gpk	1.5
	23-2 00	± 2.3 gpk	2.0
,	200-700	± 3.0 gpk	2.0
	700-2000	± 10.0 gpk	2.0
X & Y	6-8.9	.75 in. DA	2.0
	8.9-14	± 3.0 gpk	2.0
	14-200	± 1.5 gpk	2.0
	200-600	± 5.0 gpk	2.0
	600-2000	± 7.5 gpk	2.0

Random

Axis	Frequency (Hz)	PSD	Grms	Duration
X, Y, Z	20 20~500 300 ~ 2000	.0029 g ² /Hz +3 db/oct .045 g ² /Hz	9 .1 6	4 min. per axis

The filter roll off characteristic above 2000 Hz shall be at a minimum rate of 40 db/octave or greater.

Acceptance Criteria - Visual examination shall reveal no permanent 4.1.2.5 damage.

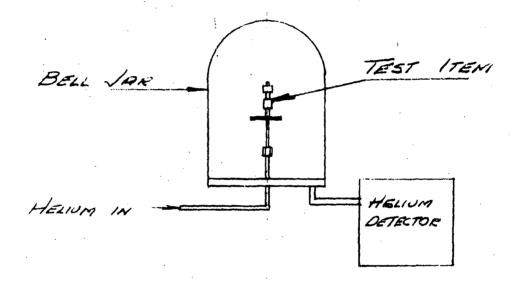
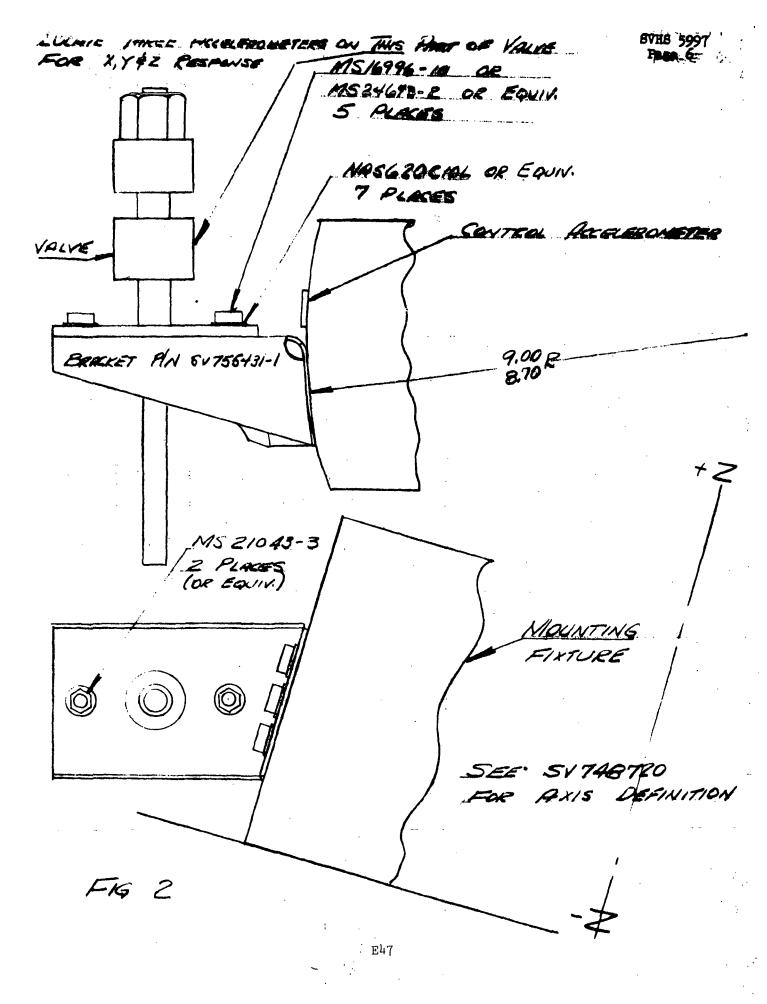


FIGURE 1
E46 301<



APPENDIX

Qualification Test Report

Е48 . .

SLS TEST ENGINEERING TEST REPORT

PILE CODE TER 2769

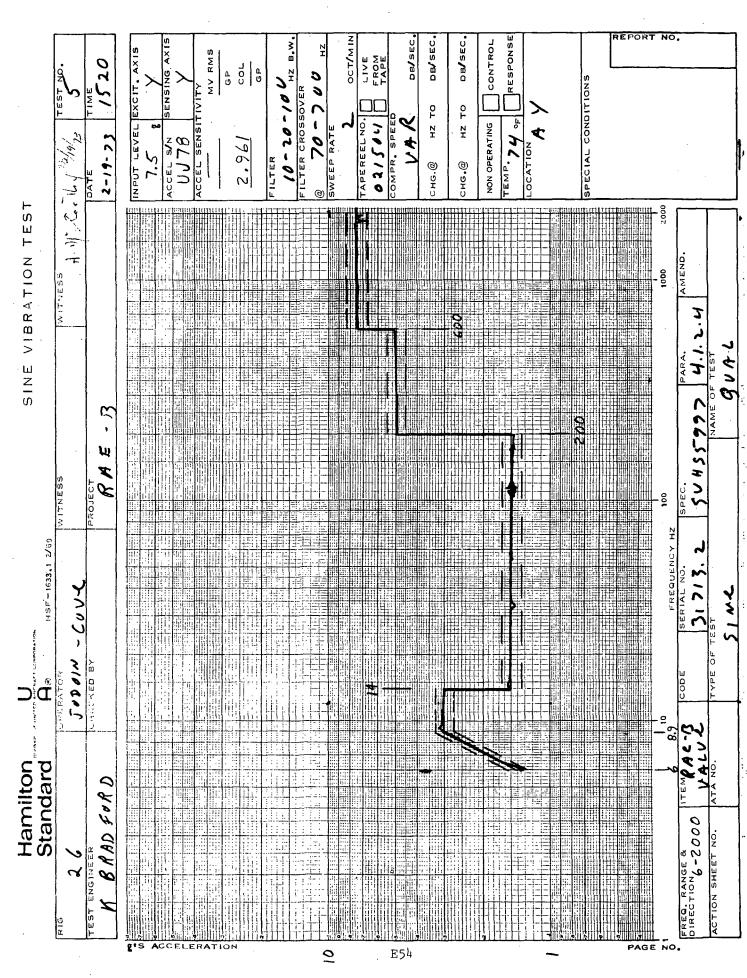
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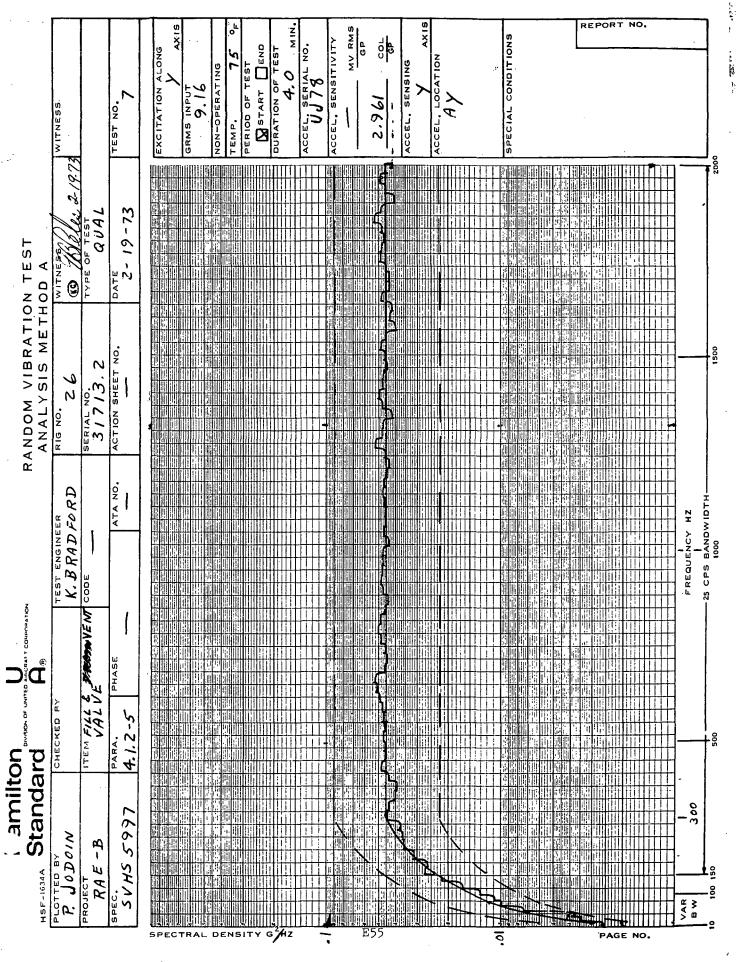
ROGRAM RA	E-BT	EST ITEM VALV	e 4 bracket	s/n
AME OF TEST_	QUALIFICAT	TION	DATE OF TEST 2	12-2/21/73
EST SPECIFICA	ATION SVHS 59	197	TEST PLAN	
ONCLUSIONS _	THE FILL A	NO VENT VAL	UE SATISFIED	LEAKAGE
TEST REQU	HREMENTS	BEFORE AND	AFTER BEING &	subjected to
THE VIBRATI	ION TEST EN	MIRCI'MENT.	NO STRUCTURAL	DAMAGE WAS
ESERVED	ON THE VAL	UE OR GRACKE	T AS A RESULT	CF VIBRATION.
ECOMMENDATI	ONS (OPTIONAL)		· ·	
				
			·	
				
		,	·	
BSERVATIONS	(OPTIONAL)_TU	IE ITEM IL	HICH SUCCESSFI) LLY
CULTERTEC	THE QUAL	IFICATION TE	CT MULLICED	BRACKET, PIN
51750431-1	AND FILL &	VENT VIALUE	PIN SV72243	0-1, 5/N 31713-2
COPICS	1- THE VIBRA	TION TEST C	ontrol curves	AND A SUMMARY
F THE LEA	MAGE TEST	RESULTS RI	E INCLUDED.	VALVE SIN 24512-2
AILED LE	anage befor	ET VIGRATION	. THE VALUE W	AS FWSHED
HTLE HTILL	DNO SETEST	EC, MESULT	DG IN MNOTHE	R LEAK TEST FAILUR
		TO NASA FO	de analysis k	and replaced
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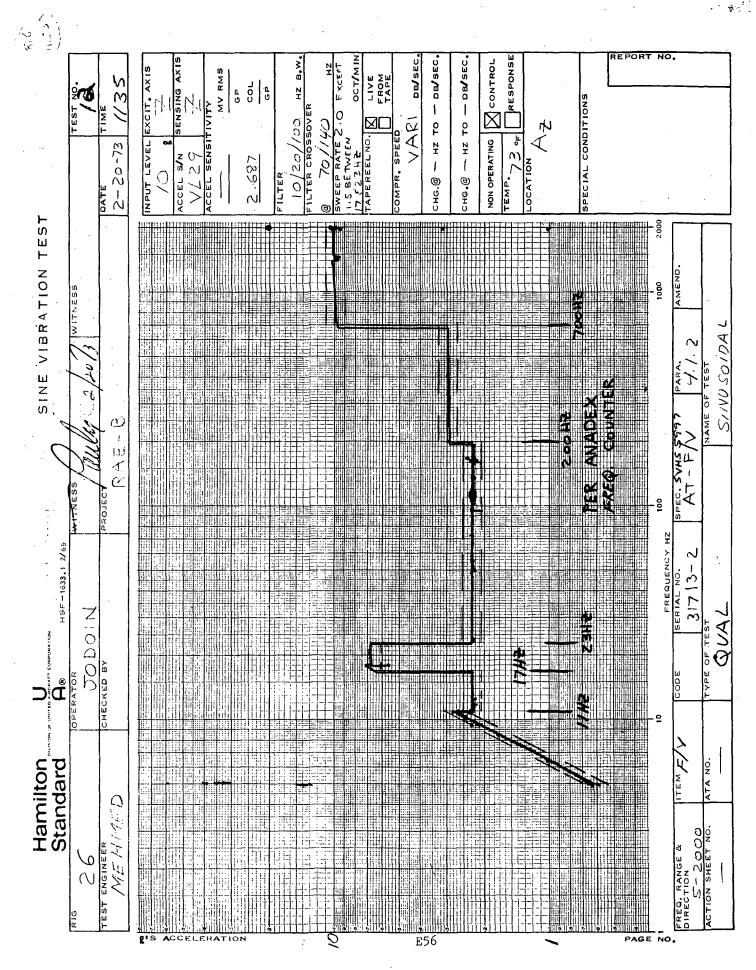
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WINDSOR	WINDSOR LOCKS, CONNECTICUT	ECTICUT			P.O. 2—18828—c	Y SHEE		W ESANTA		3/30/73
TEST I	TEST ITEM VIEW	1	の 100mm 100mm	ı	MANUFACTURER VACCO	0		PREP	16	
P/N 5V	P/N 54722436-1		5/1/13 NS	7	USED ON VCPS			APPR	APPROVED BY	
TEST	LOG	P.O.T.	SPEC.	TEST TITLE		MEASURED	D VALUES	NO. SA	SAMPLES	REMARKS
DATE	SHEET	REF.	REF.	TEST CONDITIONS	SPEC, LIMITS	Σ̈́	MAX.	TESTED	PASSED	DATA SHEET
5/191/2			Ltys 12447	LEAKAGE BEFORE					·	
				CAPPEC	INIO SCLISEC, MAK		- 6x10-7			
				UNCAPPEO	1×10-4 Sec/36 MAX		-2×10-7			
2/21/73				LEAKAGE AFTER						
				CAPPEO	SAME AS		1.2x10-7			
				UNICAPPED	DR VE		1-01×3.			
TIE O										

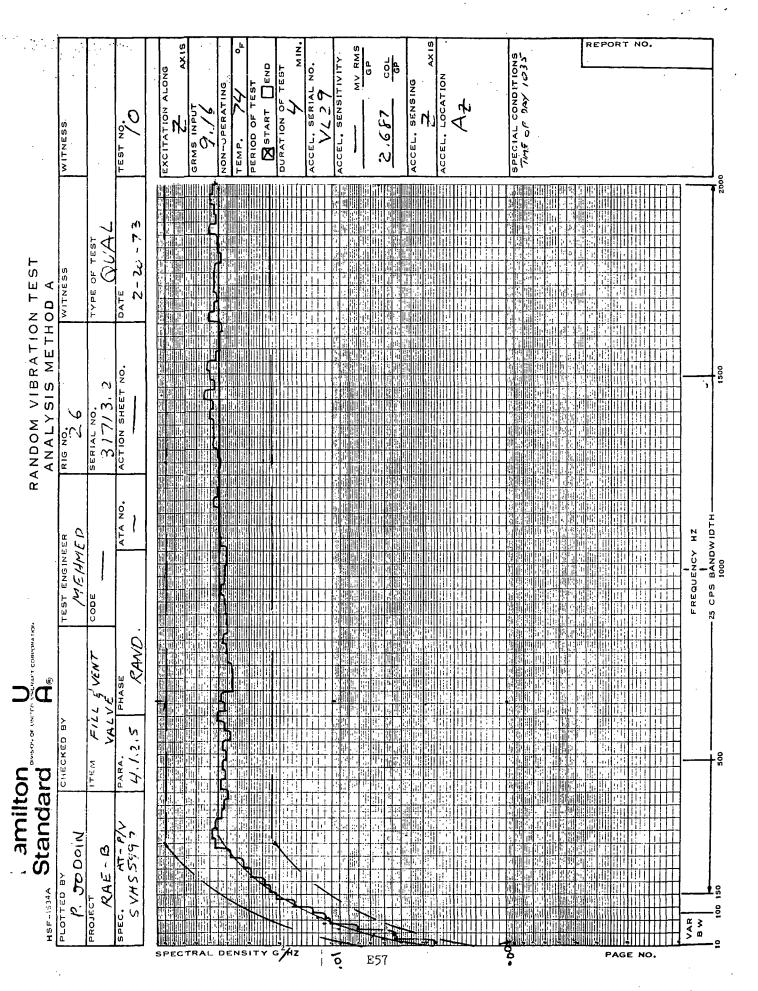
	H	milte	on Star	dard		D		Chall	IL VIB. Test	Test		TEST P.L.	TEST PLAN NO. B SUHS	2997	
SPACE & LIFE SYSTEMS LABORATORY (R.) Time	<u>₹</u>	SOR LOC	KS, CONNECTI	ICUT 06096		Œ	_	TEST ENGIN	PEER Served 12 15	~		MODEL N	ارا	Valve	
SPACE & LIFE SYSTEMS LABORATORY ROLL Time R. 1915 R. 1						•		NAME OF RI	3 4 d + 0 F 0 F			PART NO.	300	Bracket	•
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REPORT NO. AX IS MV RMS SPECIAL CONDITIONS S G ACCEL. SENSITIVITY START DEND ACCEL. SERIAL NO. EXCITATION ALONG DURATION OF TEST PERIOD OF TEST NON-OPERATING 2.706 WITNESS TEMP. 2-19-73 TYPE OF TEST QUAL RANDOM VIBRATION TEST ANALYSIS METHOD A DATE ACTION SHEET NO. 31713.2 RIG NO. 26 ATA NO. K. BRADFORD FREQUENCY HZ CODE THEM FILL & VENT PHASE CHECKED BY | amilton 4.1.2-5 PARA. 300 P. JODOIN SVHS 5997 RAE-B SPECTRAL DENSITY G PAGE NO. E53 ġ 308<









APPENDIX

CE-5 CLEANLINESS LEVEL

CE-5 Cleanliness Level

Particle Size (Microns)	Particle Count (Particles/ft ²)	Non-Volatile Residue (grams)	Visual Inspection
5 - 10*	1200	N/A	Required
10-25	200		
25-50	50		
50-100	5 **		·
100	0	•	٠.

^{*}Particles below listed ranges shall cause no discoloration of membrane filters.

^{**}Metal particles larger than 50 microns in size, shall not be allowed.

Hamilton DIVISION OF UNITED AIRCRAFT CORPORATION Standard A®

APPENDIX

Acceptance Test Plan

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	Sheet 2
3.0	Change to read: "The PAT is conducted to verify the leakage integrity of the VCPS."
4.3	Add - Isopropyl alcohol per TT-I-735
4.4	Change to read: "The Acceptance Test shall be conducted in the following sequence:
	Test Ref. Paragraph
	Examination of Product Weight Proof Pressure External Leakage Contamination Check
	Contamination Check 4.5.8 Post Test Inspection 4.5.7
4.5.2	Delete.
4.5.3.4	Change to read, "The dry weight of the completed VCPS shall be noted."
4.5.4.2	Add to end of sentence, "or equivalent."
4.5.4.3	Change to read:
!	"b. Connect the gas fill and vent valves to the gas manifold and open the four pressurant fill valves." c. Delete f. Delete g. Delete "using GN2"
4.5.5	Delete.
4.5.6.3	Change to read: "a." delete
Figure I	Delete Delete
ADD	
4.5.8	Contamination Check
4,5.8.1	Objective: To demonstrate that the VCPS modification has not contaminated the VCPS.
4.5.8.2	Description of Test
4.5.8.2.1	Test Facilities - The contamination check shall be performed using the Flush Rig 100 and shall be performed in the Hamilton Standard clean room facilities.
4.5.8.2.2	Test Instrumentation - Instrumentation shall be as required by SVP 161.

4.5.8.2.3 Procedure

- a. With the four fill and vent valves open, load isopropyl alcohol into the VCPS until alcohol discharges from each of the four vent valves.
- b. Close the vent valves and rotate the VCPS to wet tank internal surfaces.
- c. Open the vent valves and drain the VCPS, collecting an effluent sample and verify the VCPS cleanliness as directed by SVP 161.
- d. Vacuum dry the VCPS at 2000 microns until the VCPS does not exhibit a pressure rise to the vapor pressure of IPA after removing the vacuum source.
- 4.5.8.3 Acceptance Criterion The effluent sample checked shall meet the cleanliness level of CE-5 per SVHS 3150.

APPENDIX

SCHEDULE

PAE-B GAS MANIFOLD HODIFICHTISM

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